

ACOP SECTORAL REPORT

ACOP Annual Communications of Progress

SECTORAL REPORT 2017

(ii)

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Environmental & Conservation NGOs

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Edited by

Communications Division, RSPO Secretariat

Concept & Design

Catalyze Sustainability Communications

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Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Borneo Orangutan Survival Foundation

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0021-12-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

We are focus on conservation of borneo orangutans and its habitats

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Related to RSPO criterion 5.2 including: Facilitating Best Management Practice in orangutan habitat management within two oil palm plantations in Central Kalimantan (PT Susantri Permai and PT United Agro Indonesia) and three companies in East Kalimantan (PT Nusa Indah Kalimantan Plantation (IMC Plantation), PT Nusaraya Agro Sawit and PT Global Prima Mandiri)

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

50%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

All activities within BMPs in plantations are funded by the individual palm oil company

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2018

Comment:

Participated in taskforces of HCV Indonesia

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2018

Comment:

On Facilitating Best Management Practice (BMP) in orangutan habitat management within oil palm plantations in Central and East Kalimantan, Indonesia

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Develop cooperation with oil palm companies on the implementation of BMPs for orangutan habitat management within oil palm plantations in Central and East Kalimantan, Indonesia by involving local government - Conduct field surveys on orangutan populations, habitat condition and social aspects within the oil palm plantation - Develop training for oil palm staff on conflict mitigation between humans and orangutans - Provide reports and recommendations on management of orangutan habitat within the oil palm plantation area - Provide lessons learned for input and encourage the improvement of related policy and legislation at a District and Provincial level - Monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of recommendations within orangutan habitat management within oil palm areas.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We as an Environment NGO does not possess the oil palm plantations areas. Our operations mainly on rehabilitation and reintroduction of bornean orangutans and supporting the government for protection of orangutan habitats in protected forest

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

 $\Box \, {\sf Energy}$ and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Guidelines for Better Management Practices on Avoidance, Mitigation and Management of Human-Orangutan Conflict in and around Oil Palm Plantations (English and Indonesian version)

Uploaded files: ENGO-Best-Practice-GL.pdf

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Many orangutans within our rehabilitation centers originated from oil palm plantations since their habitat was cleared and orangutans assumed as a pests. To minimize this problem we are trying to encourage responsibility from related oil palm companies to support the orangutan rehabilitation process until they can be released back into safe, secure, natural habitat. Since 2012 to 2017, there are some oil palm company of RSPO members have been committed and support us with provide funding for rehabilitation and introduction processes for orangutan who came from their area. In addition, we seek to facilitate BMPs of HCVF areas or conservation area management within oil palm plantations which still serve as habitat for orangutans.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We tried to encourage the oil palm plantations to be responsible for biodiversity within their plantation areas including their responsibility for damage or loss of biodiversity due to the opening of new plantations. This is necessary to improve their image in the international community that they take responsibility for the negative impacts and play an active role in finding a solution. Since 2012 to 2017, some oil palm company of RSPO members have been committed and support us with provide funding for rehabilitation and introduction processes for orangutan who came from their area. This proved that they has responsible for the lost of biodiversity especially orangutans from their area

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Borneo Rhino Alliance (BORA)

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

Banks and Investors

Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0018-11-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Wildlife conservation

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

None

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Not applicable

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2011

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2012

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Active in PONGO Alliance

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

None

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Not applicable

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Not applicable

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

None

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Link: www.borneorhinoalliance.org

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Cheyenne Mountain Zoo

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm	Growers
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- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0017-10-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Cheyenne Mountain Zoo's main activities are wildlife conservation, captive breeding and education. Our mission statement: A leader in conservation, captive breeding and animal care, Cheyenne Mountain Zoo connects people to wildlife and wild places through experiences that inspire action.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

The Cheyenne Mountain Zoo continues to take a lead in our industry in the U.S. on palm oil sustainability. Our palm oil awareness program has made it possible to not only educate our more than 775,000 guests annually about the importance of using only sustainable palm oil, but to also work with other zoos to become engaged in this issue. We are committed to this effort and, in the past year, promoted the RSPO and CSPO in the following ways:

1. We attended the national Association of Zoos and Aquariums (AZA) conference and hosted a booth in the exhibit hall for the duration of the conference. We educated our peers from more than 230 accredited institutions from around the country about the importance of using sustainable palm oil and becoming members of the RSPO. Throughout the conference, we facilitated formal and informal discussions, distributed information about our toolkit and shopping guides, and promoted our free sustainable palm oil shopping guide app. We feel we have played a significant role in increasing US zoos' participation in RSPO membership, as well as participation in sustainable palm oil programming at their institutions.

2. We have facilitated and sent tens of thousands of kids' letters and signatures to four different companies throughout the year after seeing great effectiveness in converting former letter- and signature-receiving companies to RSPO members after being contacted for several months.

3. For the seventh year, in January, a palm oil survey was sent out to all AZA institutions. The results show that we are maintaining previous progress on palm oil awareness and having other institutions promote the same sustainable palm oil message of supporting RSPO member companies.

4. Promotional cards for our shopping guide app –which promotes the RSPO - were handed out at our zoo as well as at conferences we attended. Additionally, we provided these cards to other Zoos through our Palm Oil Toolkit

5. Primate keepers continue daily orangutan shows at our great ape exhibit that include messaging about sustainable palm oil and handing out promotional cards for our sustainable palm oil shopping app. Trading cards are handed out to young children with links to additional palm oil information.

6. We continue to keep our smart phone app up to date with products made by RSPO member companies. The app has been downloaded more than 60,000 times. The app includes a scanner for easier use. We continue to work to maintain accuracy and improve user experience, as well as fix any emerging technological issues.

7. We started discussions with Chester Zoo in the UK about developing a global sustainable palm oil shopping guide app – beginning with a collaboration between zoos in the US, UK, Australia, Malaysia. We believe a global palm oil app- and broader global awareness of the RSPO and sustainable palm oil- is possible in the near future.

 We presented at conferences about sustainable palm oil and encouraging others to join and support the RSPO, including: the Annual Orangutan SSP Husbandry Workshop Conference and the Association of Zoos & Aquariums (AZA) National conference.
We updated our on-grounds palm oil information with new graphics. We added an interactive "store" so that guests can use our shopping guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified sustainable palm oil that is deforestation-free. All on-grounds messaging references the RSPO and encourages membership.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Our palm oil awareness program is funded through Quarters for Conservation in which 75 cents of each zoo admission goes towards a conservation project. Guests can vote on various projects, one of those being palm oil awareness to help save wild orangutans and other wildlife.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2020

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2010

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

1. Service Systems Associates (SSA), the vendor for Cheyenne Mountain Zoo's concessions, has joined the RSPO. They also operate at 35 other zoological facilities throughout the United States. We will continue to work with the company toward using 100% CSPO in their restaurants and gift shops at all facilities.

2. We will continue to promote our palm oil shopping guide mobile app that has over 60,000 downloads.

3. We will continue to collaborate with international zoos about the feasibility of developing a Global app.

4. We will continue to work towards having more USA zoos become members of the RSPO and have at least 3 new zoos join the RSPO in 2018 .

5. We will continue to advocate for companies to become members of the RSPO and use only CSPO in their products. Our target goal for the 2018 reporting year is to have 5 new national companies become members of the RSPO and/or use only CSPO. (If a company is currently a member of the RSPO we will advocate to have them use 100% traceable CSPO that is deforestation-free.)

6. Continue to facilitate zoo and web guests in writing letters and emails asking companies to become members of the RSPO and use only CSPO that is deforestation-free in their products.

We will use our smart phone shopping guide app rating system to encourage RSPO member companies to keep improving.
We will continue to examine our in house palm oil use (e.g. animal foods, cleaning products, etc). We will encourage our current suppliers to join the RSPO and use CSPO, or we will look for alternative suppliers that are members of the RSPO. 75% of our current suppliers are RSPO members or do not use palm oil or palm oil derivatives.

10. We will continue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos.

11. We will provide training and resources to other zoos and organizations interested in learning how to better educate their communities to take action on demanding certified sustainable palm oil.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

Related link: www.cmzoo.org/palmoil

□ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Continue to update our educational resource kit. We have a website for the purpose of promoting CSPO. Continue to update and upgrade our sustainable palm oil shopping guide smartphone app.

Updated our on-grounds informational graphics and added an interactive 'store'

We have educated thousands of consumers on the importance of using only certified sustainable palm oil through materials, signage, programming, shows, presentations, and technology.

All information is in English.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website www.cmzoo.org/palmoil

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

1. We continue to struggle with consumers' trust in the RSPO -our message is to support the RSPO and the consumption of 100% physical CSPO that is deforestation-free. We often hear that criteria for the RSPO are not strong enough especially regarding planting on peat and the validity of HCV assessments. Also -the traceability and transparency issue, people ask 'how do we know that the plantations and companies are doing what they say they are?' 2. Many consumers have heard about the palm oil crisis, but are choosing to boycott palm oil (or attempt to boycott it), not understanding the long-term ecological and economic impact that a large-scale palm oil boycott would cause. We are trying to help them understand the complexities of this issue and that certified sustainable palm oil use is a far better choice than boycotting. 3. Finally, decisions that will be made in Principles and Criteria review will be very important in substantiating the validity of the work that the RSPO is doing.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Our goal is to effectively educate consumers at the individual, corporate, and national levels. We believe that a broader understanding of the issue and its potential consequences is paramount to creating sustainable change around this issue. While we are currently a leader among American zoos, we are working to expand our reach to new markets, as well as create new and innovative ways to educate consumers and provide effective resources for change on a personal, organizational and broader level.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: www.cmzoo.org/palmoil

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Conservation International

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

Banks and Investors

Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0010-08-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

MISSION:

Building upon a strong foundation of science, partnership and field demonstration, CI empowers societies to responsibly and sustainably care for nature, our global biodiversity, for the well-being of humanity.

STRATEGY:

Through science, policy and field work, CI works to protect the resources that we all depend on. We help communities, countries and societies protect tropical forests, lush grasslands, rivers, wetlands, abundant lakes and the sea. Only through properly valuing the essential services these ecosystems provide can we create a sustainable development path that will benefit all people for generations to come.

Our scientists, field staff and policy experts are: measuring the contribution of healthy ecosystems to human well-being; assessing the implications of development decisions; putting cutting-edge, rigorously tested information in the hands of decision-makers and the public; and demonstrating through field models how economic opportunity and the stewardship of natural resources can leverage change at an international scale.

Our strategy is built around three pillars:

1. Protecting critical natural capital, biodiversity and ecosystems that provide the foundation for human well-being.

2. Fostering effective governance at local, national, and international levels.

3. Promoting sustainable production practices.

The palm oil sector is particularly important to CI's mission because it can be an important driver of economic growth in developing countries, can create employment opportunities in rural areas, is the highest yielding oil crop per hectare and is a globally important foodstuff. However, poorly planned and managed oil palm cultivation can result in forest conversion, undermining the biodiversity and ecosystem health upon which agriculture and ultimately human well-being depend. Effective and constructive engagement with the palm oil sector, and related agribusiness sectors, is extremely important to forging joint solutions based on identification and implementation of better practices for oil palm cultivation, promotion of science-based land use planning and zoning, and the development of government and market policies with the goal of protecting environmental values, supporting economic growth and improving rural livelihoods.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

CI is working at multiple levels to promote sustainable palm oil. At the global level, we participate in and support the RSPO and we maintain engagements with several major corporations that produce, trade, or purchase palm oil in their products. Through these engagements, CI provides support to companies seeking to develop and implement of sustainable sourcing policies, including the purchase of CSPO. We also work to create a supportive policy environment for sustainable palm oil in producer countries such as Indonesia, Brazil, Ecuador, Colombia, Peru, and Liberia, as well as in consumer markets such as the EU and the US. At the local level, we continue to support small producers with certification as well as those seeking certification and through the implementation of better management practices.

Highlights of this work include:

US:

In the U.S., CI consistently engages with actors within the supply chain as well as other relevant key stakeholders (NGOs, finance, etc.) to provide support on policy implementation, to promote dialogue, and to encourage innovation and action that leads to sectoral, not just supply chain, transformation. CI has advised retailers and agribusinesses in their commitments to sustainable palm oil, and in 2017, CI advised a major US retailer in advancing their commitments for uptake in physical CSPO, as well as the development of a deforestation policy.

EUROPE:

In Europe, CI has been facilitating a constant dialogue with all relevant stakeholders (EU institutions, industry, producing countries and civil society) about policy options supporting the goal of 100% sustainable palm oil in Europe by 2020. As a feasibility study assessing different policy options to be included in an EU Action Plan on Deforestation and Forest Degradation is underway, CI has continued promoting our joint policy recommendations with WWF, Greenpeace and others through bilateral meetings and public events for European policy-makers in Brussels as well as in Germany, France, Switzerland and the Netherlands. This study was published by the European Commission in 2017.

BRAZIL:

CI launched the Palm Oil Dialogue, a forum for stakeholders across the palm oil production supply chain and has been in the planning process for a second edition of this event, focusing on RSPO certification.

ECUADOR:

In October 2017, Ecuador's Socio Bosque Program, a voluntary incentives program to reduce deforestation and improve livelihoods, was approved as a compensation mechanism for RSPO certification. CI-Ecuador has been bringing its expertise in conservation agreements and linking it to the palm oil sector to support this national program and contribute to the implementation of Ecuador's National REDD+ Action Plan. In addition to this work, CI-Ecuador was selected in 2017 to participate in the Inter-sectoral Committee for Sustainable Palm Oil, headed by the Ministry of Environment and the Ministry of Agriculture and Cattle. The committee will, among other things, lead the work towards a jurisdictional certification of RSPO in Ecuador's Amazon.

COLOMBIA:

CI has been working to strengthen the RSPO's national interpretation, including zero net deforestation. CI-Colombia has participated in four national meetings with a major oil palm processor and discussed the need to explicitly include zero net deforestation in the Colombian Amazon agenda for palm oil. CI worked with a major producer and RSPO member to collaborate with other palm oil entrepreneurs and producers in Colombia, highlighting this major producer's responsible palm oil practices as well as challenges in sustainable production and RSPO Next certification. In addition, CI conducted due diligence on all of this major producer's operations in Colombia.

PERU:

CI, along with companies and smallholder association members, participated in a meeting in Lima presenting RSPO's proposed changes in certification.

INDONESIA:

CI Indonesia has supported the goals of RSPO by collaborating with stakeholders through a provincial multi-stakeholder platform as a basis for advocacy, dialogue and engagement to support an improved understanding of critical conservation issues and sustainable palm oil more broadly. Beyond these activities, CI also provided strategic technical comments and feedback to advance the Sustainable Palm Oil National Action Plan.

LIBERIA:

CI-Liberia hosted a team from RSPO in 2017 and will work to support the Oil Palm Technical Working Group to complete the RSPO national interpretation process for Liberia. In addition, CI worked with Proforest on the implementation of the TFA 2020 action plan, where quarterly meetings were held with various national stakeholders in the oil palm sector.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

CI's work with palm oil is funded by a wide range of donors including foundation, government and private sector partners, as well as individual supporters.

For more information on CI's financials, please see: www.conservation.org/financials.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2008

Comment:

CI first started participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces in 2008, and has more recently joined the NASPON working group in 2017

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2012

Comment:

CI first publicized programmes to support RSPO certification and uptake in 2012 and continues to support the work of RSPO. As a member of NASPON since 2017, we will continue our support in 2018.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Over the next year, CI will work to build upon its 2017 achievements to advance the objectives of RSPO and promote increased uptake for certified sustainable palm oil. Our actions over the next year will focus on four complementary strategies:

ENSURING SUSTAINABLE AND RELIABLE DEMAND FOR SUSTAINABLE PALM OIL IN KEY MARKETS:

CI will support corporate partners in their efforts to fulfill their commitments to purchase 100% certified sustainable palm oil.

