

Internal Hotspot Monitoring Weekly Report for 2023

Week 4 – July 2023

24 July – 30 July 2023
Malaysia & Indonesia



Overview



1. P&C 2018 & RSPO ISH Standard 2019 – Related Criteria
2. Weekly Analysis
 - i. Comparison to 2022: All Hotspots in MY & ID
 - ii. Comparison to 2022: Hotspots within RSPO Member Concession
 - iii. Weekly trend from the last 10 weeks
3. Weekly Hotspot Map
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 - iii. Hotspot Persistency Map
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RSPO Principles & Criteria 2018

Related Criteria

There is **no use of fire for pest control** unless in exceptional circumstances

7.1.3

Criteria 7.1

The unit of certification **does not use open fire for waste disposal.**

7.3.3

Criteria 7.3

The unit of certification **establishes fire prevention and control measures** for the areas directly managed by the unit of certification

7.11.2

Criteria 7.11

RSPO ISH Standard 2019

Related Criteria

Smallholders complete training on best management practices (BMPs) for peat. The group has an **action plan to minimise risk of fire**, to apply BMPs for planting on peat and manage water systems in the certification unit.

4.4 MSA

Criteria 4.4

Smallholders **implement** the group's **action plan based on BMPs**, including **fire** and water management, and monitoring of subsidence rate for existing planting on peat.

4.4 MSA

Criteria 4.4

Fire is not used on the oil palm plot **for preparing land** or for **pest control**, nor open fire for **waste management** on the farm.