CI will provide support and technical advice to major palm oil actors with the goal of encouraging time-bound commitments and implementation strategies sourcing 100% physical certified sustainable palm oil that does not contribute to deforestation.

CI and partners will develop data and guidance materials that support interested companies in shifting towards opportunities to strengthen industry efforts aimed at transitioning the North American market to support sustainable palm oil at origin.

CI will explore the feasibility of and pursue opportunities to promote uptake of certified sustainable palm oil through demand-side initiatives in other major consumer markets, including Indonesia, Europe, and Africa.

CONTRIBUTING TO CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT OF RSPO:

CI will contribute to ongoing industry discussions aimed at clarifying and defining best practice models for key sustainability issues that build on RSPO's principles and criteria. This includes exploring opportunities to leverage CI's core strengths of science, partnership and field demonstration to support and advance emerging initiatives, including but not limited to RSPO Next and jurisdictional certification. CI will also provide input and comment to the upcoming review of RSPO's P&Cs.

PILOTING SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS IN OIL PALM LANDSCAPES:

CI will continue to develop and pilot projects that combine the identification and protection of critical natural capital with productivity improvements, capacity building initiatives and improved governance in palm oil production areas.

EUROPE:

CI-Europe will participate in launching a sustainable palm oil movement with corporate actors and other organizations, to highlight good examples of sustainable palm oil production and support informed decision-making. In addition, CI will continue to advise European member states in support of the development of national strategies around imported deforestation and use of science-based tools such as TRASE to inform decisions.

BRAZIL:

CI-Brazil's strategy in the Belem Center of Endemism (CEB) in 2018 will focus on four main actions: (1) Monitoring Natural Capital (Biodiversity Monitoring and Water quality and Carbon storage comparing forest and palm oil plantation); (2) Understanding the impacts of palm oil production in the local communities through socio economics questionnaire applied to the communities living near palm oil plantations and companies; (3) Landscape Planning (CEB Landscape Profile, identification of areas for restauration); (4) Communication (Scientific publications in partnership with universities, storytelling videos and Social Media publications)

ECUADOR:

CI-Ecuador is part of a working group that accessed the Smallholder Support Fund in order to certify 2,000 smallholder producers in Ecuador. CI will work on incorporating and improving environmental components of the capacity-building mechanisms as well as review "Go and No Go", high conservation value and land use change maps at a jurisdictional scale.

COLOMBIA:

CI-Colombia will support the development of the TRASE tool in Colombia to increase transparency and traceability of palm oil in the region. We will socialize the results of the TRASE tool with producers, demonstrating the advantages of being responsible producers. In 2018, CI will work with a major producer to implement the Landscape Assessment Framework (LAF) tool in the Colombian Caribbean to measure, monitor, and communicate the sustainability of the palm oil landscape.

PERU:

In 2018, CI-Peru will update the Peruvian Amazon palm oil map and promote a knowledge exchange between two major palm oil companies in Peru and Brazil.

INDONESIA:

At the end of 2017, a long-standing CI-Indonesia flagship program (Sustainable Landscape Partnership) concluded its first phase of funding with targeted interventions across 3 districts in North Sumatra. In 2018, a number of linked projects specific to palm oil will expand upon these earlier interventions. This includes, but is not restricted to: projects that focus on exploring how Community Conservation Agreements (CCA) can support sustainable palm oil and conservation outcomes, production of a guidance document for CCAs and palm oil, spatial planning and strategic environmental assessments with the aim of developing a district blueprint for sustainable palm oil, identification of go/no-go areas within a district, development of policy(s) to support sustainable palm oil at the district level, implementing a smallholder farmer training program, piloting a paludiculture program in peatland locations as well as multi-stakeholder forum established at the district level to support engagement. Detailed work specific to peatlands at the district level are expected to commence as well as national and provincial policy engagement specific to peatlands.

LIBERIA:

CI Liberia will support the Oil Palm Technical Working Group/MoA to complete the RSPO national interpretation process for Liberia. In addition, CI-Liberia is in the final stages of a proposal for a sustainable development concession model for oil palm development in Indonesia. This initiative will focus on an inclusive multi-stakeholder engagement process with integrated landscape planning to identify key areas for conservation and ecosystem services, building on HCS/HCV forest work, as well as oil palm and food production. Through a public-private partnership agreement, a formal, long-term management plan will be established for the sustainable development concession.

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

CI offsets 100% of our CO2 emissions, but we do not publicly report on this information at this point in time.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-energyandcarbonfootprints.pdf
Land Use Rights Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-landuserights.pdf
Ethical Conduct Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf
Labour rights

Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-laborrights.pdf

Stakeholder engagement Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-stakeholderengagement.pdf

□ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

We integrate best practice guidance into the strategic advice we provide to corporate partners on a consultative basis. This guidance includes becoming a member of RSPO and setting a time-bound goal to source 100% CSPO. Other information and guidance includes industry presentations and initiatives as well as published materials and blog posts to share information on sustainable palm oil:

US:

In September, CI along with UNDP, WWF, IFC, UN Environment, and the government of Indonesia, Paraguay, Brazil and Liberia, held a conference launching the Good Growth Partnership (GGP) - an initiative aimed at transforming key commodity supply chains, including palm oil. This partnership will scale up CI's efforts in promoting production and consumption of sustainable palm oil in Indonesia and, Liberia.. CI also published several blog posts on current topics in the palm oil sector, promoting and encouraging sustainable palm oil:

• Europe moves to restrict import of unsustainable palm oil (https://blog.conservation.org/2017/04/europe-moves-to-restrict-import-of-unsustainable-palm-oil/)

• Sustainability heavyweights take aim at environmental impacts of soy, beef, palm oil (https://blog.conservation.org /2017/09/sustainability-heavyweights-take-aim-at-environmental-impacts-of-soy-beef-palm-oil/)

• To a country on the edge of development, what is nature worth? (https://blog.conservation.org/2017/03/to-a-country-on-the-edge-of-development-what-is-nature-worth/)

BRAZIL:

In November, CI-Brazil produced a video with information about sustainable palm oil and our partnership with a prominent sustainable palm oil production company which is the only company with RSPO certification in the Belem CEB region. In addition, useful information about sustainable palm oil production was published on our website.

COLOMBIA:

CI-Colombia held and facilitated meetings with companies and working groups to share guidance and best practices for improving their sustainable palm oil production.

INDONESIA:

In 2017, CI-Indonesia produced several materials which broadly support sustainable palm oil. In coordination with the Ministry of Agriculture and Palm Oil Research Center, CI facilitated the distribution of a sustainable palm oil practice guideline (GAP). In collaboration with Wetland International, CI submitted a technical recommendation for sustainable palm oil practices for two government districts – South Tapanuli and Mandailing Natal, North Sumatra.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

EUROPE: A major challenge in Europe is the prevalence of a strong anti-palm oil sentiment and current discussions to ban palm oil-based biofuels by 2021. By developing a sustainable palm oil movement with corporate actors to highlight good examples of sustainable palm oil production, CI aims to resolve this obstacle and support informed decisions-making which promotes sustainable palm oil production and consumption. BRAZIL: Scaling up the strategy in the CEB region to get other companies certified and become partners in this initiative is quite challenging. We are working with the Association of Palm Oil Producer of Para State to share our strategy for the region and overcome this challenge. COLOMBIA: Social and environmental group resistance to palm oil has been an obstacle, however, we are working to educate palm oil entrepreneurs and interest groups on the benefits of sustainable palm oil. INDONESIA: Observed obstacles in the field and with partners include: low crop productivity due to technical issues, lack of a premium price for smallholders, low enforcement of policies, and continued clearing of forest and critical areas for oil palm. LIBERIA: Since the government of Liberia subscribed to the use of the RSPO standard and certification scheme, smallholder oil palm farmers and companies have reported numerous constraints they faced in becoming RSPO certified. Amidst these constraints, CI-Liberia has organized several educational, information-sharing meetings for smallholders' farmers through the national oil palm platform, highlighting the basic steps and financial opportunities to becoming RSPO certified. In addition, CI has made considerable efforts in linking local smallholder's farmers to RSPO's smallholders online hub that provides adequate information about smallholders and how the RSPO provides them with support and funding.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

US & EUROPE: CI continuously engages with key stakeholders on making commitments to mitigate deforestation and promote the uptake of sustainable palm oil. BRAZIL: CI Brazil has been working towards greater funding to support capacity building with communities in the region. COLOMBIA: CI Colombia has engaged with stakeholders to commit to sustainable palm oil and educated palm oil companies on best practices. With further development of the Trase tool, we will expand these efforts and provide a broader commercial scope. INDONESIA: CI, in collaboration with the Joint Secretariat on Sustainable Palm Oil in North Sumatra, has supported market transformation by initiating collaborative sessions with companies to share information on best practices in sustainable palm oil and discuss ongoing environmental challenges. LIBERIA: CI Liberia held four quarterly engagement meetings with key stakeholders in the oil palm sector, held a national workshop to review the TFA 2020 action plan, and continues to seek donors to implement activities for sustainable oil palm production.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: www.conservation.org/projects/Pages/Sustainable-Palm-Oil.aspx

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Earth Innovation Institute

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

Banks and Investors

Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0023-12-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Earth Innovation Institute, EII's mission is to find innovative rural development solutions that simultaneously maintain healthy tropical forest ecosystems and meet the socioeconomic needs of local and regional communities. Currently we are working towards a sustainable jurisdiction approach to support sustainable production of key commodities around Indonesia, Colombia, Brazil, and Peru.

In Indonesia, EII's goal is to build upon the strong political support in selected localities for a transition to low-deforestation, productive rural development (LED-R) to achieve multi-stakeholder consensus in support of this agenda.

In collaboration with EII's sister organization - Institut Penelitian Inovasi Bumi (INOBU - http://www.inobu.org), EII has been working with the national and sub national governments in Central Kalimantan Province, Indonesia to ensure the sustainable commodity production and transformation of supply chain of oil palm. The activities have focused on three districts: Kotawaringin Barat, Seruyan and Gunung Mas, with a goal of having the jurisdictions certified according to the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) standards.

In November 2017, EII, INOBU, and RSPO signed an MOU to work together to support the jurisdictional certification of palm oil in the province of Central Kalimantan, Indonesia; and to promote jurisdictional certification as an effective and legitimate pathway for sustainably certifying the production of palm oil.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No, however INOBU assisted KUD Tani Subur to sell IS-CSPO and IS-CSPKO certificate to buyer.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

• Audit RSPO by TUV Rheinland was conducted at xx.

• Facilitate smallholders at 3 villages to increase capacity by conducting several trainings.

• Assisted KUD Tani Subur for RSPO (Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil) certification. The certificate was given during the 15th Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RT15) event in Bali, Indonesia on November 27-30, 2017, and was received by Sutiyana, the KUD's Group Manager. The KUD, which consists of 190 smallholders, became the first KUD in Kalimantan region to receive RSPO certification after just 1.5 years. KUD Tani Subur has been a member of RSPO since February 2017. http://inobu.org/rspo_rt15_update/

• Assisted KUD Tani Subur for ISPO (Indonesian Sustainable Palm Oil) certification. The certification was handed during the 60th commemoration of Indonesian Plantation Day in Yogyakarta on December 10th, 2017. The certificate was awarded by Ir. Bambang, MM, Director General of Plantation, Indonesian Ministry of Agriculture.

http://inobu.org/tani_subur_village_unit_cooperative_ispo/

• Facilitated the meeting for the establishment of "Agricultural Facility Center" in Seruyan District. The event was attended by various multistakeholders in Seruyan, from the local government, private sector, community representatives, and non-government organizations. The meeting concluded with all stakeholders who attended to commit to the efforts for the establishment of the Facility and the sustainability once the Facility and its services are launched.

• Spoke at COP23 in Bonn, Germany: Ell hosted an official Side Event on building a global framework for low-emission rural development in tropical forest regions on November 12, 2017. Ell also hosted two working group sessions: Commodity and Deforestation, and Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities on November 13, 2017.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

70%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

EII's work on palm oil is funded by Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (Norad), the David and Lucille Packard Foundation, International Climate Initiative (IKI) with the focus on promoting sustainable palm oil production, and improving sustainability of smallholders' agricultural practice in Central Kalimantan, Indonesia. For the village-approach smallholders' certification, the funding comes from RSSF, co-funded by Unilever. EII is also working on an FFB legality study which is funded by RSPO FFB legality and task force.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2016

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2016

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

• Certify smallholders at two villages in Kobar and 1 village in Seruyan. Using the same model for the certification process for KUD Tani Subur, INOBU expects these 3 villages in Central Kalimantan would be certified by the end of 2018.

• Establishment of "Agricultural Facility Center" plan, a support facility for smallholder palm oil farmers in Seruyan district (covering technical assistance training, organizational strengthening, access to seeds and fertilizers, agricultural equipment).

• An audit of the RSPO certification pilot program for smallholder farmers in Lada Mandala Jaya and Pangkalan Dewa village. In 2018, we are planning to have all smallholders certified (total: 600 smallholders) at the second stage of certification project in Lada Mandala Jaya and Pangkalan Dewa village.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

• Report of FFB Legality Study: "Defining the Legality of Oil Palm Fresh Fruit Bunches: Experiences From Indonesia". English language version. Link: https://www.dropbox.com/s/wqr3y6dbctxrtwu/INOBU%27s%20RSPO%20Report%202.5%20Final%20Clean.pdf

• Report of Oil Palm Smallholders: "A Profile of Oil Palm Smallholders and the Challenges of Farming Independently. The case of Seruyan and Kotawaringin Barat Districts in Central Kalimantan, Indonesia". English and Indonesia language version. The study aims to contribute to improving the understanding about independent, small-scale oil palm farmers in Indonesia. The report analyses the main challenges that prevent independent farmers from cultivating oil palm productively and sustainably, which are:

- Legal recognition of their land rights;

- Access to credit, planting material, fertilizers and training; and

- Fair terms and prices for the sale of harvested fresh fruit bunches.

Link: http://www.inobu.org/download/INOBU_Smallholders_Final.pdf

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Obstacles/challanges: • Differences in the level of commitment and understanding of actors/stakeholders in the concepts, approaches and actions for implementation of jurisdictional certification; • Continued financing to implement jurisdictional certification may not be available; • Traditional certification of smallholder seems unsustainable due to high certification cost. Mitigations: • Strengthening inclusion of smallholders, indigenous peoples and traditional communities are concerns that are widely shared by political leaders and their electors at all levels of government. Consequently, there is potential for ensuring continuity from one government to another, even when political parties with widely divergent orientations alternate in power; • The negative impacts of political change are mitigated through the focus on multi-stakeholder processes with a decentralized governance structure facilitated by civil society organizations and monitoring systems that are embedded in local organizations; • Engaging and maintaining broad support to ensure that there is a political and business case for the jurisdictional certification; • Synergies. Ell is currently working with the three levels of government, which are Ministry of Agriculture, Central Kalimantan provincial government, and district governments of Seruyan, Gunung Mas, and Kotawaringin Barat to integrate information and performance monitoring system for sustainable plantations in Central Kalimantan.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

• Engagement with the Indonesian Ministry of Agriculture: EII has been collaborating closely with the Ministry of Agriculture of Indonesia to transform the commodities supply chain, in particular palm oil, to be more sustainable. • Funding collaboration: Together with RSPO and Sabah Working Group currently we are establishing the Agricultural Facility in Seruyan district for Sustainable Food Systems Programme under the 10YFP. The idea is to create a facility or system that utilizes a multi-stakeholder collaborative network to provide support services that improve market access for smallholders and increases their capacity to adopt good agricultural practices to improve productivity while reducing negative environmental and social impacts. The outputs are to be expanded and replicated in other areas in the subsequent phases of a larger roadmap to achieve jurisdictional certification.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Link: www.dropbox.com/sh/g5gqfna0zo66b89/AAB9ch-1fBdPX9HXXObV_trKa?dl=0

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

EcoHealth Alliance Inc.