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4.6 MSA,
4.6 MSB

Criteria 4.6



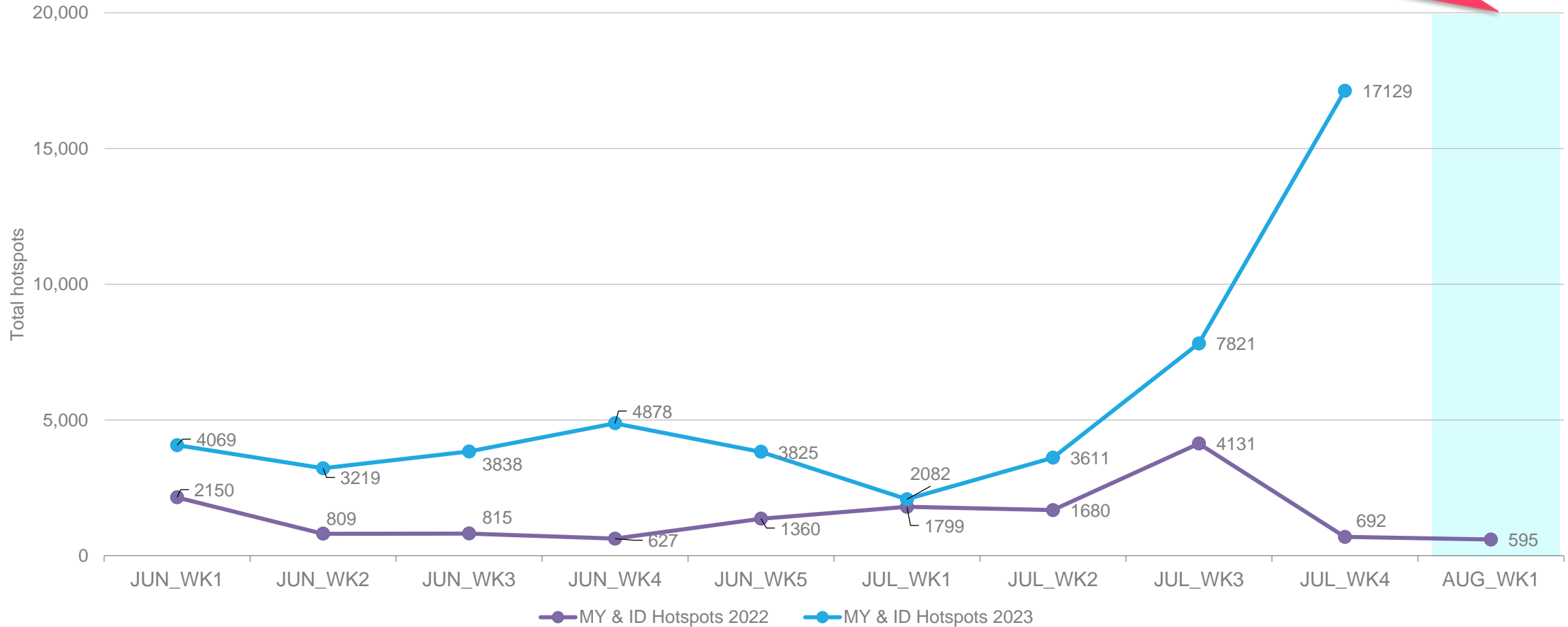
Weekly Analysis

Comparison to 2022 trend
Comparison to previous 10 weeks

Comparison to 2022: All hotspots



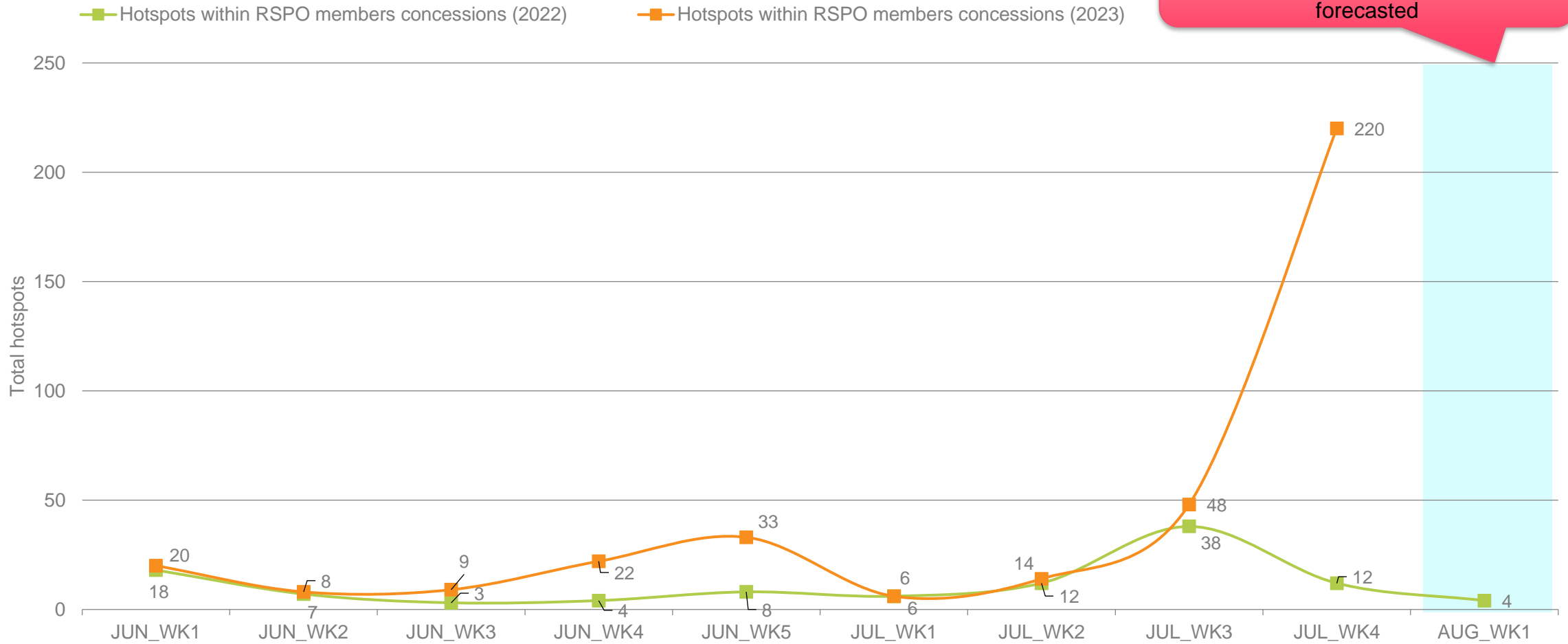