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

Banks and Investors

Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0040-15-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

EcoHealth Alliance is a global environmental health nonprofit organization dedicated to protecting wildlife and public health from the emergence of disease.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Working with industry partners on sustainability projects and encouraging them to include health costs in examining sustainable development and land use planning. Engaging with industry stakeholders and smallholders to educate them on links between land-use change and health, to improve well-being of palm oil plantation owners and workers.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

6%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

US Government grants.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2018

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2018

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Continue our research on health and economic impacts of development and promoting the results of our research. We will encourage industry partners and stakeholders to include the health and environmental costs in the rate and sites of their new developments.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We are a non-production, research-focused non-profit.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Not applicable. Non-profit not producing palm oil.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Not applicable. We are not producing, procuring, or using palm oil.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We are engaging with industries to use our evidence-based research approaches in their sustainable planning, particularly incorporating health more overtly into sustainable land-use and production planning.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Fauna &	Flora	International	(FFI)
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1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- $\hfill\square$ Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0016-07-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Fauna & Flora International is the world's longest established international conservation organisation. FFI has over 140 projects in 40 countries mostly in the developing world working to conserve threatened species and ecosystems worldwide, choosing solutions that are sustainable, based on sound science and take into account human needs. Our approaches include strategic corporate engagement and partnerships, working with governments to inform policy and increase capacity for sustainable natural resource use and forest protection, environmental markets (including Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation (REDD+)), threatened species and habitats programmes.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Indonesia

1. Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

2. Engagement with several oil palm growers to facilitate the process of compensation under RSPO compensation mechanism. The compensation mechanism offered by FFI is linking the compensation fund to village forest through Payment for Ecosystem Services (PES). FFI portfolios are ready for the payment phase under Plan Vivo scheme and suitable and fit under RSPO compensation criteria.

Myanmar

1. We produced and are starting to disseminate an unofficial translation of the Myanmar version of the Common Guidance for HCV identification. It currently follows the HCV template.

2. FFI provided some financial and technical inputs into a sector wide impact assessment of the sector including a legal review, being undertaken by the Myanmar Centre for Biodiversity Conservation. A report for consultation should be available in 2018.

General

1. Engagement in RSPO Working Groups

2. HCV Resource Network member.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

4%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Various sources including statutory funding, foundations, private sector and staff time from core reserves.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2007

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2007

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Indonesia:

- Develop jurisdiction approach under Governor Climate Fund in Aceh to promote sustainable commodities including oil palm.
- Supporting RSPO compensation project through partnership with several oil palm companies.
- Implementing the first compensation project which link to the village forest in West Kalimantan.
- Working in partnership with other NGOs and Government of Ketapang to revisit the PERDA Konservasi which has been

"withdrawn" by Central Government to fit with the new regulation of Kawasan Ekosistem Esensial (KEE).

Myanmar:

- Work with the Myanmar Centre for Biodiversity Conservation to review the sector impact assessment and generate
- recommendations for the Government and the palm oil sector.
- Distribute and socialise the common guidance for HCVs.

Liberia:

- · Potential engagement with the National Interpretation working group once it becomes functional again.
- Continuing to engage with the Oil Palm Sector Technical Working Group (OPSTWG)

• Through our REDD+ work in Wonegizi, engage with Ministry of Agriculture and the Land Authority to inform sustainable land use planning for agriculture in Lofa county.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We do not currently systematically assess all GHG emissions globally, however, for flights reported in insurance travel plans carbon is calculated and offset. We have as a first step an organisational Environmental Policy that states 'FFI will minimise the natural resources we use, the waste we produce and emissions we generate as we undertake our day to day activities as far as is possible without compromising our ability to address our mission and aims.' We do not currently have any future plans to measure our organisation wide GHG footprint.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

 Energy and carbon footprints Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-energyandcarbonfootprints.pdf
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf
Labour rights Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-laborrights.pdf
Stakeholder engagement

Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-stakeholderengagement.pdf

□ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

FFI developed a guidance on how to monitor fauna & flora in oil palm plantation in 2016. The guidance is in Bahasa Indonesia titled "PANDUAN LAPANGAN FAUNA & FLORA DILINDUNGI DI PERKEBUNAN KELAPA SAWIT". In 2017 we updated this guidance. We cannot make it public as yet but we hope to adapt it so we can do so in the future. We produced an unofficial translation of the Myanmar version of the Common Guidance for HCV identification. It currently follows

We produced an unofficial translation of the Myanmar version of the Common Guidance for HCV identification. It currently follows the HCV template. This document is attached to this submission.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

N/A

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

In any discussion when asked for public comments, speaking at conferences etc. we always recommend RSPO as part of the solution to achieving a sustainable supply chain.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Friend's of the Zoo Inc, Kansas City Zoo

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Friend's of the Zoo Inc, Kansas City Zoo

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palı	m Growers
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- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0041-16-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Our organizations main activities include presenting world class animal exhibits, and exceptional educational programs to attract visitors to promote understanding, appreciation and conservation here at home and abroad.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

We use sustainable palm oil.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We post signage around our facility to show our guest that we support the RSPO and the certification process. How they can help support the RSPO. The information is shared in our keeper chats and in our education programs. We update our staff on the messages and policies and how that they should be presenting and interpreting the RSPO.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

25%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

It is one of many conservation initiatives that we have taken on and the money raised through our conservation fund, a percentage of it goes to RSPO activities.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2020

Comment:

Not sure what this is all entails, would need more information on the subject.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2015

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

We already have an established certified sustainable palm oil purchasing policy for our entire zoo. We continue to share information to our guest in keeper chats and our programs on the importance of purchasing sustainable palm oi.

We will continue to be a voting acting member of the RSPO.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We currently turn in a green house report to the Associations of Zoo and Aquariums (AZA), which is our governing body.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

We use information provided by the Cheyenne Mountain Zoo website and information passed through the AZA for the purchase of sustainable palm. We also as our visitors to us the sustainable palm oil app when they are out shopping and making purchases. The app is also sponsored by the Cheyenne mountain Zoo.

Uploaded files:

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Link to Website www.cmzoo.org/index.php/conservation-matters/palm-oil-crisis/

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

We have to ask more questions from the companies that we are purchasing from, not knowing where their distributors are purchasing their palm oil from. We find ourselves educating them from the bottom up instead of them already having and knowing that information.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have taken on some of our own conservation projects in Borneo that are not affiliated with the RSPO.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Link: www.kansascityzoo.org/conservation/kansas-city-zoo-palm-oil-free/

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Global Environment Centre

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0005-04-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

GEC is a Malaysia based non-profit organisation with activities at local, regional and global level to address environmental issues of global concern. GEC has been recognised by the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity for its work on peatlands and also river basin management.

GEC's main activities are: Environmental Education and Training, Community development, Forest and Peatlands Management and Rehabilitation, Policy development and partnership with private sector.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No)
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1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

actively involved and facilitate RSPO in the revision of the current 2 RSPO BMP Manual for oil palm cultivated on peat & management and rehabilitation of natural vegetation associated with oil palm cultivated on peat

working with private sector to assist non-rspo member to implement BMPs for oil palm cultivated on peat

continually engaging with oil palm smallholders on peat on the importance of BMPs

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

15%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Funded by private sector

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2005

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2009

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

assisting third party supplier on the implementation of BMPs especially for oil palm cultivated on peat active engagement in the review of P&C; continue to support work of PLWG;

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

GEC is relatively small organisation with limited GHG emission. GEC has large efforts for peatland, mangrove forest rehabilitation and protection. In future, plan to calculate net GHG impact of its activities

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Uploaded files:

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No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

the lack of Best management practices which is suitable for smallholder oil palm on peat; making it difficult to assist smallholder in implementing the BMPs and minimized impacts to the environment.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme

- 1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?
 - Oil Palm Growers
 - □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
 - Consumer Goods Manufacturers
 - Retailers
 - Banks and Investors
 - Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
 - Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
 - □ Affiliate Members
 - □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0025-13-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

HUTAN is a grassroots non-profit organization working to build innovative approaches to conserve the orang-utan and other wildlife populations in the forests of Sabah, Malaysian Borneo. In 1998, Hutan set up the Kinabatangan Orang-Utan Conservation Programme (KOCP) as a collaboration between the Lower Kinabatangan community and the Sabah Wildlife Department. Today our team is composed of 52 highly skilled staff hailing from the Orang Sungai community.

HUTAN-KOCP has faced many challenges over the past sixteen years, which have incited us to develop a holistic strategy combining long-term scientific research, wildlife and habitat protection and management, policy work, capacity building, education and awareness, as well as community outreach and development. We are now working with a wide range of partners - including communities, government agencies, research institutions, other NGOs and private stakeholders - to find realistic and localised solutions where the sustainable use of natural resources and durable socio-economic development can be compatible with long-term wildlife and habitat conservation.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We have supported the RSPO vision by engaging with our partners and funders via peer reviewed research papers, presentations, reports, conferences, meetings, workshops, discussions and press releases on the merits of CSPO and RSPO to improve the situation of those who work in plantations as well as for wildlife and the environment.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

50%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

We have not applied for specific funding for 'palm oil' work. However, all our work including research/studies and human - wildlife conflict which involves the palm oil landscape is funded via grants mostly from Foundations and Zoos in the United States, Europe and Australia.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2014

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2013

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

1. Within the Kinabatangan landscape we have been working with mostly outgrowers and a few companies which are RSPO members to study orang-utans in secondary secondary forest.

2. We are part of the PONGO Alliance; an alliance of several major palm oil producers and nature conservation organisations, with the mission to support the proper management of orang-utans and other wildlife within plantations. One of the biggest challenges of PONGO Alliance is to set in motion a general move away from separating orangutans and plantations, and from automatically taking orang-utans out of plantations on the assumption that they will do better somewhere else.

3. We are part of the Steering Committee in the Malaysian State of Sabah, which aims to achieve Statewide Jurisdictional output of CSPO by 2025.

4. We have been working with none RSPO member company and other groups such as Seratu Atai, The Forest Trust and Forever Sabah together with the Sabah Wildlife Department, the local District Office on human elephant conflict with focus on oil palm smallholders.

5. We have been actively engaging with European Zoos in particular over the EU mandate in regards to sustainable palm oil.

5. As of November 2017, we are an alternative member for WWF-International as part of the Environmental NGO causes of the Board of Governors for RSPO.

6. We have been training with RSPO member Wilmar (PBB Oil) on wildlife assessment and management within Sabah, Malaysian Borneo.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Not applicable however we do carry out reforestation work along the Kinabatangan

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct
Labour rights

Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-laborrights.pdf

- Stakeholder engagement
- □ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

These are peer reviewed articles published in journals which either directly or indirectly advocate for sustainable palm oil industry with RSPO as the minimum standard. These are in English.

Morgan, C.L., Guerrero, A.M., Ancrenaz, M., Meijaard, E., Wilson, K.A. 2017. Not more, but strategic collaboration needed to conserve Borneo's orangutan. Global Ecology and Conservation, 11: 236-246. doi: 10.1016/j.gecco.2017.07.004.

Davies, A.B., Ancrenaz, M., Oram, F., Asner, G.P. 2017. Canopy structure drives orangutan habitat selection in disturbed Bornean forests. Proceedings of Natural Academy of Science, doi 10.1073/pnas.1706780114.

Santika, T., Ancrenaz, M., Wilson, K.A., Spehar, S., Abram, N., ..., Meijaard, E. 2017. First integrative trend analysis for a great ape species in Borneo. Scientific Reports, 7: 4839. DOI: 10.1038/s41598-017-04435-9.

Hudson, L.N., Newbold, T., Contu, S., Hill, S.L.L., Ancrenaz, M., Purvis, A. 2017. The database of the PREDICTS (Projecting Responses of Ecological Diversity In Changing Terrestrial Systems) project. Ecology and Evolution, 7: 145–188. doi: 10.1002/ece3.2579.

Ancrenaz, M., Oram, F., and I. Lackman. 2017. Orangutan (Pongo). In The International Encyclopedia of Primatology. A. Fuentes ed. DOI: 10.1002/9781119179313.

Husson, S., Ancrenaz, M., McFie E., Utami-Atmoko S.S., Wish, S. 2017. Bornean Orangutan. In Primates in Peril: The World's 25 Most Endangered Primates 2016–2018. Schwitzer, C., Mittermeier, R.A., Rylands, A.B., Chiozza, F., Williamson, E.A., Macfie, E.J., Wallis, J. and Cotton, A. (eds.). IUCN SSC Primate Specialist Group (PSG), International Primatological Society (IPS), Conservation International (CI), and Bristol Zoological Society, Arlington, VA. 99 pp, pp 75-79.

Abram, N.K. and M. Ancrenaz. (2017) Orangutan, Oil palm and RSPO: Recognising the importance of the threatened forests of the Lower Kinabatangan, Sabah, Malaysian Borneo. Ridge to Reef, Living Landscape Alliance, Borneo Futures, Hutan, and Land Empowerment Animals People. Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, Malaysia.

Jonas, H., Abram. N.K. and M. Ancrenaz. (2017) Addressing the Impact of Large-scale oil palm plantations on orangutan conservation in Borneo: A spatial, legal and political economy analysis. IIED, London.

Meijaard, E., M. Ancrenaz, and K. A. Wilson. (2017). The trillion dollar gamble on Borneo. Strategic Review 7:12-28

Meijaard, E. and M. Ancrenaz. (2017). Survival of nearly 10,000 orangutans in Borneo in oil palm estates at stake. Mongabay, 27.02.2017.