The number of hotspots for next week (August 2023: week 1) is predicted to be **increase** in the region as forecasted



Comparison to 2022: Hotspot within RSPO Members Concessions



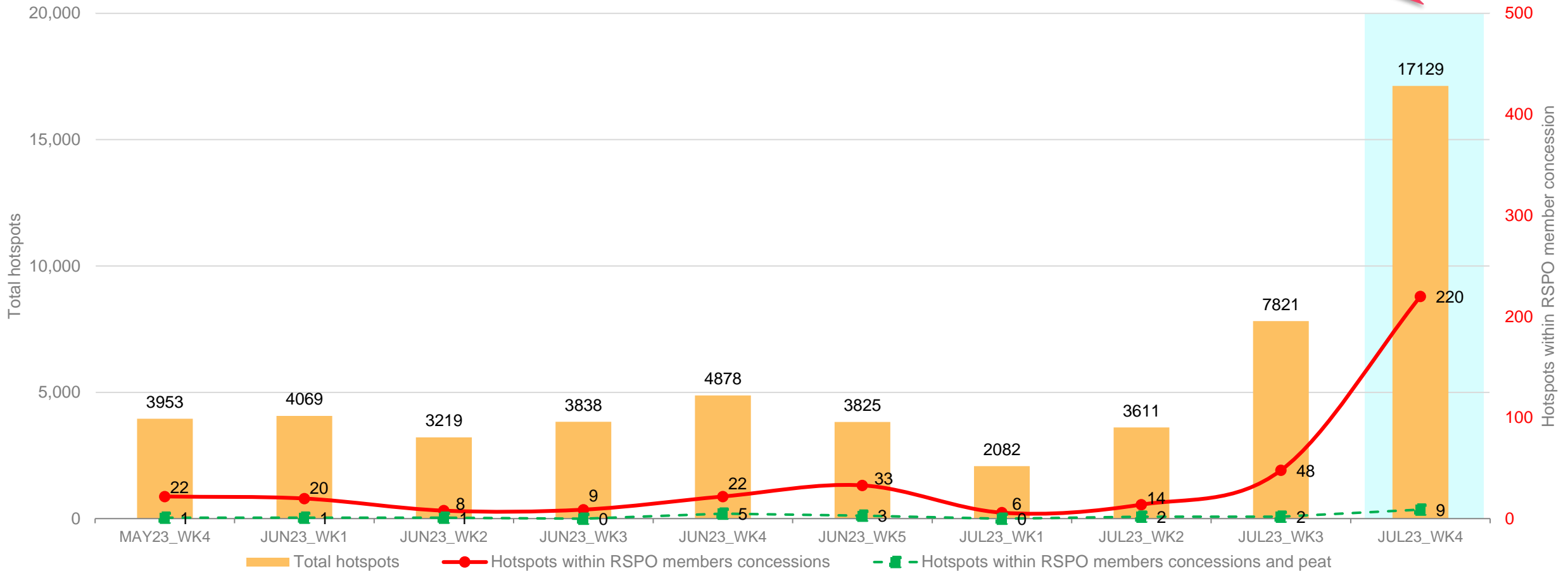
The number of hotspots within RSPO member is expected to be **higher** for next week (August 2023: week 1) as forecasted