Meijaard, E., Morgans, C., Husnayaen, Abram, N., and M. Ancrenaz (2017). An impact analysis of RSPO certification on Borneo forest cover and orangutan populations. Pongo Alliance, 38 pp.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Not applicable

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have supported the RSPO vision by engaging with our partners and funders via peer reviewed research papers, presentations, reports, conferences, meetings, workshops, discussions and press releases on the merits of CSPO and RSPO to improve the situation of those who work in plantations as well as for wildlife and the environment. We are also part of the Steering Committee for the Jurisdictional Approach to RSPO for the Malaysian State of Sabah.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Indianapolis Zoological Society

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0026-13-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

The Indianapolis Zoo empowers people and communities, both locally and globally, to advance animal conservation. We operate an AZA accredited zoological and horticultural institution. We engage in educational efforts to serve the 1.2 million visitors we receive annually. We advance animal conservation in all aspects of how our organization is managed and run.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

We use 100% Sustainable Palm oil in our operations. We do not sell palm oil, but we sell food with palm oil products used in them.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We promote the use of sustainable palm oil in our orangutan exhibit through signage and first person interpretation. We also train our staff and volunteers on what RSPO is and the importance of sustainable palm oil. We promoted using orangutan friendly candy at our Halloween event.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

It's part of our overall operating budget.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2020

Comment:

It is a goal to work towards.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2014

Comment:

This is when we started delivering the message about sustainable palm oil.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Next year we will be updating our interactive kiosks in the Orangutan Center. The kiosk will include a message about sustainable palm oil and the RSPO.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Not at the moment.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

We mostly have signage in our Orangutan Center focusing on Sustainable Palm oil. The signs are in English. We also have a little bit of info ono ur website which is also in English.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

We struggle to find locally marketed items using the RSPO labels so we can share them with guests. We share the Cheyenne Mountain Zoo App with guests when we talk about ways to find out if a product uses sustainable palm oil or produced by a company who is RSPO certified.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We continue to promote awareness of the importance of sustainable palm oil and how guests can learn more. We share this message in a variety of ways.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

LEAP SPIRAL

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

LEAP SPIRAL

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

□ Retailers

- $\hfill\square$ Banks and Investors
- $\hfill\square$ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0034-14-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

LEAP Spiral initiates, develops and supports collaborative partnerships and projects in Malaysian Borneo that address restoration and protection of the land, its biodiversity and the indigenous people that live on it. Our main programme areas are biodiversity protection, forest and habitat restoration and protection, community-based conservation initiatives, species protection and renewable energy. We also facilitate and support the multi-sector Forever Sabah programme that seeks to transition the state of Sabah toward a diversified, equitable, circular economy. In all these areas, LEAP Spiral works to facilitate committed and open partnerships that enable habitats, species and cultures to thrive and to promote sustainable economic activities that place an equal value on income security, quality of life and the health of our shared ecosystems. We also work to create an atmosphere of openness and willingness to change across civil society, government and industry.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

LEAP Spiral initiated the Sabah 100% RSPO policy process through the Forever Sabah programme which we are facilitating. Forever Sabah is a Technical Adviser along with RSPO in the3 Jurisdictional Certification Steering Committee (JCSC) and in August 2017, Forever Sabah convened a two-day workshop that involved over 50 representatives from government, industry, civil society and academia to design the Five Year Work Plan (2017-2020). In waiting for the Work Plan to be endorsed by the Sabah State Cabinet, work has started for several activities listed for year one through three working groups on Compensation - High Conservation Value; Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC); and Smallholders. Activities include preparing an integrated HCV-HCS map for Sabah; preparing the Sabah specific FPIC Guide and Operational Mechanism; and trialing the Sustainable Smallholder Communities programme in the Tongod, Telupid, Beluran and Kinabatangan districts. We have continued to support the JCSC in convening quarterly meetings and more recently in reporting these meetings; and in facilitating meetings and workshops related to specific work under the three working groups.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

30%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Primarily through grants.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2018

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2018

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Our focus in the coming year is to facilitate and support year one of activities for the Five Year Work Plan formulated for the Jurisdictional Certification Steering Committee (JCSC) to ensure Sabah is able to deliver on its pledge to fully certify its palm oil by 2025 based on RSPO standards. We are working closely with the JCSC co-chaired by the Sabah Forestry Department and Natural Resources Office in ensuring activities outlined for June 2017 to May 2018 is implemented. These include producing an integrated HCV-HCS map for Sabah; preparing and field testing the Sabah specific FPIC Guide and Operational Mechanism; trialing the Sustainable Smallholder Communities programme in Tongod, Telupid, Beluran and Kinabatangan; getting big industry mills to adopt their direct smallholder base and provide Best Management Practice (BMP) training; and to build capacity in oil palm BMP for the Sabah Agriculture Department.

Our Executive Chair Cynthia Ong will speak at the European RT in June 2017.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We have no expertise in this, our NGO operations is too small.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Our focus is on stakeholder engagement both within Sabah, in Malaysia and with the relevant parties globally. Through Forever Sabah, we provide information via Technical Coordinators who are experts in their respective fields. This allows for the creation of robust information that feeds into meetings and workshops as discussion points. Specifically, via the Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC) Working Group under the Jurisdictional Certification Steering Committee (JCSC), a FPIC Guide and Operational Mechanism is now in place and will be field-tested this year before it is submitted to the JCSC for endorsement.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

1. Bringing all stakeholders up to speed with Sabah's pledge to fully certify its palm oil by 2025 to RSPO standards. There is a need for a circular to Sabah Government agencies for them to recognize the 100% full certification of palm oil pledge as being official and to be factored in when designing plans, such as land use planning. 2. It is time and energy consuming to engage with smallholders and villagers in remote areas to better understand their challenges and needs. While we have made significant inroads, the work continues and our trial in 20 villages in the Tongod, Telupid, Beluran and Kinabatangan districts is expected to provide the information we need to assist smallholders in achieving certification, and with that addressing low-yields, low income and food security. 3. Raising funds for more effective work on the ground. We continue to approach those who would be keen to support Sabah's pledge for full certification of its palm oil.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

When we have the opportunity to do so, we provide feedback to western NGOs and other interested parties on realities in Sabah, and how palm oil is a trade imperative that the local economy is reliant on. For market transformation to happen, there needs to be a deeper understanding of land use policies, government development plans and other realities that have and continue to shape oil palm development in Sabah.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

National Wildlife Federation (USA)

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0019-11-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

The National Wildlife Federation (NWF) is the largest membership supported conservation group in the U.S. with nearly six million members and supporters. Our new Strategic Plan (https://www.nwf.org/About-Us/Our-Mission), sets in motion a "Common Agenda for Wildlife" built upon sound science, clear priorities, and scalable solutions that match the magnitude of the crisis. Our Common Agenda includes a commitment to:

• Protect, Restore, and Connect Wildlife Habitat—Promote active restoration and reconnection of fragmented and degraded habitat across protected lands, working lands, waterways, coasts, and communities.

• Transform Wildlife Conservation—Advance 21st-century wildlife management, defend public trust resources, and confront emerging stressors like climate change, invasive species, and wildlife diseases.

• Connect Americans with Wildlife—Inspire the next generation of conservationists and mobilize a diverse conservation army to broaden the stewardship ethic, conservation action, public and private investments, and support for policy changes necessary to save thousands of at-risk species in our time.

NWF has been active in a variety of international conservation and development assistance programs since the inception of its international program in the 1980s. NWF has worked extensively on sector based reforms, certification systems, and sustainable development approaches for forest and agricultural based commodities. We currently have leadership roles in the Forest Stewardship Council, the Global Roundtable for Sustainable Beef, and the Brazilian Roundtable on Sustainable Livestock, and held the past chair of the Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials. We are also a member of the High Carbon Stock Approach Steering Group and the Accountability Framework initiative Steering Group.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Since 2014, NWF has worked with the Secretariat to quantify the effects of RSPO certification on deforestation and fire in Indonesia. In December 2017, NWF and partners published the results of our analysis in the Proceedings of the National Academy of Science. The study is available here: http://international.nwf.org/publication-items/2017-sustainable-oil-palm-indonesia/

Using information extracted from publicly available plantation audit reports, we have developed a new database of RSPO-certified plantations in Indonesia. A portion of this dataset is now available on Global Forest Watch: http://data.globalforestwatch.org //datasets/6be15bdb5fb643f48114de6b54f6627d_7.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Grant awards

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2014

Comment:

Since 2014, we have engaged on quantifying the impacts of RSPO certification on deforestation and fire.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2014

Comment:

The National Wildlife Federation remains a strong proponent of certification, and includes it as a tool for addressing risk in our publically available materials. Over the past several years we have engaged with the Secretariat on quantifying impacts of RSPO.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

NWF leads a consortium whose goal is to reduce tropical deforestation through the promotion and monitoring of deforestation-free commodity supply chains, including, inter alia, palm oil in Southeast Asia and South America. We will continue to analyze the impacts of certification on forest and fire dynamics and promote RSPO certification alongside implementation of zero-deforestation supply chains. We will also continue to publicize the results of our PNAS paper, so that it can inform the 2018 P&C Revision.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct
Labour rights
Stakeholder engagement
None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Over the past several years we have undertaken analysis to quantify the impacts of RSPO certification on forest cover dynamics and fire rates. Key findings were released at the last RT, and the analysis has been made publically available via our website.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website international.nwf.org/deforestation/palm-oil/

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

While the P&C were strengthened by the 2013 revisions, the lack of strong performance standards related to deforestation means that it is still not possible for producers, traders, manufacturers, retailers, or consumers to ensure that they are acting responsibly simply by producing or using CSPO. Specifically, the lack of an outright ban on new plantings on peat and in secondary forest, and the lack of strong due diligence requirements in FFB sourcing limit the RSPO from being "one stop shopping" for organizations with a policy of zero deforestation. While RSPO Next has made strides to address these problems, the lack of a clear definition around High Carbon Stock (HCS) forest risks allowing the standard to be "watered down" through less stringent definitions. The High Carbon Stock Approach (especially post-Convergence) is currently the only implementable methodology for identifying HCS forest, and should be referenced specifically.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

The National Wildlife Federation, along with researchers from prominent Universities and NASA have undertaken an analysis to quantify and better understand the impact of RSPO certification on forest cover and fire dynamics. This quantitative analysis is the first of its kind for RSPO, and will aid in addressing deficiencies in the standard and highlighting areas for improvement over time. Recently, NWF has increased its engagement with the Oil Palm sector in South America, including Colombia and Peru, where we are advising civil society organizations and the public and private sectors. NWF also sits on the Steering Groups of the High Carbon Stock Approach and the Accountability Framework initiative, respectively.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Link: international.nwf.org/deforestation/palm-oil/

OKLAHOMA ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY, INC.,

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

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OKLAHOMA ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY, INC.,
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1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0042-16-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

The Oklahoma City Zoo is dedicated to the preservation of the Earth's natural resources through conservation, education, awareness and scientific research. To fulfill this goal, the Zoo aids in numerous local, national and international conservation projects. The Zoo cares for 54 endangered or threatened species, and participates in 45 Species Survival Plans administered by the Association of Zoos and Aquariums, which ensure the survivability of species globally.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We promote the goals of the RSPO and the purchase of certified sustainable palm oil during four public awareness events annually. Additionally, we have informational graphics located at our orangutan, tiger, and elephant exhibits to teach guests about the negative affects unsustainable palm oil production has. These graphics also encourage guests to download and use the orangutan friendly palm oil shopping guide app developed by Cheyenne Mountain Zoo. There is also information about RSPO and palm oil on our website.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Funding for certified sustainable palm oil messaging comes from our general operating fund and also from our Round Up for Conservation Fund. Guests are asked to round up to the nearest dollar when making purchases.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2017

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2017

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

We will continue to promote sustainable palm oil through at least four annual public awareness events annually and through informational graphics. A new Asia exhibit will be opening in 2018. This exhibit includes new informational graphics about palm oil. We will also be training volunteers who will be stationed regularly at the exhibit to talk about sustainable palm oil.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

No, we do not have plans to do this.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

□ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

We promote the orangutan friendly palm oil shopping app developed by Cheyenne Mountain Zoo. We also distribute seasonal shopping guides.

Uploaded files: ENGO-Best-Practice-GL.pdf

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

No challenges occurred in this area.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Our food and beverage vendor is required to purchase and sell products made with certified sustainable palm oil.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

 Uploaded files: Rainforest Trust and Palm Oil.pdf

Link: www.okczoo.org/blog/posts/the-palm-oil-problem

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Orangutan Land Trust

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0014-09-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Vision and Mission of Orangutan Land Trust At Orangutan Land Trust our Vision is the long-term survival of the orangutan in the wild. Our Mission is to enable sustainable solutions that ensure safe areas of forest for the continued survival of the orangutan We work towards this Vision via three Key Strategies: Encourage policy makers to develop and implement strong policies and to uphold existing laws that contribute to orangutan conservation Support in-country initiatives and efforts to help deliver their aims Develop approriate and responsible partnerships to deliver tangible outcomes on the ground Some of the activities eligible for support from Orangutan Land Trust include: Protecting existing orangutan habitat, especially that which contains significant populations of orangutans Finding, surveying and securing permanent release sites for both wild and rehabilitated orangutan Finding, surveying and securing river islands for the penultimate step in the rehabilitation process of orangutans, and as permanent sanctuary for rescued and rehabilitated orangutans not suitable for total release into the wild, such as those with chronic disease or disabilities Finding, surveying and securing new forest sites for the use of orangutans undergoing the rehabilitation process. Providing infrastructure for above sites, such as security posts, feeding platforms, fencing, etc Taking measures to protect these sites indefinitely Forest rangers/anti-logging operations/fire-fighting efforts in orangutan habitat Creating wildlife corridors Reforestation and regeneration activities Supporting alternative livelihoods and sustainable harvesting of forests (timber and non-timber forest products) in exchange for their protection in cooperation with local communities Working with industries that pose a risk to orangutan habitat, such as the palm oil industry, to minimise impact in these areas Education, outreach and empowerment in communities living in orangutan habitat areas to protect these areas Lobbying local and national authorities to protect orangutan habitat

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We engage with all aspects of the supply chain, from growers to consumers, to raise awareness about sustainable palm oil and encourage commitments for production and uptake of CSPO. Through social networking, public speaking and traditional media (television, radio, print), we reach a wide audience globally. We have advised zoos and other institutions around the world on the issue of sustainable palm oil.

We initiated the PONGO (Palm Oil and NGO) Alliance, a platform for collaboration between industry and NGOs/experts to enable sustainable solutions for the protection of wildlife in oil-palm landscapes.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

80%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Funding for our efforts in sustainable palm oil comes from our Sustainability Partners. Public donations help us support efforts on the ground, such as policy work, law enforcement and investigations into destruction of orangutan habitat; orangutan capture, harm and killing in oil palm landscapes; and restoration of areas illegally cleared for oil palm. We seek sponsorship to cover other costs, such as travel to meetings, so that none comes out of public donations.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2009

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2009

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Advancing the work of the PONGO (Palm Oil and NGO) Alliance. Continuing to participate in working groups, taskforces and panels. Development of PalmSmart app for UK and beyond. Continue to use social and traditional media outlets to educate the general public and to encourage differentiation between conventional palm oil and CSPO. Develop new Sustainability Partnerships amongst stakeholders.

Continue membership in Palm Oil Innovation Group.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We are a small organisation and lack resources.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct Related link: https://www.rspo.org/acop/2014b/orangutan-land-trust/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf
Labour rights
Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

N/A

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

It is difficult to promote to consumers to choose CSPO rather than boycott all palm oil when few brands elect to use the RSPO logo when their products contain CSPO.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Engagement with key stakeholders PONGO Alliance Palm Oil Innovation Group Outreach/education

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Point Defiance Zoo & Aquarium

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0033-14-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Point Defiance Zoo & Aquarium (PDZA) is one of 232 accredited members of the Association of Zoos & Aquariums (AZA), a nonprofit organization dedicated to the

advancement of zoos and aquariums in the areas of conservation, education, science, and recreation. PDZA's mission is to promote and practice effective conservation on behalf of the world's wildlife. PDZA encompasses 29 acres of the 700 acre Point Defiance Park in Tacoma, Washington, USA.

We support our mission through the following key strategic initiatives:

1. Advance and strengthen our contribution to the care and conservation of

endangered wildlife and its habitat.

2.Inspire our community to take action for the responsible stewardship of

our planet.

3. Develop scientific programs in veterinary medicine, nutrition, endocrinology

and sustainable collections.

We are a national leader in the conservation of Southeast Asia wildlife including

white-cheeked gibbons, siamangs, lowland anoa, and small-clawed otters. Of special note is our work with the conservation of Sumatran tigers and clouded leopards through our work with the AZA's Species Survival Plans for these endangered species. Because of our work with these programs we are acutely aware of the importance of preserving high conservation value forests to secure habitat and mitigate conflicts between people and wildlife.

Our conservation fund provides financial support for a variety of programs in Southeast Asia to foster attitudes of environmental stewardship and develop future

conservation leaders within local communities. The palm oil issue is one of the Zoo's key messages with programming to engage our staff and visitors in promoting the sustainable use of palm oil. We have collaborated with other AZA institutions to develop consistent and effective messaging on this issue.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

1. Continued collaborations with other AZA institutions and NGOs actively engaged in palm oil campaigns.

2. Implemented on-site and web-based consumer engagement strategies through guest activities and graphics.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

We receive funding through the zoo's conservation fund.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2015

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2014

Comment: We have been publicizing the role of the RSPO since we joined.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Incorporate palm oil messaging into our keeper talks in our Asian Forest Sanctuary exhibit to educate visitors on the palm oil issue and advocate for their engagement as consumers.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct
Labour rights
Stakeholder engagement
Mone of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

NA

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

NA

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

NA

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Rainforest Alliance

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers	
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- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- □ Retailers
- $\hfill\square$ Banks and Investors
- □ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0028-13-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

The Rainforest Alliance is a non-governmental organization (NGO) working to conserve biodiversity and ensure sustainable livelihoods by transforming land-use practices, business practices and consumer behavior. The Rainforest Alliance harnesses market forces as part of its strategy to arrest the major drivers of deforestation and environmental destruction: timber extraction, agricultural expansion, cattle ranching and tourism. The organization trains farmers, foresters and tourism operators in sustainable practices that conserve land and waterways, improve livelihoods, and protect workers and communities; it also helps them access the financing necessary to implement sustainability changes. Farms and forestry enterprises are audited against rigorous [citation needed] standards maintained by the Sustainable Agriculture Network and the Forest Stewardship Council — international NGOs the Rainforest Alliance helped to found. Those farms and forestry enterprises that pass both annual and surprise audits are certified by the organization and earn the right to use the Rainforest Alliance Certified seal. Tourism businesses that adopt established best management practices can use the Rainforest Alliance Verified mark. The seal helps consumers support responsible farmers, foresters and tourism businesses by identifying products sourcing ingredients from these farms and services that have implemented best practices.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Since 1987, the Rainforest Alliance has partnered with producers, businesses, NGOs, governments and scientists to create innovative solutions to the world's most pressing environmental crises. We have a long and proven track record in sustainable agriculture (including the entire palm oil supply chain), forestry and tourism, as well carbon services. For example: • Develop responsible sourcing policies and supplier requirements for individual companies, based on sustainability standards including RSPO • Map supply chains all the way to origin and assess risks • Explain certification standards and audit requirements for farms and supply chains • Implement sourcing policies, improve traceability and facilitate supplier compliance • Achieve independent third-party assurances for your sustainability claims • Monitor and evaluate achievements against your policies • Communicate goals and progress to external stakeholders

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Palm oil producer-, trading-, and using companies. Grants from foundations. Public-private partnership funding from government development agencies.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2015

We planned to work in at least one RSPO working group by 2015, as of 2016 we now work in two of the working groups.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2018

Comment:

We support three programs in 2017-2018 supporting the promotion of sustainable palm oil by small holder farmers.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

Comment:

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

We have highlighted palm as a critical strategic crop. Specific actions in he strategy will be elaborated following acceptance of the parts or whole of the proposed strategy by the board of directors on May 10, 2018.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We are not a palm oil producing company, but are rather an NGO - therefore we have no operations.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Uploaded files:

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

The production of CSPO by independent smallholders continues to be a challenge. Rainforest Alliance has supported the development of HCV and GHG emissions accounting for smallholders through RSPO working groups to simplify the process for smallholders to attain certification.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

The Rainforest Alliance maintains markets staff in Europe, North American and Asia who liaise with consumer facing companies to explain the values chains for CSCPO and CSPKO

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

San Diego Zoo Global

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

 $\hfill\square$ Banks and Investors

□ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

□ Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0024-13-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

San Diego Zoo Global (SDZG) is committed to saving species worldwide by uniting our expertise in animal care and conservation science with our dedication to inspiring passion for nature. We are leading the fight against extinction. SDZG is the largest zoological membership association in the world, with more than 250,000 member households and 130,000 child memberships representing more than a half-million people. Our San Diego Zoo Institute for Conservation Research is one of the largest zoo-based research centers in the world. Founded in 1975, it is dedicated to preserving and protecting rare and endangered wildlife and habitats. Staff develop, gather, and increase knowledge vital for the establishment of self-sustaining populations of wildlife.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes: we are an end user of products that contain palm oil, and we re-sell products to guests which have ingredients that contain palm oil. We do not use, distribute or sell bulk palm oil.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

All of San Diego Zoo Global's activities are focused on building public support for the RSPO and increasing the uptake of CSPO among our visitors and guests. To that end, many of our activities are focused on outreach and education. Included among our 2017 activities in support of these goals are:

1. SDZG volunteers/docents are updated on activities of the RSPO and sustainable palm oil in general.

2. We updated our talking points, used by tour guides, educators, and other staff to connect with guests regarding palm oil. Revisions highlighted our commitment to RSPO and continue to include messaging in support of CSPO uptake.

3. We expanded our promotion of the Cheyenne Mountain Zoo mobile app to a broader group of public facing zoo staff members, extending the reach of that tool and helping our guests become better informed consumers and learning about specific products which contain sustainable palm oil.

4. We provided sustainable palm oil guides employees could use to choose for Halloween candy purchases.

5. In our Education programs, we highlight the need to use sustainable palm oil.

6. We continue to participate in the palm oil consumer campaign development with Bristol Zoo (UK), GASPO, seeking to develop a collection of zoos and wildlife parks working to promote CSPO uptake across several continents.

7. We participated in the development of an international network of zoos supporting sustainable palm oil; this effort is led by Chester Zoo.

8. We are members of the WAZA Sustainable Palm Oil subcommittee working to insure the implementation of the RSPO-WAZA MOU.

Additional activities in 2017 included:

A. Attended RT15 via web stream

B. Voted in GA14

C. Attended EURT2017

D. Attended WAZA 2017 meeting to witness the signing of the RSPO-WAZA MOU.

E. Continue to be active in the Association of Zoo's and Aquarium (AZA) Palm Oil Task Force.

F. Co-hosted (with other members of the AZA POTF) a sustainable palm oil discussion at the 2017 AZA annual conference.

G. Application submitted in 2017 for appointment to the Complaints Panel (gained acceptance to panel in 2018).

H. Updated the AZA Business Operations Committee about the history of AZA palm oil awareness activities and the future

directions of the AZA POTF.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Our work on palm oil is funded through revenues from our annual operating budgets of San Diego Zoo and San Diego Zoo Safari Park. San Diego Zoo Global's Marketing and Interpretive departments, as well as our Institute for Conservation Research, provide additional resources, funding and labor.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2018

Comment:

A representative from our organization has been accepted to serve as a member of the Complaints Panel in 2018.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2013

Comment:

We continue to expand our efforts to promote sustainable palm oil and to support the RSPO Complaints Panel as noted in this ACOP.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

DRAFT -

In 2018, we will continue to extend our outreach and education efforts to support the RSPO and uptake of CSPO. Some of our planned activities include:

1. Host an annual talk for the SDZG docent/volunteer corps to prepare them for talking to our visitors about palm oil.

2. Inform the AZA Business Operations Committee about the history of AZA palm oil awareness activities and the future directions of the AZA POAC.

3. Attendance at the European RT (EuRT) in June 2017.

4. Participation in the ENGO member meeting prior to the EuRT to discuss the current RSPO P&C review.

5. Attend RT15/GA14 in the fall.

6. Provide palm oil sustainability information to food vending operators that service SDZG employee break areas and lounges.

7. Develop and display palm oil sustainability information in the employees break areas in lounges to continue to educate staff and volunteers/docents.

8. Continue to assist Bristol Zoo in the development of their global palm oil sustainability campaign.

9. Continue to promote Cheyenne Mountain Zoo phone app for the empowerment of our shopping public.

10. We will continue and already have included discussions in 2018 on sustainable palm oil at Green Team meetings and at Senior Management Level Sustainability Meetings.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Our Green Team and Sustainable Leadership groups will evaluate future plans in this area.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-energyandcarbonfootprints.pdf

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

□ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

We share with our Retail Department responsible for procurement of food items as well as gift shop items the need to make sure that products are those that contain sustainable palm oil.

Uploaded files:

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

We use the Cheyenne Mountain Zoo app to determine products that are sustainable. The obstacles are in taking the extra time to review products we procure. The social obstacles are explaining to guests who challenge us at times during animal presentations when we stress the use of sustainable palm oil to explain why boycotting palm oil is not the responsible thing to do.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We discuss the RSPO on tours and during "green" events, and the efforts to have guests take action steps to buy products with sustainable palm oil.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: https://www.aza.org/assets/2332/aza_palm_oil_position_statement_approved1.pdf

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Singapore Environment Council

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0038-15-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

The Singapore Environment Council (SEC) is a non-government, non-profit organisation focused towards the conservation of the environment. The key activities would include green certification and public education on conserving the environment.

SEC promotes the 'Green' message to consumers and community at large through formulating and executing a range of holistic programmes and certifications, such as the Singapore Environmental Achievement Awards, Asian Environmental Journalism Awards, School Green Awards, Green Champions, Singapore Green Labelling Scheme, Project: Eco-Office, Project: Eco-Shop and Project: F&B.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

SEC participated in the Singapore Alliance for Sustainable Palm Oil (SASPO) that aims to make CSPO the norm to stop the haze as well as deforestation and loss of natural habitats in the region. It provides a platform for companies to participate in the sustainable journey towards producing, trading and using certified sustainable palm.

Through the Singapore Green Labelling Scheme (SGLS), a green product certification administered by SEC, we encourage the use of RSPO certified palm oil in the final product. SEC had launched the product category for final products with palm oil in 2016. In the evaluation of an application, the SGLS Secretariat would actively look out for the supporting documentation such as suppliers' (RSPO members) complete set of ACOP and a set of the audit report.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

--

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2020

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2020

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

For the coming year, we plan to continue promoting the use of sustainable palm oil to consumer.

Through the Singapore Green Labelling Scheme (SGLS) certification, we would promote the use of RSPO certified palm oil in the manufacturing of the final product.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Not Applicable

Uploaded files:

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

There is a lack of awareness among consumer about sustainable palm oil. There is also a lack of CSPO products in the local market. During the course of our promotion for the use of RSPO certified palm oil, we found that consumer are quite price sensitive in their purchase of daily household products. They would not choose RSPO certified product if they are of higher price. This has made our effort in promoting RSPO certified product to companies and consumers challenging.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have promote the use of RSPO certified products to consumers and our partners in the hope of getting people to use more sustainable palm oil and help in improveing the environment as a whole.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Stichting AIDEnvironment

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

owers

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0032-14-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Research and environmental services for sustainable land development and water management.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Providing of training for CB staff on partial certification and Social Environmental Impact Assessments (SEIA).

Participation in Guidance Group for the implementation of Resolution 6H (2015) on ensuring quality, oversight and credibility of RSPO assessments.

Engagement with several prominent RSPO growers to address non-compliance.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

50%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Donor sponsorships and consultancies

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2016

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2004

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

- Support implementation of RSPO remediation and compensation plans through integrated landscape approach in Indonesia

(Kalimantan, Sumatra)

Support of smallholder development

- Continuation of contributions to task force if applicable

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

- Energy and carbon footprints
- Land Use Rights
- Ethical Conduct
- Labour rights
- Stakeholder engagement
- None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Uploaded files:

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Engagement, collaboration and information provision with and to NGOs and palm oil companies (growers, traders/refiners) as well as investors).

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Link: www.chainreactionresearch.com

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

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Sumatran Orangutan Society (SOS)
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1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0013-09-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

SOS works to protect orangutans, their forests and their future. We support frontline conservation programmes and campaign on issues threatening the survival of orangutans in the wild. Our projects include rainforest restoration and developing community conservation initiatives which support the protection of the Leuser Ecosystem, empowering local people to become guardians of this precious ecosystem

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

SOS has worked with partners in Sumatra, Indonesia, to provide training for plantation workers and agricultural communities on best management practices for dealing with human-wildlife conflict, enabling farmers to protect their crops without harming wildlife. We have supported the evacuation of orangutans at risk in plantation areas, including those owned and managed by RSPO members. Ensuring that standards are upheld on the ground is a crucial role for NGO members of RSPO.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

15%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Public donations and grants from donor agencies

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2009

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2009

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

We will continue to submit resolutions to be considered at the RSPO GA annual meetings that we believe strengthen the RSPO standard and system. We will also actively participate in the P&C review.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

N/A

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints

Land Use Rights

Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

Stakeholder engagement

None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

N/A

Uploaded files:

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

N/A

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Engagement with key stakeholders; education and outreach

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

The Zoological Society of London

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0009-11-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

The Zoological Society of London (ZSL), a charity (registered no. 208728) founded in 1826, is a world-renowned centre of excellence for conservation science and applied conservation. ZSL's mission is to promote and achieve the worldwide conservation of animals and their habitats. This is realised by carrying out field conservation and research in over 50 countries across the globe and through education and awareness-raising at our two zoos, ZSL London Zoo and ZSL Whipsnade Zoo.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

ZSL operates a Palm Oil Policy across our sites and offices at ZSL London Zoo and Whipsnade Zoo in the UK. ZSL recognises that unsustainable palm oil production has serious negative environmental and social impacts. However, ZSL also recognises that the palm oil industry plays an important role in economic development for many countries, and is currently the most efficient vegetable oil crop in terms of yield per hectare. Due to these factors, ZSL believes that transforming the market to a sustainable supply of palm oil that protects wildlife is the most practical solution. As such, where ZSL procures products containing palm oil, it is committed to sourcing only certified sustainable palm oil (CSPO) where available, as a minimum defined by the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) Principles & Criteria. The full Palm Oil Policy is available here: https://www.spott.org /about/zsl-palm-oil-policy/

SPOTT: In 2017, ZSL relaunched SPOTT as the Sustainability Policy Transparency Toolkit, an online platform supporting sustainable commodity production and trade (https://www.spott.org/). SPOTT assesses commodity producers and traders on the public disclosure of their policies, operations and commitments related to environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues. From November, ZSL published SPOTT assessments of 50 palm oil companies – including two new traders (https://www.spott.org /palm-oil) – and 24 new timber and pulp producers (https://www.spott.org/timber-pulp). ZSL revised the SPOTT framework for assessing palm oil producers to encompass more ESG issues across 125 indicators in 10 categories, including sustainability policy and leadership, community, land and labour rights, and governance and grievances. SPOTT scores companies annually against sector-specific indicators, allowing them to benchmark their progress over time. While the average score was less than 30% against June 2014 indicators, it reached 50.4% in November 2017. Forty RSPO members scored an average of 58.9%, while 10 non-members averaged 20.2%. Investors, buyers and other key influencers can use SPOTT assessments to inform stakeholder engagement, manage risk, and increase industry transparency.

KELOLA Sendang: Since 2015, ZSL has been working in Indonesia with the Government of South Sumatra on a landscape management project, KELOLA Sendang. This public-private-people partnership aims to address the challenges of deforestation, peatland degradation, wildfires and their associated climate impacts within the context of green growth and biodiversity conservation. The project supports the government, private sector – including palm oil companies – and local communities, to pilot a sustainable management partnership model across the Sembilang-Dangku landscape of South Sumatra, an important habitat for Sumatran tigers and other wildlife. As part of KELOLA Sendang, we are supporting the implementation of best management practices (BMP) within the public and private sectors (including working with RSPO member palm oil companies) while also enabling communities in 21 priority villages to gain access to local resources. ZSL presented on this topic during a session at the RSPO European Roundtable conference in June 2017.