Weekly trend from last 10 weeks



Higher in hotspot count than previous week



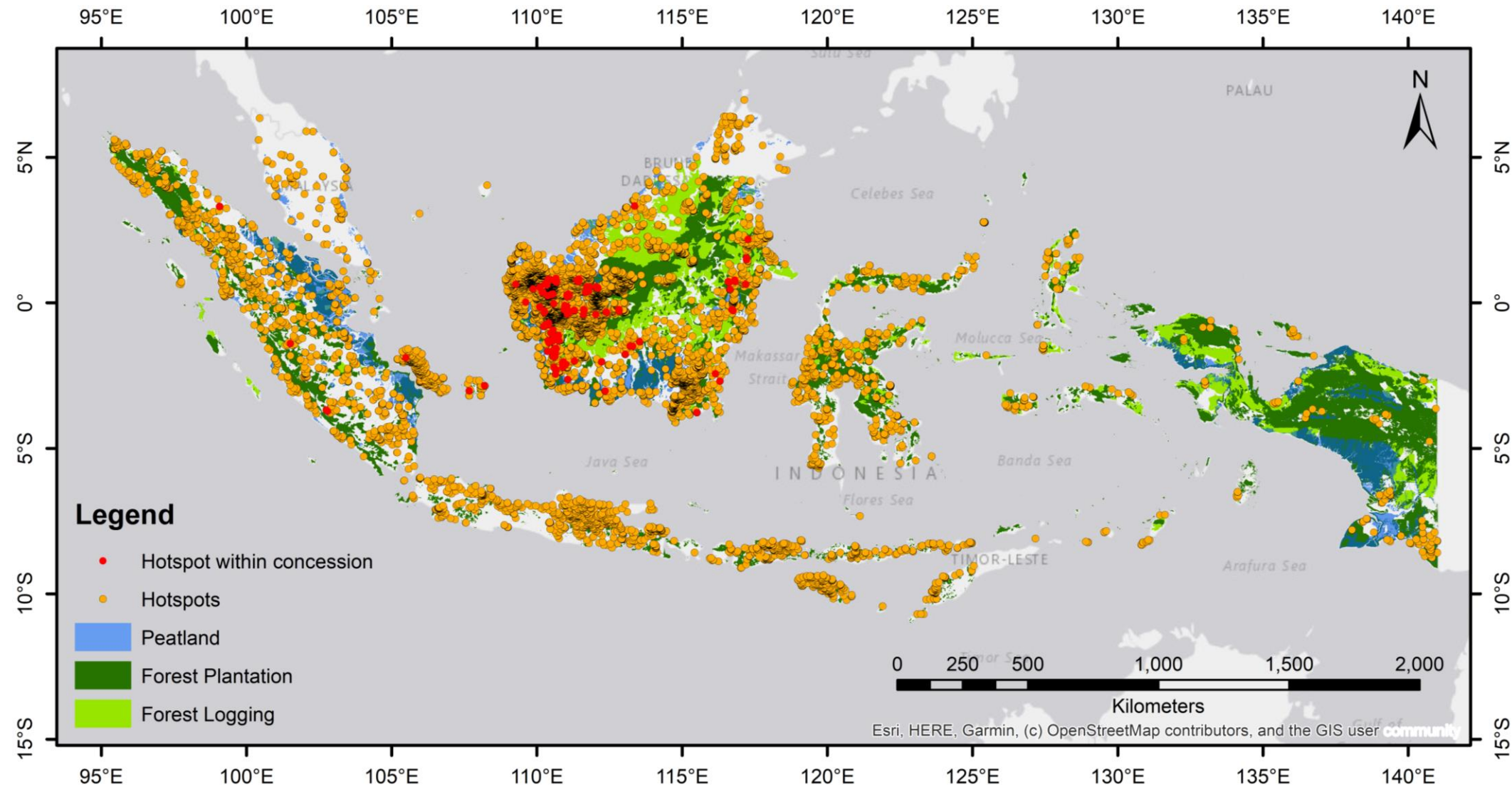


Weekly Hotspot Map

Malaysia & Indonesia



Hotspot Distribution by Peatland & Landuse Map

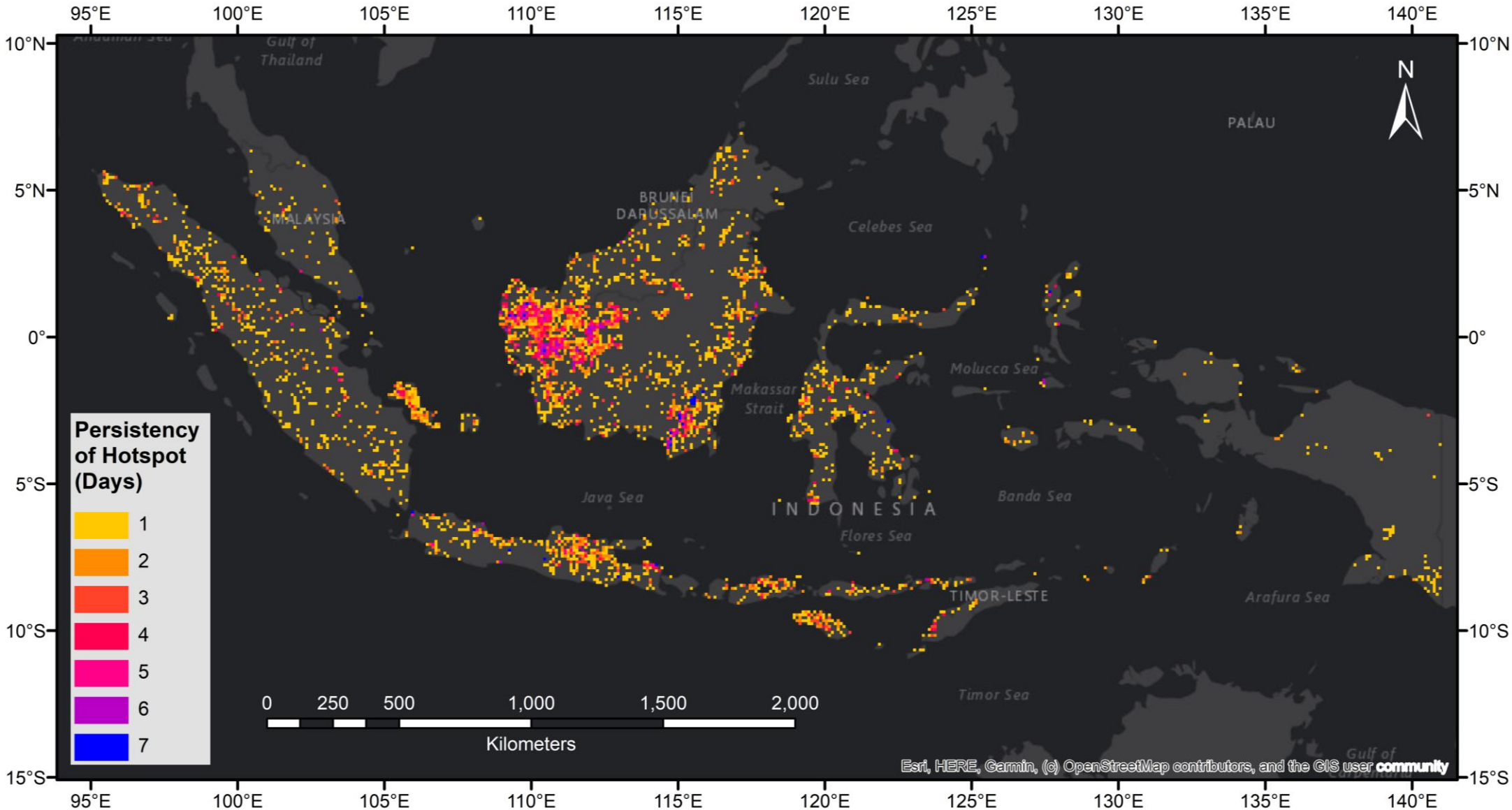


DATA	SOURCE
Hotspots	NASA FIRMS (https://firms.modaps.eosdis.nasa.gov/active_fire)
Peatland	World Resources Institute. "Peat lands". Accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. www.globalforestwatch.org
Forest Plantation	"Wood fibre concessions." Accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. www.globalforestwatch.org
Forest Logging	"Managed forest concessions." Accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. www.globalforestwatch.org

24 July 2023 – 30 July 2023



Hotspot Persistency Map



Each grid represents the number of days hotspots were detected within the 10km X 10km grid between 24 July 2023 – 30 July 2023