HCV management and monitoring tools: ZSL has created HCV management and monitoring tools to support RSPO members in the uptake of Best Management Practices and to meet the requirements of the RSPO Standard. This includes the RSPO-endorsed HCV Impact Monitoring System. ZSL participated, with a consortium of partners, in a project commissioned by the Biodiversity and High Conservation Value Working Group, ""HCV Management & Monitoring. A review of field-level barriers to effective HCV management and monitoring in RSPO-certified oil palm plantations" published in September 2017 (https://www.hcvnetwork.org /hcv-m-m-full-report). The report makes recommendations to: promote existing guidance on HCV management and monitoring, create standard templates for HCV management and monitoring, and support companies to identify management and monitoring priorities.

Stakeholder engagement: ZSL continues to work with a variety of stakeholders in the palm oil industry to support and promote sustainable palm oil. The financial sector is the primary audience for SPOTT and ZSL has held workshops to disseminate information and encourage financiers to be involved in sustainable production. ZSL has continued to be part of the UK Roundtable on Sourcing Sustainable Palm Oil with the UK Government's Department for International Development (DFID) and has fed into stakeholder consultation exercises. ZSL has also continued to engage in and lead discussions within the international zoo community on sustainable procurement and outreach and education, and the World Association of Zoos and Aquariums (WAZA) committed to RSPO Certified Sustainable Palm Oil in October 2017.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Our work on palm oil is funded through grants, charitable donations and some charitable core funds. The costs of training companies in the implementation of HCV monitoring and management tools are met by the companies themselves.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2008

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2008

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

ZSL will continue to promote sustainable palm oil via SPOTT and our related outreach and engagement. This will involve an annual assessment for publication in November 2018, engagement with growers on transparency and sustainability commitments, including to the RSPO, and engagement with the finance sector and key buyers in the palm oil supply chain. ZSL will continue to work with the government in South Sumatra and with partners to implement the KELOLA Sendang project. ZSL will continue with outreach activities within our two zoos, and through our participation in the RSPO Board of Governors and the RSPO Biodiversity and High Conservation Value Working Group, and feed into the RSPO Principles & Criteria review.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct
Labour rights
Stakeholder engagement
None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

In this reporting period, ZSL published "From disclosure to engagement: A guide to the SPOTT indicators for assessing palm oil producers and traders" alongside ESG transparency assessments of 50 palm oil producers and traders.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

www.spott.org/news/from-disclosure-to-engagement-guide-spott-indicators-assessing-palm-oil-producers-traders/

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

ZSL provides advice on implementing and raising standards for sustainable production via our SPOTT website (https://www.spott.org). ZSL also promotes sustainable palm oil via our online outreach and in our two zoos. The lack of uptake of the RSPO Trademark on products and communications by manufacturers and retailers can make it more difficult to advise on clear actions for our zoo visitors to follow, to support the consumption of CSPO. Improvements to both the reporting and auditing processes (as highlighted by Resolutions 6g and 6h at GA12) would improve the ability of the RSPO to monitor progress and impact, therefore supporting the credibility of the RSPO and its economic, social and environmental impacts; this would facilitate the promotion of CSPO. Support from the RSPO in our communications around our wider palm oil work, including to the financial and manufacturing sectors, would enable us to better promote SPOTT and support the uptake of CSPO.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

ZSL has supported the vision of the RSPO to transform markets via our activities detailed throughout the ACOP report. In particular, we have done this through our promotion of sustainable palm oil production and procurement via SPOTT. We have engaged with stakeholders throughout the palm oil supply chain (producers, consumer goods manufacturers and retailers) and the financial sectors to promote the importance of supporting sustainable production and to incentivise more responsible business practices and transparency. This has involved one-on-one engagement, as well as workshops and presentations at conferences.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

Wetlands International

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

Banks and Investors

Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0007-07-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Wetlands International is the only global not-for-profit organization dedicated to the conservation and restoration of wetlands. Our vision is a world where wetlands are treasured and nurtured for their beauty, the life they support and the resources they provide. Wetlands International is a leading expert on environmental matters related to land use and management of (tropical) peatlands, including for palm oil and for pulp wood production. This pertains particularly to biodiversity, GHG and soil subsidence issues, but also to social aspects. We work in a critical and constructive manner with the corporate sector to improve their sustainability performance. We challenge their economic strategies and production system standards which lack sufficient sustainability criteria, particularly those relevant to wetlands. In addition, we also work to influence policy change and commitments from various governments. Some examples of our substantive work in this area includes science based contributions to the UNFCCC, IPCC, Indonesian and Malaysian Governments, EU (on biofuels, RED, FQD, CAP) including a successful lobby to the European Commission for the inclusion of wetlands and peatlands sustainability criteria in the EU Renewable Energy Directive and the Fuel Quality Directive.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

1. Active member of Emissions Reduction Working Group and Peatland Working Group, contributing to reviews of documents, consultant reports and participating in working group meetings. Participated in RSPO GHG Workshops on compliance and lessons learnt from C5.6 and C7.8. Participated in Peatland consultation workshop preceding RT15 of the review of RSPO Manual on Best Management Practices (BMPs) for Existing Oil Palm Cultivation on Peat, and for Management and Rehabilitation of Natural Vegetation Associated with Oil Palm Cultivation on Peat.

2. The RSPO started an Online Sustainability College, based on the Best Management Practices Guidelines for existing oil palm on peat and for rehabilitation and conservation of forest and peatland. We developed all peatland related modules that contain messages to enhance sustainability practices in peatlands. These are now to reach many more people including from palm oil growers and are presented in an easily accessible manner.

3. Collaboration with Indonesia's Peatland Restoration Agency on the identification of priority peatlands and the development of guidance and demonstration sites for rewetting of peatlands.

4. Working on the joint identification of alternative economic developments on rewetted peatlands (paludiculutre) with RSPO member companies.

5. Ongoing monitoring of palm oil expansion on peatlands/peat swamp forests and the impacts thereof.

6. Working on the identification and mapping of oil palm plantation concessions on peat in parts of Indonesia.

7. Collaborate with Indonesian government and NGOs in discussions and meetings on sustainable peatland management.

8. Engaged with the European Parliament, during the drafting of the INI report on palm oil and deforestation of rainforests (2016/2222(INI), by sending feedback and supporting the approval of the report in plenary. The palm oil issue is strongly linked to

the REDII dossier, bio-economy strategy, CAP and all related climate energy files.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Financed by various donors:

a) DGIS, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Netherlands

b) CLUA (Climate and land-use Alliance)

c) RSPO (specific assignments and travel costs coverage)

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2008

Comment:

GHG working group 1; GHG working group 2, Peatlands Working group (ongoing), ERWG working group, EU RED Working Group, PEET sub-Working Group, New Planting sub-Working group, P&C task Force. We also made contributions to the HCV working group. In addition, Wetlands International is an active member of the POIG and the Peatland Innovation Working Group.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2018

Comment:

Our work of support to RSPO, as described in previous ACOPs, will be continued in 2018 as an active member of the PLWG.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

1) Finalization of the drainability assessment guideline for plantations on peatlands

2) Contribution to the revision of the RSPO P&C through the membership of the P&C task force

3) Engage with specific companies to develop alternative economic development on rewetted peatlands

4) Promote alternative economic development on rewetted through the Paludiculture Platform that facilitaties the discussion with

and between private sector, government, NGOs and research institutes

5) Engage with the European Parliament on the REDII dossier, bio-economy strategy, CAP and related climate energy files.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

We are only reporting the CO2 emissions from all flights as we compensate for those.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

 Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights Related link: www.wetlands.org/publications/conservation-and-human-rights-framework/
Ethical Conduct Related link: www.wetlands.org/publications/ethical-policy/
Labour rights Related link: www.wetlands.org/publications/code-of-conduct/
Stakeholder engagement Related link: www.wetlands.org/publications/ingo-accountability-charter/

□ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

We have worked with the Indonesian Peatland Restoration Agency for development of guidelines for peatland restoration.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

brg.go.id/publikasi/

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

1) A key challenge for an NGO like Wetlands International is to ensure that we have sufficient financial resources and human capacity to maintain our level of contributions to the RSPO, in terms of quantity and quality. 2) In Indonesia, certain academicians /universities are continued being paid to promote oil palm in peatland area as sustainable business e.g. https://agroklimatologippks.files.wordpress.com/2016/02/mitosfakta.pdf

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have launched a fund to promote sustainable use of rewetted peatlands by communitties through stimulation of sustainable business models and development of innovative economic alternatives on rewetted peatlands by NGO-community partnerships

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: www.wetlands.org/news/small-grants-fund-community-peatland-restoration-indonesia-launched-today/

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

World Resources	Institute	(WRI)
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1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

🗌 Oi	Palm	Growers
🗌 Oi	Palm	Grower

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0020-12-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

WRI is a global research organization that spans more than 50 countries, with offices in the United States, China, India, Brazil, Indonesia and more. Our more than 700 experts and staff work closely with leaders to turn big ideas into action to sustain our natural resources—the foundation of economic opportunity and human well-being. Our work focuses on six critical issues at the intersection of environment and development: climate, energy, food, forests, water, and cities and transport.

We measure our success through real change on the ground. Our approach involves three essential steps: Count It, Change It, and Scale It.

Count It

We start with data. We conduct independent research and draw on the latest technology to develop new insights and recommendations. Our rigorous analysis identifies risks, unveils opportunities, and informs smart strategies. We focus our efforts on influential and emerging economies where the future of sustainability will be determined.

Change It

We use our research to influence government policies, business strategies, and civil society action. We test projects with communities, companies, and government agencies to build a strong evidence base. Then, we work with partners to deliver change on the ground that alleviates poverty and strengthens society. We hold ourselves accountable to ensure our outcomes will be bold and enduring.

Scale It

We don't think small. Once tested, we work with partners to adopt and expand our efforts regionally and globally. We engage with decision-makers to carry out our ideas and elevate our impact. We measure success through government and business actions that improve people's lives and sustain a healthy environment.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Not directly. Some products containing palm oil are sold in our office vending machines and may be used in catering for events, etc

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

(1) Supporting the RSPO and its individual members to identify deforestation-related risks in supply chains, track trends in deforestation over time, and to monitor deforestation and fires in near-real time through Global Forest Watch. This includes the development of new datasets such as the Universal Mill List, analyses such as the PALM Risk tool, and new platforms such as Global Forest Watch Pro. WRI partners directly with the RSPO Secretariat and numerous RSPO members to utilize on how to best utilize these tools to drive impact in the palm oil sector.

(2) Improving transparency and quality of spatial data related to palm oil supply chains and forests.

(3) Supporting RSPO spatial analysis initiatives, such as "Eyes on the Haze" and the recent launch of GeoRSPO platform (powered by Global Forest Watch), and HCV/NPP monitoring.

(3) Promoting the effectiveness of the RSPO standard by participating in the RSPO Board of Governors, BHCV WG, Compensation Panel, S&C SC, Assurance TF, and P&C Review TF, as well as the HCVRN Management Committee.

(4) Promoting improved land use planning and data alignment in Indonesia through the One Map initiative and other government engagement.

(5) Building capacity of smallholders in pilot areas of Indonesia for sustainability and RSPO certification through the Land Use Accountability initiative.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Global Forest Watch has received generous support (including both past and current funders) from USAID, Norwegian Ministry of Climate and Environment, UKAid, Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation, Cargill, GEF, Generation Foundation, Inter-American Development Bank, IDB Invest, MacArthur, Foundation, IIC, Wilburforce Foundation, Bobolink Foundation, Eurasia Foundation, IFC, Johnson&Johnson, Mondelez, Morgan Family Fund, Netherlands Development Finance Company (FMO), NewPage, Rainforest Alliance, Tetra Tech, The Tilia Fund, UNEP, Walmart Foundation, World Bank.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2011

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2009

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

1. Launch the new Global Forest Watch Pro platform and generate uptake by RSPO members in order to support informed decision making and mitigate or eliminate reputational and operational risks for organizations working to eliminate deforestation from commodity supply chains. GFW Pro is designed to make the latest forest monitoring technology and analysis accessible to commodity and finance sector professionals. With this scalable and easy-to-use management system, a company, bank or any institution managing land-related assets can: plot the location of thousands of farms, production facilities or municipalities; save location data securely; access a dashboard of alerts to track environmental risks occurring in these areas, such as tree cover loss, fires and more; spot trends in risky areas; monitor progress over time.

2. Continue to develop and publish datasets, analytical tools, reports and other communications related to the palm oil sector - including updated Universal Mill List, PALM Risk Tool 2.0, improved concession data.

3. Continue to support the RSPO Secretariat in spatial data management and geospatial analysis - specifically on GeoRSPO portal, HCV/NPP mapping and monitoring, and GFW Pro (once launched)

4. Continue to build upon our partnership with the RSPO and actively participate as a member of the Board of Governors and in various working groups.

5. Continue in-country work in Indonesia related to more efficient land use planning, conflict resolution, and data consistency in Indonesia via One Map initiative - including engagement with palm oil producers and smallholders.

6. Build on existing partnerships and establish new partnerships with RSPO member companies across the supply chain in order to promote robust commitments to sustainability and support implementation of these commitments.

7. Participate in other multistakeholder fora related to sustainability in the palm oil sector, such as the HCS Approach SG (observer), HCVRN Management Committee, IDH Traceability Working Group/Sustainable Landscapes Working Group, Tropical Forest Alliance, Accountability Framework, Friends of Smallholders.

8. Continue to drive increased transparency in the palm oil sector.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

http://www.wri.org/sustainability-wri/ghg-commitments-and-strategy

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints Related link: http://www.wri.org/sustainability-wri/sustainability-wri-transparency-and-accountability Land Use Rights Related link: http://www.wri.org/our-work/project/access-initiative-tai Ethical Conduct Related link: http://www.wri.org/sustainability-wri/sustainability-wri-transparency-and-accountability Labour rights Related link: http://www.wri.org/about/wri-annual-reports-and-corporate-documents Stakeholder engagement Related link: http://www.wri.org/corporations None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Interactive Web Applications: Global Forest Watch: www.globalforestwatch.org. Available in 15 languages. Global Forest Watch Commodities; commodities.globalforestwatch.org Global Forest Watch Fires: fires.globalforestwatch.org

Resources for Companies via WRI Business: Topics include Climate & Energy, Food, Forests, Multi-Impact Strategy (English, availability of other languages varies by product): http://www.wri.org/business/resources-companies

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website commodities.globalforestwatch.org

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Four key obstacles to sustainability of palm oil sector (1) Technical: Eg Policy-makers lack the accurate data needed to develop and implement effective land use planning and monitoring. Palm oil buyers/retailers, investors, and traders still lack necessary data to achieve full supply chain traceability and to effectively assess the associated risks to sustainability commitments associated with their supply chains. (2) Legal: Eg: In many areas, physically degraded land is legally classified as "forest" and therefore unavailable for agricultural expansion, while forested land is legally classified as "non-forest" and therefore at risk of conversion. (3) Social: Oil palm plantation projects face high risk of social conflict due to land tenure issues. This is especially a problem on degraded lands which tend to have more claims than forested areas. Historically, poorly managed projects have resulted in highly unequal distribution of costs and benefits of expansion, leading to the marginalization of local communities. (4) Financial: Market access and demand for sustainable palm oil still remains a challenge, particularly in markets like China, India and Indonesia. By providing access to improved information and anlayses via Global Forest Watch and other platforms - we hope to build capacity of relevant stakeholders to address technical challenges, support positive policy reform to reduce legal challenges, improve transparency and land use planning to alleviate social challenges, and drive market transformation to tackle financial challenges.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

WRI's efforts related to palm oil focus on supporting companies in the implementation of their sustainability commitments and on improving the transparency of information related to forests and palm oil supply chains. We work to build the analytical capacity of companies and other stakeholders to identify risks, track progress, and identify ongoing issues related to deforestation in palm oil supply chains. This helps companies more effectively meet their commitments and helps external stakeholders hold them accountable. In turn, this provides increased credibility to the sustainability of the palm oil industry and to standards like the RSPO.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

WWF Indonesia

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers	
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- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- $\hfill\square$ Banks and Investors
- □ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0003-04-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

WWF Indonesia is a conservation organization, we have been engaging with sustainable palm oil practices since it was started. WWF Indonesia has been supporting sustainable palm oil practices through RSPO from the perspective of environmental aspects. Our role is to support the transformation from conventional palm oil production practices into sustainable palm oil practices.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

WWF Indonesia currently focusing its activities and interventions on promoting sustainable production and consumption in the palm oil sector.

PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION

WWF Indonesia is actively promoting sustainable production of palm oil through various programs and projects in several conservation priority landscapes across Indonesia. The main goals is actually to taking deforestation out of palm oil supply chains. Having this target WWF Indonesia works to create innovation and combined approach of landscape and jurisdiction by working with various stakeholders along the supply chains.

WWF Indonesia constantly working with independent smallholder in order to increase their capacity and awareness of sustainable oil palm practices and at the end can be complied with RSPO Principles and Criteria. Series of training aims to developed farmers capacities consecutively conducted within the reporting period. In line with this, to get bigger buy in from the local authorities, WWF Indonesia also provide training for the local extension agents. To date WWF Indonesia works with two independent smallholder farmers in Kuantan Sengingi district in Riau province as well as in Sintang District in West Kalimantan Province.

Several projects also targeted and intervened the policy works at the sub-national and national level. At the moment, WWF Indonesia works in Kapuas Hulu district in West Kalimantan Province to develop Green Economy initiative in the Heart of Borneo (HoB) area where palm oil becoming the main commodity and promoting sustainability on this sector is one of the main deliverable. At the same time, WWF Indonesia works closely with Sintang district local government in helping them to shape sustainable development strategy, especially for the oil palm sector. The intervention itself targeted the spatial planning policy and capacity building for independent smallholders.

PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE DEMAND

The main idea is to increase RSPO CSPO uptake in Indonesia domestic market. There are two main initiatives being conducted in this regards. The first initiative is to approach retails, brand owners as well as food services chains to move forward and commit to source CSPO for Indonesia market. At the moment WWF Indonesia is in the middle of discussion with several retails on how to improve their procurement policy and there is one retailer that already committed to source sustainable palm oil for its home-brand cooking oil. WWF Indonesia role on this initiative is to connect retails with the RSPO certified suppliers.

The second initiative is consumer campaign to improve end-user's awareness on sustainable product, particularly palm oil-based product. This initiative was started in 2015 also in collaboration with RSPO Indonesia. WWF continues to improve the way we campaign sustainable demand in order to put pressure from the end-users on sustainable palm oil-based product to be available in domestic market.

PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE FINANCE

WWF Indonesia is supporting OJK (Indonesia Financial Service Authority) program on sustainable finance first movers pledge for banks. Eight national banks representing 46% of national banking asset signed an MoU with WWF Indonesia in end of 2015. WWF-Indonesia developed a sustainable palm oil financing guidelines and endorsed by OJK as an official voluntary guidelines for banks.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

WWF Indonesia is part of WWF Global Network that pays big attention to promote sustainable palm oil practices. And also WWF Indonesia get financial support from bilateral funding mechanism from several development aid agencies.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2014

Comment:

1. WWF Indonesia becoming member of FLTTF since 2015

- 2. WWF Indonesia becoming member of SHWG since 2014
- 3. WWF Indonesia becoming member of HCV-NI Task Force since 2017
- 4. WWF Indonesia becoming member of FPIC-NI Task Force since 2017

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2019

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

WWF Indonesia will continue its commitment to promote sustainable production and consumption initiative of palm oil sector. Having this commitment, then WWF Indonesia will continues and improve the existing initiative and intervention for the next five years as it is mandated in WWF Indonesia strategic planning for the period of 2019 – 2023.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct
Labour rights
Stakeholder engagement
None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

1. Assessing traceability system of FFB supply chains in Indonesia. Contribution to RSPO indicator 4.1.4. (Available in Bahasa and English)

2. Panduan Training Budidaya Kelapa Sawit - Untuk Petani, in collaboration with SPKS. (Available in Bahasa)

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

WWF Indonesia is fully aware about the complexity of oil palm sector in Indonesia. Hence, in order to encounter the challenges, innovation and the way to deal with the sector itself should provide an impact at scale, especially for the conservation. WWF Indonesia found that the major issues in promoting sustainability in Indonesia as follows: 1. Illegality. WWF Indonesia and other NGOs works in oil palm sector are fully aware that the illegality is one of the main challenges. Operation of oil palm plantation within state-owned forest area are still continue to happen, both operates by independent smallholder and private companies. The encroachment of state-owned forest area that lead to deforestation, habitat and biodiversity loss, water quality degradation, etc, and in the end will threaten the credibility of RSPO supply chains, where there is a possibility of RSPO supply chains, especially mass balance being tainted by illegal FFB produced from protected area. Mitigation: Knowing this challenge, WWF Indonesia together with RSPO started since 2016 committed to develop FFB traceability system to strengthen RSPO principles and criteria in order to maintain RSPO supply chains credibility. The system itself is planned to be tested in order to strengthen its implementation so that it can be used as a tool to ensure the legality of the FFB supply chains. 2. Lack of Government Support. Unsupportive national and sub-national authority policies also undermined the effort to promote sustainable palm oil. Couples of policies issued in the national level assessed somehow miss the sustainable norm on its regulations. Mitigation: WWF Indonesia currently having several projects that works closely with local government in order to shape their sustainable development strategy in oil palm sector. The main tools is actually to strengthen their spatial planning policy to secure the remaining forest cover landscape and natural ecosystem as well as promoting BMP and GAP to be implemented. 3. Low Awareness on Demand for Sustainable Palm Oil. WWF Indonesia is aware that Indonesia's role is quite unique, as the biggest palm oil producer as well the second largest consumer in the world, especially for the use of cooking oil. Domestic demand for sustainable palm oil is still very low. The situation is resultant of the limited knowledge, awareness as well as willingness to source and demand sustainable palm oil at the retail business down to end-consumers level. Mitigation: Since 2015, WWF Indonesia works on promoting higher uptake of CSPO for domestic market by launched consumer campaign #BeliYangBaik. To date, #BeliYangBaik campaign becoming the main channel to increase end-consumer awareness and knowledge on sustainable palm oil. In parallel to that, WWF Indonesia also retain its effort to approach and educate retail business to source and procure only CSPO to be marketed in their market chains.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

WWF Indonesia are fully committed to maintain RSPO as the main sustainability standard for palm oil. Hence, in every single advocacy, campaign and policy works, RSPO always used as the main reference to sustainability. WWF Indonesia works closely with the Ministry of Forestry and Environment to promote Essential Ecosystem Area (KEE/Kawasan Ekosistem Esensial) in order to induce HCV principles. In the other hand, a number of works also conducted with other Ministries and National Agencies in order to promote sustainable consumption and production of palm oil. WWF Indonesia works in promoting sustainable finance within the reporting period which also provide remarkable impacts to direct the banks lending policy to palm oil growers.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

WWF International

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

Banks and Investors

Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0011-08-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

For more than half a century, WWF has been working to protect the world's species and natural places, pushing for a more sustainable world. By working with local communities, governments, businesses, and other NGOs ¬ we are defining new ways of working that will make a difference at a scale that matters to help redefine humanity's relationship with the planet.

We have a presence in over 100 countries across the world, and our efforts have evolved from localised efforts in favour of a single species and individual habitats to an ambitious strategy to preserve biodiversity and achieve sustainable development across the planet.

To stop the degradation of the planet's natural environment and to build a future in which people live in harmony with nature, by:

- · conserving the world's biological diversity
- ensuring that the use of renewable natural resources is sustainable
- promoting the reduction of pollution and wasteful consumption.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

WWF has taken an active role in the RSPO P&C review process, having a seat as an alternate to one of the ENGO seats in the RSPO P&C Review Task Force as well as chairing the Steering Group that is supporting the process. WWF continues to play an active role in a number of RSPO working groups.

WWF International is strongly committed to the RSPO as a vehicle to help transform the market for palm oil to one that is responsible. WWF is a founding of the RSPO and currently sits on the RSPO Board of Governors.

During the reporting period, WWF has been active throughout the RSPO in order to strengthen the RSPO systems and contribute to its credibility. WWF urges all companies in the palm oil value chain to get actively involved in producing, trading, procuring or investing in certified sustainable palm oil. In order to ensure that no companies take shelter under the RSPO without real action, WWF has worked to drive more transparency and consistency in RSPO reporting so that producer members pursue certification and buyer members provide timebound reporting of progress toward ambitious targets for CSPO. Beyond its participation in the RSPO, WWF works across the palm oil supply chain to promote sustainable palm oil to producers, traders, buyers, investors, financiers, consumers and other NGOs. WWF also lobbies governments in both producing and consuming regions to introduce polices that support the sustainable production and use of palm oil. WWF employs a broad range of strategies to enable its success, including one-on-one corporate engagement with companies, engagement with business platforms, promoting better management practices, encouraging sustainable land use planning, working with producer and buyer country governments, and developing and promoting investment screens. Among others, WWF undertook the following activities in 2017:

Following the 2016 campaign We Breathe What We Buy (which educated consumers on the causes of the transboundary haze and rallied them to show companies that consumers do care about where the palm oil in their products comes from, reaching over 20 million people) and the establishment along with other stakeholders of the Southeast Asia Alliance for Sustainable Palm Oil (SASPO), WWF Singapore launched the WWF Palm Oil Buyers Scorecard Singapore and Malaysia. It was the first initiative to introduce transparency into Southeast Asia's palm oil industry. Published by WWF Singapore and Malaysia, the Scorecard assesses the buying and sourcing of palm oil by local retailers, manufacturers and food service brands. (WWF Malaysia released its own version of this Scorecard which is captured in WWF Malaysia's ACOP report).

Following the publication of the scorecard, SASPO experienced a 200% spike in new members. Its members represent a great mix of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), local and regional chains, and multinational corporations (MNCs), accounting for 81 brands and 200 food and beverage companies.

WWF UK published a report looking at the UK overseas footprint of imported commodities including palm oil. https://www.wwf.org.uk/ riskybusiness

WWF India published 'Palm Lines – Envisioning a sustainable future for the Indian palm oil industry', a report released that highlights the critical role that Indian companies could play in promoting sustainable production of palm oil and offers practical solutions relevant for the Indian market. The report recommends a set of approaches to increase the adoption of sustainable palm oil in the Indian market through constructive industry engagement. These recommendations include low-cost solutions, such as use of the Sustainable Palm Oil Transparency Toolkit (SPOTT), developed by ZSL.

WWF-India, in collaboration with the Zoological Society of London (ZSL), launched "Spotting the Difference: A Low-cost Approach to Sustainability for Indian Palm Oil Buyers". These guidelines for Indian palm oil buyers promote SPOTT (developed by ZSL and formerly called the Sustainable Palm Oil Transparency Toolkit) as part of a step-wise approach to sustainable supply chains. The approach encourages Indian companies to conduct a supplier assessment using the SPOTT scorecard of palm oil producers in order to assess current sustainability risks and set targets for improved performance in the future, whilst working towards time-bound commitments to RSPO-certified palm oil.

A comprehensive assessment of the palm oil and derivative value chain in India was commissioned by WWF India and RSPO India to tackle the paucity of concrete market data on Indian companies across the palm value chain. A significant volume of valuable data was found through the course of the study, giving a much clearer picture of the industry to both WWF India and RSPO and enabling the prioritization of industry engagement candidates in an effective manner. This is the only such study of its kind in India.

WWF India conducted an internal study on the econometric modeling of the palm oil value chain with the aim of understanding the impacts of import tariff changes to favour sustainable PO over business as usual PO, in the context of key stakeholder groups (Processors, growers, government and end consumers). The overall objective of the study was to use the results to inform some policy initiatives aimed at enhancing the macro economic environment for sustainable palm oil in India, given the cost disadvantage of CSPO over regular PO. The study has been completed, with the results being currently vetted internally.

World Wildlife Fund-US, with support from Global Forest Watch, developed the Jurisdictional Risk Assessment to explore potential applications of public data platforms (such as Global Forest Watch) that allow companies, governments, and other end-users to assess certain jurisdictions and their potential association with illegal deforestation. This tool can help companies and governments prioritize and strengthen their traceability and due diligence efforts. Using palm oil and Indonesia as a pilot geography, we developed a set of key indicators that approximate deforestation risks at the district level based on the extent and rate of deforestation in areas where deforestation is not permitted to occur (i.e., in primary forests, protected areas, peatland, Forest Estate) and through deforestation activities that are considered illegal (e.g., use of fire) in Indonesia.

In Africa, the Regional Sustainable Palm Oil Strategy was developed by WWF in collaboration with the Economic Community of Central Africa States (ECCAS) Regional palm oil strategy. This strategy includes RSPO P&Cs as the best management practices for sustainable development of palm oil sector in Central Africa. It was validated by Ministers of 11 country members of ECCAS during the ECCAS's Ministerial Conference on Eco-security and land use conflicts in central Africa that was organized by ECCAS and African Development Bank (AfDB) on 27th July 2017 in N'Djamena (Chad).

WWF played a regional facilitation role in the TFA 2020 Africa palm oil initiative (TFA 2020 APOI), working to engage central African countries in this initiative. National principles and action plans aiming for deforestation free palm production were developed and validated by stakeholders in the Congo Basin countries of the DRC, RoC and Gabon. In February 2018, WWF held workshops in Cameroon to support the development of the national palm oil strategy.

WWF facilitated and coordinated participation of the five countries at the 3rd regional workshop of TFA 2020 Africa Palm Oil Initiative that was co-organized by government of Gabon, the TFA Secretariat, Proforest and WWF Gabon on 12-13 October 2017 in Libreville (Gabon). The event drew about 75 participants, including representatives of 10 African countries (Cameroon, CAR, Cote d'Ivoire, DRC, Gabon, Ghana, Liberia, Nigeria, Republic of Congo and Sierra Leone).

WWF produced a French language video documentary on WWF's palm oil work in the Congo basin. It was used as a communication tool to advocate and sensitize stakeholders on sustainable development of palm oil sector in Central Africa.

WWF Australia gave on-going support to its school/education partner, CoolAustralia, regarding the use of teaching materials about sustainable palm that were created a few years ago (https://www.coolaustralia.org/unit/sustainable-palm-oil/). The materials have been well-received and are widely used by educators in Australia and overseas.

The WWF Guatemala/Mesoamerica office focused on promoting RSPO certification in Honduras and Guatemala. With funding support from Solidaridad network and the Summit foundation, it worked closely with smallholder producers, developing a database to assist the industry with the regulation of land tenure and provide a cadastral map of 1,800 smallholders. In addition, WWF worked with Guatemalan smallholders and companies to prepare them for RSPO certification.