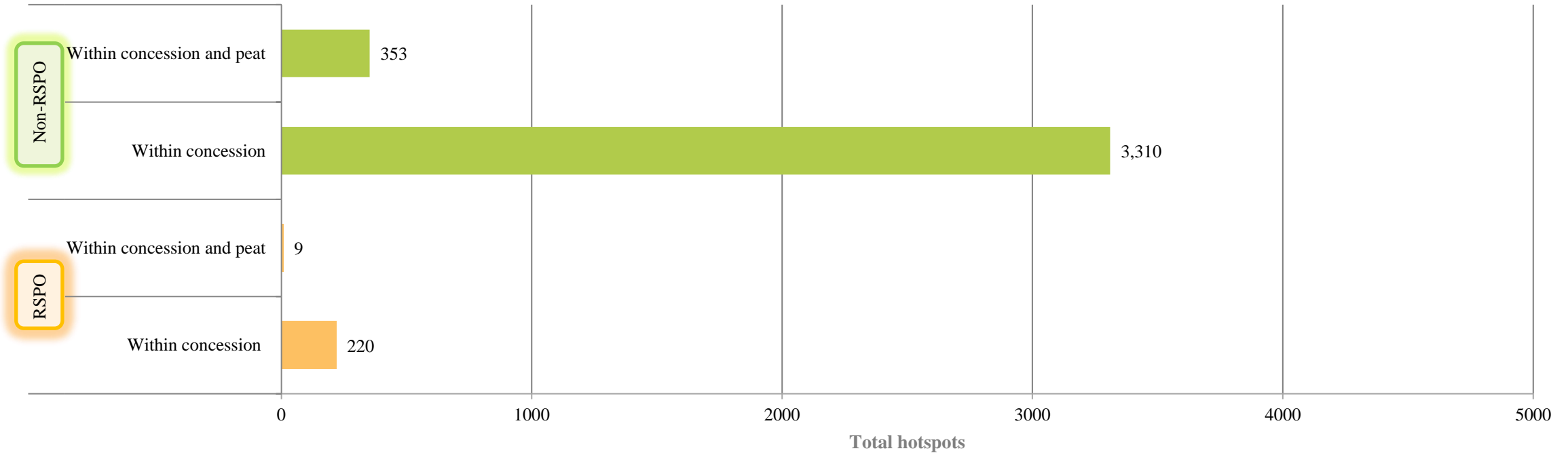
24 July 2023 – 30 July 2023



Week 4 - July 2023 Hotspot

Malaysia & Indonesia

RSPO vs non-RSPO comparison



Non-RSPO oil palm concession location data was derived from oil palm concessions dataset accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. www.globalforestwatch.org. The website states that this layer is a compilation of concession data from various countries and sources. The quality of these data can vary depending on the source. This layer may not include all existing concessions in a country, and the location of certain concessions can be inaccurate.

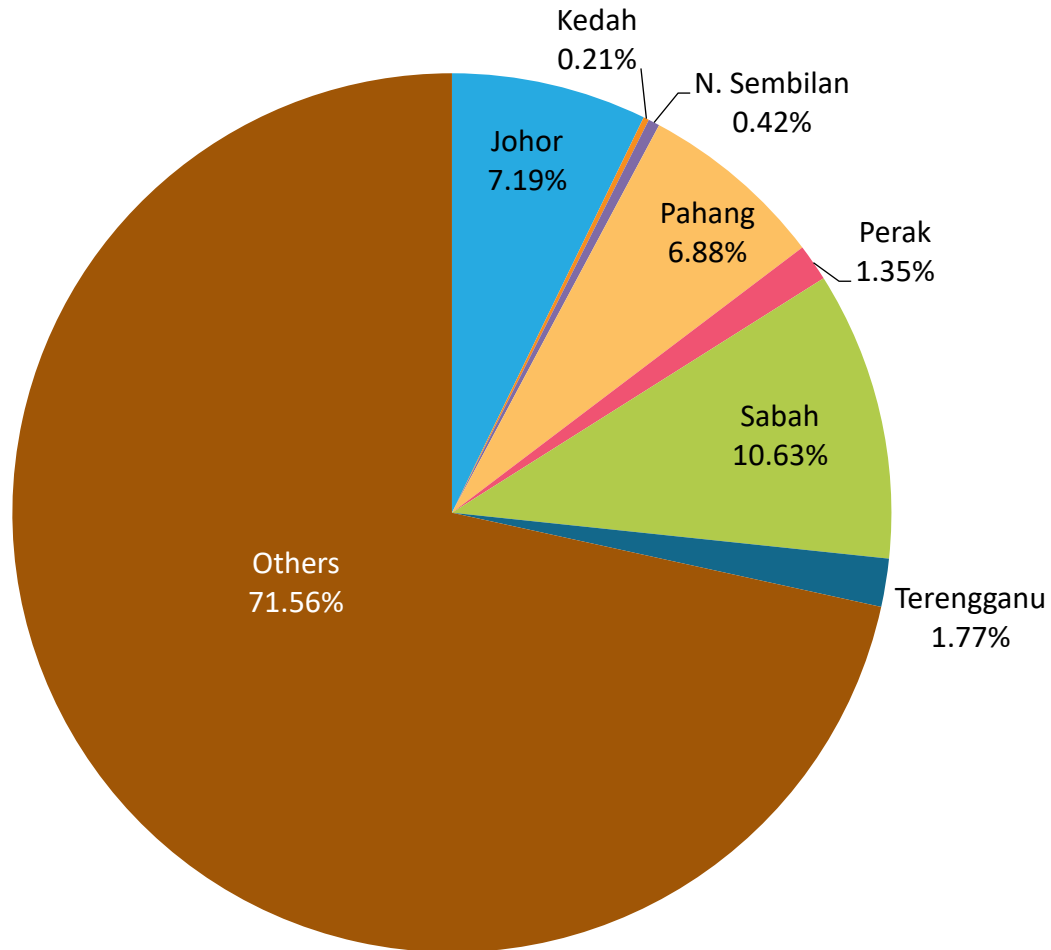
As such the data probably overstates the extent of oil palm plantations in some cases, as there are many licenses granted and the oil palm plantation has not been developed. In other cases, it may understate the extent of plantations as it does not take into account smallholders. Nevertheless, this appears to be the best data available of ALL oil palm in Indonesia.