WWF China enhanced consumer awareness of sustainable palm oil during sustainable consumption week in August 2017. Collaborating with CCFA and RSPO, WWF organized two consumer events in Beijing and Shenzhen. http://www.sohu.com/a/163724467 170950 WWF China also created a brochure on CSPO geared toward increasing consumer awareness of sustainable palm oil.

WWF engaged with ASEAN banks to influence the adoption of RSPO-compatible palm oil policies and deforestation free commitments.

In the EU, WWF continued its collaboration with other stakeholders to push for an EU Action Plan on reduced deforestation from commodities, including palm oil.

Representatives from WWF regularly speak at conferences, meetings and seminars to educate companies and others about sustainable palm oil. WWF communicates with external audiences through its website and other social media channels, highlighting the issues associated with unsustainable palm oil production and provides information about CSPO and the RSPO and other solutions. Note: This report does not capture actions and activities by WWF Indonesia, WWF Malaysia and WWF Switzerland which hold separate memberships in the RSPO and have therefore submitted their own ACOP reports.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

According to the WWF Annual Review 2017 WWF's income in FY 2017 came from the following sources: WWF National Organizations, 54%, Individuals, 5%; Public Sector, 25%; Corporations, 2%; Trusts and Foundations, 7%; Earned Income, 5%; Royalties, 6%; and Other, 1%.

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2004

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2004

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

WWF will continue to play an active role in the P&C review process and use its public platform to encourage other stakeholders to participate in the multi-stakeholder consultation process. WWF will continue to play an active role in a number of RSPO working groups.

WWF intends to launch a review of the progress of major global retailers and manufacturers in their commitment to sourcing RSPO certified palm oil and other commitments.

WWF will also take a more active role in promoting sustainable palm oil demand in the Asia region, in addition to ongoing efforts in Europe, USA and Australia.

WWF Germany will release another in its series of national Palm Oil Scorecards looking at the progress of German companies related to CSPO commitments and actions.

WWF Guatemala will continue field work with smallholders to increase its database and develop cadastral maps, as well as its assistance of the large groups/extractors with the preparation for RSPO certification.

WWF Singapore will support and track the progress of Singaporean companies to 100% RSPO CSPO, and continue its support for SASPO. This includes supporting SASPO with its Guide to Sustainable Palm Oil for Singapore Companies: Economic Benefits and Sourcing Guidelines to be launched in February 2018.

WWF Singapore will publish a primer for an investor audience covering the landscape of issues relevant to sustainable palm oil.

WWF India will conduct a study aimed at understanding the risks and future implications of oil palm cultivation in the biodiversity rich northeastern state of Arunachal Pradesh, a priority landscape for conservation for WWF India. The output of the study will be a report containing an assessment of the risks associated with unplanned oil palm expansion and WWF India's suggested approaches towards sustainable plantation and mill development.

WWF India will contribute a chapter on sustainable palm oil in an Indian context, from the point of view of sustainability standards, as part of a book on overall sustainability standards in India across multiple commodities and themes. The chapter is expected to cover all of the different standards and approaches to sustainability from a palm oil procurement perspective, especially in the context of a very distinct Indian market. The final version of the book is expected to be out in the last quarter of 2018, covering all major commodities like sugar, soy, cotton, tea, coffee, water consumption, finance amongst others.

WWF India is contributing to a roundtable for sustainable palm oil stakeholders in India, in conjunction with the RSPO and the Centre for Responsible Business (CRB), with the objective of accelerating awareness and sensitization of key industry members, mutual identification of key issues and barriers hindering progress on sustainable palm oil and influencing them to commit to time bound CSPO sourcing targets.

WWF India is working on a strategy for consumer awareness for the sub segment of the FMCG space in India, given the relatively high visibility of many of the brands and products in question and the higher levels of dispensable incomes of the consumers. WWF will be working collaboratively with the likes of RSPO, CRB and industry players from the FMCG space towards creating an understanding of palm oil's widespread usage and corresponding environmental and social impacts.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website https://www.wwf.org.uk/environmental-reporting

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy a	nd carbon footprints
Land Use	Rights
	onduct ed link: wwf.panda.org/what_we_do/how_we_work/people_and_conservation/wwf_social_policies
	ghts ed link: wwf.panda.org/what_we_do/how_we_work/people_and_conservation/wwf_social_policies
Relate	der engagement ed link: /wwf.panda.org/what_we_do/how_we_work/people_and_conservation/wwf_social_policies

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

The WWF Palm Oil Buyers Scorecard 2017 Singapore and Malaysia provides an overview of WWF's recommendations for the sustainable sourcing of palm oil for companies in those countries.

WWF-India's report "Spotting the Difference: A Low-cost Approach to Sustainability for Indian Palm Oil Buyers" (see above) offers guidelines to Indian palm oil buyers – recommending that they use promote SPOTT (developed by ZSL and formerly called the Sustainable Palm Oil Transparency Toolkit) as part of a step-wise approach to sustainable supply chains.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

https://palmoil.sg/wp-content/uploads/2017/09/POBSReport.pdf

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

The greatest challenge WWF has faced in the past year promoting the RSPO and CSPO is scepticism about the strength of the P&Cs, the quality of auditing and the robustness of the RSPO systems for handling complaints and encouraging members to progress, and the seeming lack of studies demonstrating RSPO's biodiversity and other environmental impacts on the ground. Also the RSPO is increasingly facing challenges from other initiatives and systems such as ISPO, MSPO, ISCC, SAN and POIG as well as from company own initiatives. This has lead to uncertainty and confusion and a loss of 'leadership' from the RSPO in sustainability in the industry. In addition, a lack of strong governance "on the ground" in producer countries has caused an undermining of the industry's efforts to make sustainable palm oil the norm.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Primarily through support to the RSPO and through promoting the RSPO and CSPO with stakeholders along the palm oil value chain. In particular we have engaged with various platforms and groupings such as the CGF, BEI and various national platforms in Europe, Singapore, India and China.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: http://wwf.panda.org/what_we_do/footprint/agriculture/about_palm_oil/sustainable_palm_oil/

WWF Malaysia

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

WWF Malaysia

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

🗌 Oil	Palm	Growers	

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0004-04-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

WWF-Malaysia is a scientific field organisation focusing on marine, forest, sustainable wood products, sustainable seafood, species, protected areas, sustainable palm oil and freshwater. Our mission is to to minimize the degradation of our planet's natural environment, and build a future in which humans live in harmony with nature. We are strategically focusing on conservation of Earth's rich biodiversity by reducing negative impacts of human activity through public awareness campaigns, industry engagement, market transformation initiatives, scientific studies, environmental publications and public advocacy. As part of our effort to reduce the negative impacts of human activities, WWF-Malaysia works to shift the commodities towards sustainability and creating a significant demand for such products. It is believed that by doing so, large-scale environmental outcomes can be delivered.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

1) Non-RSPO production companies to adopt practices that minimizes impacts on biodiversity and to avoid expansion and conversion of forested areas.

2) Support our WWF network colleague in South East Asia to encourage manufacturers operating within the region to enhance their uptake and supply of RSPO CSPO.

3) Facilitated certification process for smallholders to achieve RSPO smallholder group certification with corporate partners.

4)Linking independent/group smallholders with international buyers.

5) Introduce and promote Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) toolkit to financial institutions and bankers to reconsider their lending policy on risk management.

6) Creating awareness on RSPO and certifications to schools, private colleges and the general public.

7) Engagement with palm oil related companies to adopt sustainability in their purchasing and also in their businesses.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

WWF-Malaysia General Funds - Funded by public donors and sponsors

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2006

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2004

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

- 1. Engage with buyer companies to increase uptake RSPO CSPO
- 2. Linking international and local buyer companies with smallholders supply chain
- 3. Introduce and promote Environmental, Social and Governance toolkit to banks and financial institutions.
- 4. Engaging multi-stakeholder platform as solution driven initiative with Sustainable Palm Oil Community (SPOC)
- 5. Communicate the benefits and importance of sustainable palm oil and certifications to consumers and public

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

No

Please explain why

WWF-Malayisa have a carbon tracking portal that evaluates our organisation's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by measuring, tracking and reducing our earbon factorint.

reducing our carbon footprint.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

- Energy and carbon footprints
- Land Use Rights
- Ethical Conduct

Labour rights

- Stakeholder engagement
- None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Best Management Practice Guideline for Smallholder Cultivation - in Bahasa Malaysia

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

http://www.wwf.org.my/about_wwf/what_we_do/sustainable_markets/

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

1. The uptake and acceptance of RSPO certified palm oil is low from a consumer and product manufacture perspective - often cost and demand of RSPO CSPO is cited as the reason for low uptake and acceptance 2. Acceptance of RSPO CSPO in Malaysia in low due to low buy-in from governmental stakeholders - WWF Malaysia working to engage with governmental stakeholders to enhance RSPO CSPO acceptance 3. Evidence of environmental impacts RSPO has on the conservation - WWF Malaysia is linking RSPO certification directly towards landscape conservation efforts in high priority conservation areas such as Sabah

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

1. Engagement with buyers and suppliers to commit and transform their business towards sourcing certified sustainable palm oil. 2. Bridging international and local supply chain with buyers to traceable independent smallholders to be RSPO group certified 3. Educating and communicating on the topic of sustainable palm oil to all relevant stakeholders 4. Working and engaging with governmental stakeholders towards accepting RSPO CSPO

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: http://www.wwf.org.my/about_wwf/what_we_do/sustainable_markets/

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

WWF Switzerland

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

Oil Palm Growers

□ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders

Consumer Goods Manufacturers

Retailers

Banks and Investors

Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Affiliate Members

□ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0001-04-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Conservation, preserving and maintaining biodiversity, reduction of the ecological footprint

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Participation in workshops and meetings with various stakeholders in Switzerland and Europe. Palm oil section of our organizations' webpage. Commissioning and publication of research to improve assurance under RSPO (see also Challenges, Part 2, in this ACOP).

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

2%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Membership donations

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2014

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2005

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Within the RSPO: Continued participation in the Complaints and/or Appeals panel. Inputs into the P&C review and the assurance task force work.

Outside the RSPO: Participation in various meetings, workshops or seminars on the topic. Development of info materials. Support and participation in the Palm Oil Innovation Group (POIG).

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints
Land Use Rights
Ethical Conduct
Labour rights
Stakeholder engagement
None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Web content in German, French & Italian

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

https://www.wwf.ch/de/unsere-ziele/palmoel?gclid=EAlalQobChMIh5-Et7Pu2QIVkxoYCh3N_w6kEAAYASAAEgIs5fD_BwE

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Palm oil is viewed as problematic and unsustainable by many stakeholders in Switzerland, compared to other edible oils. Poor reputation of the RSPO due to ongoing complaints and grievances, as well as poor assurance, and the P&Cs failing to fully address deforestation, peat destruction and exploitation. We aim to improve the situation by direct involvement in relevant fora within the RSPO. Also, by communicating that RSPO currently is the best mainstream solution.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Discussions with various stakeholders (private and public sectors, NGOs, consumers). We have commissioned a study to improve the effectiveness of the assurance mechanisms for RSPO and other certification systems, available under: http://wwf.panda.org/what_we_do/footprint/agriculture/about_palm_oil/publications/?317330/Expecting-too-much-getting-too-little-A-think-piece-on-sustainability-certification-auditing-in-the-oil-palm-sector

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Link: https://www.wwf.ch/de/unsere-ziele/palmoel

ZOOLOGICAL PARKS BOARD OF NSW

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization

ZOOLOGICAL PARKS BOARD OF NSW

1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?

🗌 Oil	Palm	Growers
-------	------	---------

- □ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
- Consumer Goods Manufacturers
- Retailers
- Banks and Investors
- Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
- □ Affiliate Members
- □ Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0039-15-000-00

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization ?

Taronga Conservation Society Australia (Taronga) is a not-for-profit organisation, acting to conserve wildlife. Operating Taronga Zoo in Sydney, New South Wales (NSW) and Taronga Western Plains Zoo in Dubbo, NSW, Taronga cares for wildlife and creates transformational experiences that inspire guests to become champions for wildlife.

Taronga participates in regional and global conservation breeding programs to establish insurance populations for species threatened in the wild, and carries out world-class research whilst focussing on increasing education and awareness about the threats facing wildlife.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes, in products for sale in our catering outlets.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Taronga's Tiger Trek takes a 360 degree approach to saving the Sumatran Tiger, focusing on communities, wildlife and habitat. The new exhibit, opened in August 2017, is an innovative and state of the art habitat for Taronga's Sumatran Tigers, including breeding facilities and a disruptive visitor experience.

At Tiger Trek guests are "transported" via a simulated plane journey to Way Kambas National Park in Sumatra, Indonesia where they view Taronga's Sumatran Tigers. The visitor journey from plane, to village, then through the national park, involves learning of the extent of deforestation in Sumatra and its impact to wildlife, hearing about a solution - choosing Certified Sustainable Palm Oil - and then guests are taken through an interactive western style supermarket experience.

Raise Your Palm, Taronga's new community conservation campaign on sustainable palm oil, is facilitated through Tiger Trek. Through the supermarket experience, guests can learn about palm oil use in products and email manufacturers and retailers to reward those using 100% Segregated and Certified sustainable palm oil (CSPO), or encourage and support those yet to transition in a positive and collaborative way. Tiger Trek currently features products from nine companies that represent some of Australia's favourite brands, and over 50,000 emails have been sent to drive market transformation.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Taronga's public education program on palm oil is funded within the internal conservation program.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2019

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2017

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

• Increased corporate engagement with Taronga's Tiger Trek, with an aim to increase the number of companies engaged in the supermarket to 20.

- Develop and deliver the online activation of the Tiger Trek supermarket
- Influence community sentiment in Australia around palm oil through the development of a social media influencer strategy.

GHG Footprint

4.1 Are you currently reporting any GHG footprint?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

Energy and carbon footprints Related link: taronga.org.au/conservation/environmental-sustainability	
Land Use Rights	
Ethical Conduct	
Labour rights	

Stakeholder engagement

□ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Digital activation of education program through Taronga's Raise Your Palm campaign through Tiger Trek.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website taronga.org.au/act-for-the-wild/forests/raise-your-palm

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

No legal requirement to label palm oil within Australia and New Zealand, so consumers find it difficult to shop for products that are made with CSPO. This makes it difficult to promote CSPO as it is hard to give our zoo visitors clear actions to follow in regards to consumer choices. In order to overcome this, Taronga has focussed on market transformation rather than consumer choice to promote CSPO, however there is still some resistance to focussing on palm oil at all.

2 In addition to the actions already reported in this ACOP how has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets in other ways? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Taronga will be investigating opportunities to deepen the engagement with buisnesses to drive a change in consumer sentiment towards sustainable palm oil in Australia.

3 File -Please attach or add links to any other information from your organisation on your policies and actions on palm oil (EG: sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: taronga.org.au/conservation/environmental-sustainability

The RSPO is an international non-profit organisation formed in 2004 with the objective to promote the growth and use of sustainable oil palm products through credible global standards and engagement of stakeholders

www.rspo.org

ROUNDTABLE ON SUSTAINABLE PALM OIL

Unit A-37-1, Level 37, Tower A, Menara UOA Bangsar No. 5 Jalan Bangsar Utama 1, 59000 Kuala Lumpur

T +603 2302 1500

- **E** rspo@rspo.org
- **F** +603 2302 1543