The RSPO concession boundary data was overlaid with this data in the GIS and RSPO concessions were “clipped” out of this data, leaving only “non-RSPO” concessions.

Non-RSPO*: ~19,000,000 ha

RSPO: ~ 4,800,000 ha

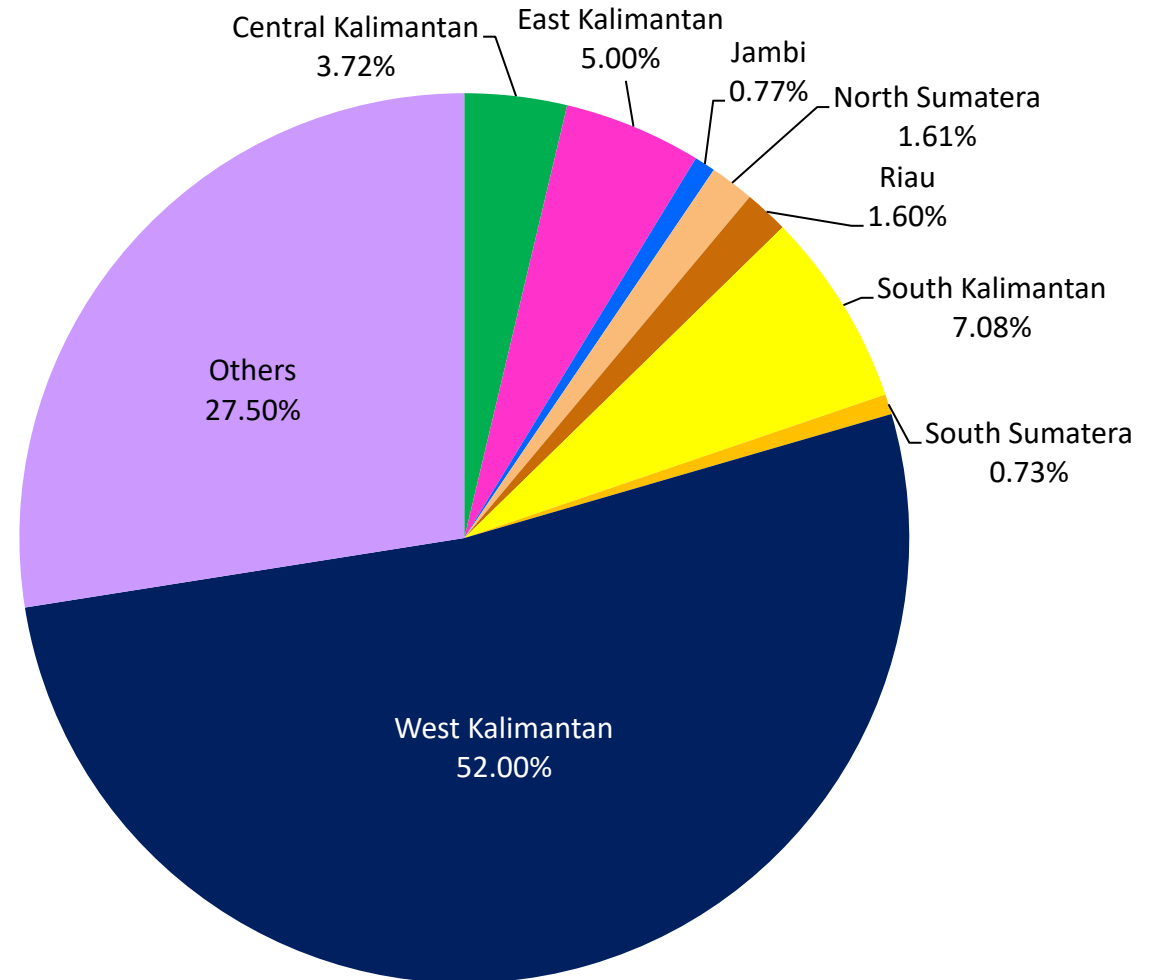
Distribution of Hotspots by State in Malaysia



STATE	TOTAL
Johor	69
Kedah	2
N. Sembilan	4
Pahang	66
Perak	13
Sabah	102
Terengganu	17
Others	687
Total	960

Distribution of Hotspots by Region in Indonesia

REGION	TOTAL
Central Kalimantan	601
East Kalimantan	808
Jambi	124
North Sumatera	260
Riau	259
South Kalimantan	1145
South Sumatera	118
West Kalimantan	8408
Others	4,446
Total	16,169



Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)



No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	State / Province	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots
1	24-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	24
	25-Jul-23	Katingan			1	
	26-Jul-23	Ketapang			3	
	27-Jul-23				6	
	29-Jul-23				3	
	30-Jul-23				10	
1	24-Jul-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	2	40
	25-Jul-23	Ketapang			1	
		Sanggau			4	
	26-Jul-23	Ketapang			1	
		Sanggau			6	
	27-Jul-23	Ketapang			2	
		Sanggau			8	
28-Jul-23	Sanggau	2				
29-Jul-23	Ketapang	2				
	Sanggau	12				
1	24-Jul-23	Belitung	Bangka Belitung Islands	Indonesia	1	33
		Sintang	West Kalimantan		1	
	25-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1	
		West Bangka	Bangka Belitung Islands		1	
	27-Jul-23	Gunung MAS	Central Kalimantan		1	
		Sintang	West Kalimantan		1	
		Kapuas Hulu	West Kalimantan		4	
	28-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1	
		Kapuas Hulu			12	
	29-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		2	
		Sintang			1	
		Kapuas Hulu	1			
Seruyan		Central Kalimantan	1			
30-Jul-23	Kapuas Hulu	West Kalimantan	5			
1	24-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	15
		Sintang			1	
	26-Jul-23	Ketapang			1	
	27-Jul-23	Ketapang			1	
	29-Jul-23	Ketapang			4	
		Sintang			2	
	30-Jul-23	Ketapang			4	
Sintang		1				

Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)



No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	State / Province	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots	
1	24-Jul-23	Tanah Bumbu	South Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1	
1	24-Jul-23	Sekadau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	14	
	25-Jul-23	Sekadau			1		
	26-Jul-23	Sekadau			1		
	27-Jul-23	Sekadau			5		
	29-Jul-23	Sekadau			5		
	30-Jul-23	Sekadau			1		
1	24-Jul-23	Serdang Bedagai	North Sumatra	Indonesia	1	1	
1	25-Jul-23	Landak	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1	
1	25-Jul-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	2	14	
	27-Jul-23	Sanggau			1		
		Sintang			3		
	29-Jul-23	Ketapang			2		
		Sintang			4		
	30-Jul-23	Ketapang			2		
1	25-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	2	9	
	26-Jul-23				1		
	27-Jul-23				2		
	29-Jul-23				2		
	30-Jul-23				2		
1	25-Jul-23	Empat Lawang	South Sumatra	Indonesia	1	2	
	27-Jul-23				1		
1	25-Jul-23	Sekadau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	25	
	26-Jul-23	Sintang			2		
		Sekadau			2		
	27-Jul-23	Sintang			1		
		Sekadau			4		
	28-Jul-23	Lamandau			Central Kalimantan		1
		Sintang			5		
	29-Jul-23	Sekadau			West Kalimantan		1
		Sintang					2
30-Jul-23	Sekadau	1					
30-Jul-23	Sintang	5					
1	25-Jul-23	Kotabaru	South Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	5	
		Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1		
	26-Jul-23	Melawi			1		
	27-Jul-23	Ketapang			2		

Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)



No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	State / Province	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots
1	25-Jul-23	Kotabaru	South Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	5
	26-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1	
		Melawi			1	
		Ketapang			2	
1	25-Jul-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	6
	27-Jul-23	Sanggau			2	
		Landak			1	
		Sanggau			1	
29-Jul-23	Landak	1				
1	26-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	26-Jul-23	Berau	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	2
	27-Jul-23	Belitung	Bangka Belitung Islands		1	
1	26-Jul-23	Kutai Kartanegara	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	2
	29-Jul-23				1	
1	26-Jul-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	2	8
	27-Jul-23				3	
	28-Jul-23	Bintulu	Sarawak	Malaysia	1	
	29-Jul-23	Kotabaru	South Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	
Sanggau		West Kalimantan	1			
1	26-Jul-23	Melawi	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	3
	28-Jul-23				1	
	30-Jul-23				1	
1	29-Jul-23	South Solok	West Sumatra	Indonesia	1	1
1	27-Jul-23	Katingan	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	3
	29-Jul-23				1	
	30-Jul-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	1		
1	28-Jul-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	2	7
		Berau			1	
	29-Jul-23	Seruyan	Central Kalimantan		2	
	30-Jul-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan		2	
1	29-Jul-23	Landak	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	29-Jul-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	30-Jul-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
25				Total Hotspots		220

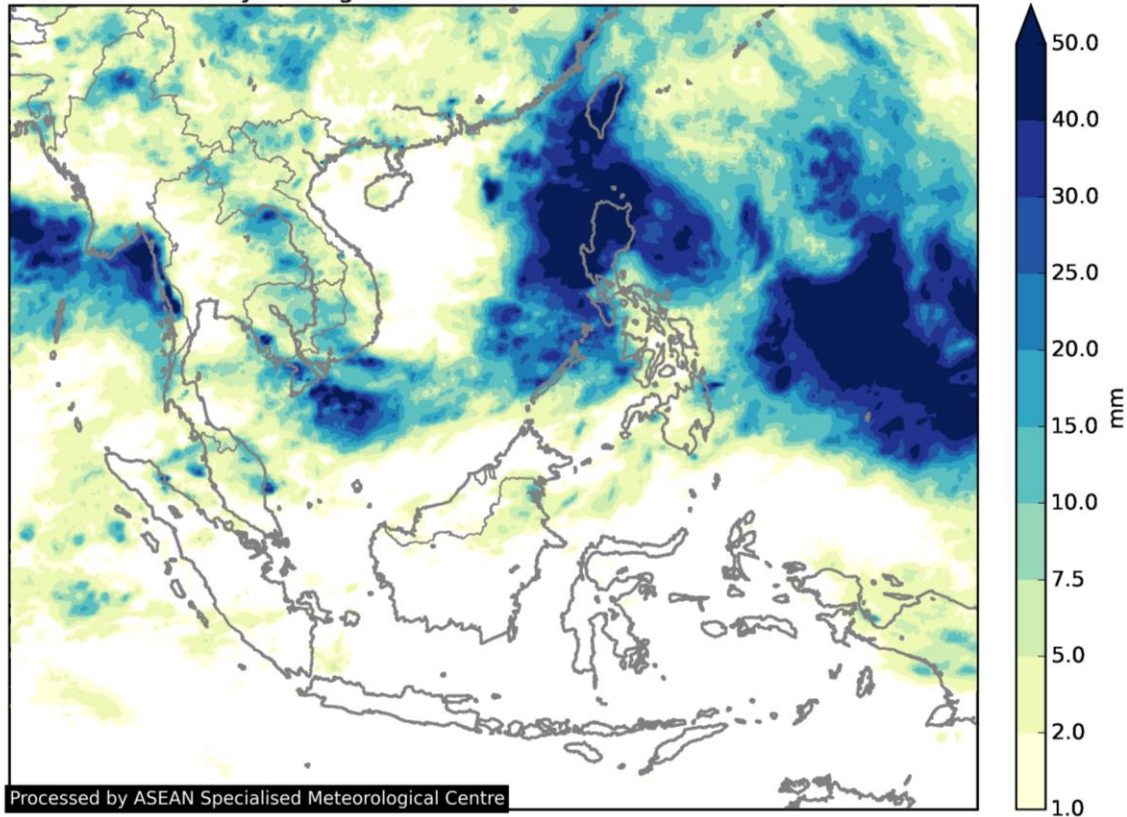


ASEAN Weather Outlook

Source: The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre

Regional Weather & Haze Outlook

GsMaP Daily Average Rainfall from 2023-07-24 to 2023-07-30



Alert Level

- LEVEL 0** Stay vigilant.
- LEVEL 1** Dry season for the Southern ASEAN region.
- LEVEL 2** Increasing risk of transboundary haze in Kalimantan. Escalating hotspot activities with moderate to dense smoke haze observed over 2 or more consecutive days; dry weather persisting; and prevailing winds blowing smoke haze from the hotspots towards neighbouring ASEAN countries.
- LEVEL 3** High risk of severe transboundary haze in the region. Significant and persistent hotspot activities with widespread moderate to dense smoke haze observed over 2 or more consecutive days; dry weather persisting; and prevailing winds blowing towards ASEAN countries.

In recent days, prevailing dry weather conditions over the southern ASEAN region have resulted in an escalation in hotspot and smoke haze activities. Based on satellite surveillance, moderate smoke haze was observed to emanate from clusters of hotspots detected in the western and southern parts of Kalimantan. Transboundary haze was observed to drift northwards from the hotspot clusters in West Kalimantan into western Sarawak in East Malaysia.

The prevailing dry weather conditions are forecast to continue over Kalimantan in the coming days, with the prevailing winds likely to blow from the southeast or southwest. Under these conditions, the hotspot and smoke haze situation could worsen with an increased risk of transboundary smoke haze occurrence.

The weather was dry over much of the southern ASEAN region today and there was a slight increase in the hotspot activity over the region, particularly over Kalimantan. Meanwhile the weather was rainy over the northern ASEAN region. There were strong winds and heavy rain over the northern Philippines due to the influence of Typhoon Doksuri.

Persistent dry weather is likely for the southern and western parts of Borneo, southern Sumatra, Java as well as the Lesser Sunda Islands in the coming days. Showers are expected elsewhere in the ASEAN region. Higher hotspot counts and an increased chance of smoke haze development may be expected in the fire-prone areas of the southern ASEAN region experiencing prolonged dry weather conditions.

Alert by RSPO: Transboundary Haze (Level 2)

For the following week, RSPO Secretariat would like to recommend the following measures to Members:



Dry Season Area

(Many parts of Southern ASEAN Region; especially at some parts of Borneo, Sumatra, Kalimantan, Java & Lesser Sunda Islands)

- Please alert to the Fire Danger Rating System (FDRS) indicator board especially in the fire prone area
- Supply appropriate well-maintained fire mitigation tools (fire extinguisher, fire truck)
- Establish of fire break (wide road, vacant land) within the planted area
- Inform workers and communities about the fire drill procedure
- Minimize outdoor activities and stay hydrated if the haze season occurred
- If haze occurred, wear respirator mask if outdoor activities is necessary.



Integrated Fire Management Training conducted by PT Austindo PT Austindo Nusantara Jaya Agri

Wet Weather Area

(as forecast for over Northern ASEAN region)

- High risk of surface runoff in the estate area which may result in erosion and landslide
- Stay vigilant of water level and keep informed on local news of the flood in high-risk area
- Tendency for the formation of road potholes, which may necessitate additional maintenance and repair costs.
- Stay inside during thunderstorms and blizzards. Stay off the landline phone and computer during a storm.
- Wear appropriate rain gear for employees working in the rain

Background image: Fire fighting in action conducted by Daabon Group



Find out more at
www.rspo.org