# Internal Hotspot Monitoring Weekly Report for 2023

Week 3 – May 2023

15 May – 21 May 2023 *Malaysia & Indonesia* 



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# RSPO Principles & Criteria 2018



#### **Related Criteria**

There is **no use of fire for pest control** unless in
exceptional
circumstances

The unit of certification does not use open fire for waste disposal.

The unit of certification establishes fire prevention and control measures for the areas directly managed by the unit of certification 7.11.2

7.1.3

Criteria 7.1

7.3.3

Criteria 7.3

Criteria 7.11

## **RSPO ISH Standard 2019**



#### **Related Criteria**

Smallholders complete training on best management practices (BMPs) for peat. The group has an action plan to minimise risk of fire, to apply BMPs for planting on peat and manage water systems in the certification unit.

smallholders implement the group's action plan based on BMPs, including fire and water management, and monitoring of subsidence rate for existing planting on peat. Fire is not used on the oil palm plot for preparing land or for pest control, nor open fire for waste management on the farm.

4.4 MSA

4.4 MSA

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Criteria 4.4

Criteria 4.4

Criteria 4.6

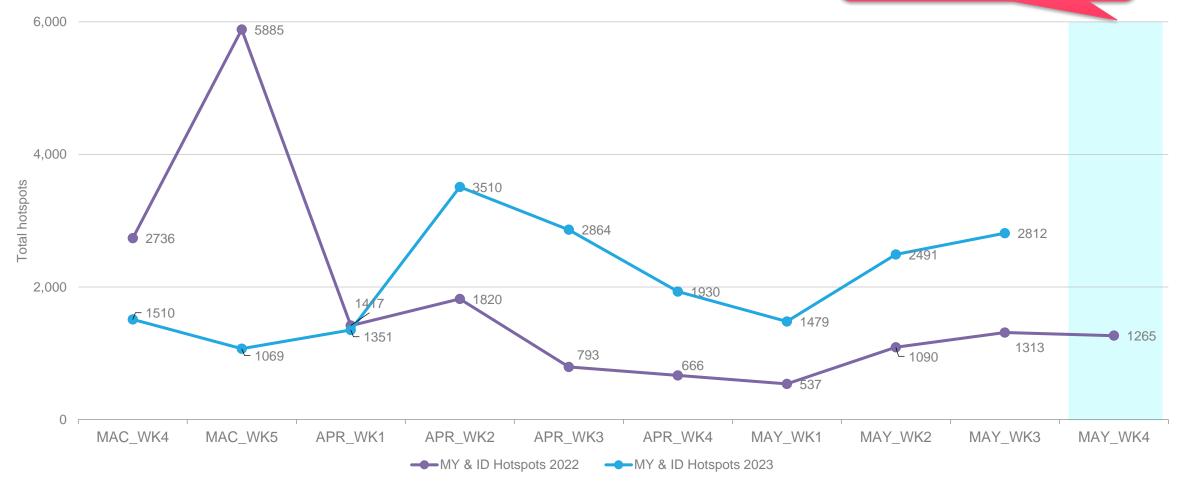


## **Weekly Analysis**

Comparison to 2022 trend Comparison to previous 10 weeks

## Comparison to 2022: All hotspots

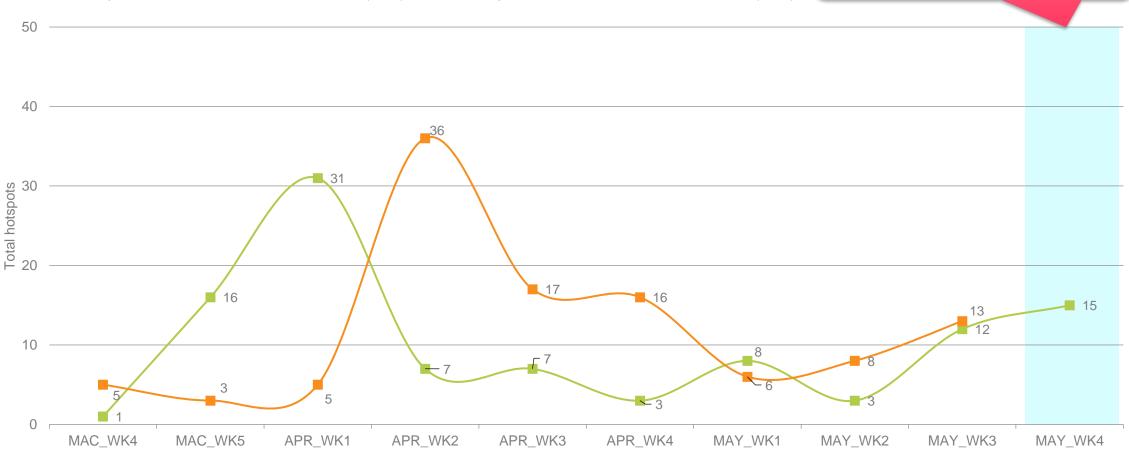
The number of hotspots for next week (May 2023: week 4) is predicted to be decrease in the region as compared to 2022 hotspot trend



# Comparison to 2022: Hotspot within RSPO Members Concessions

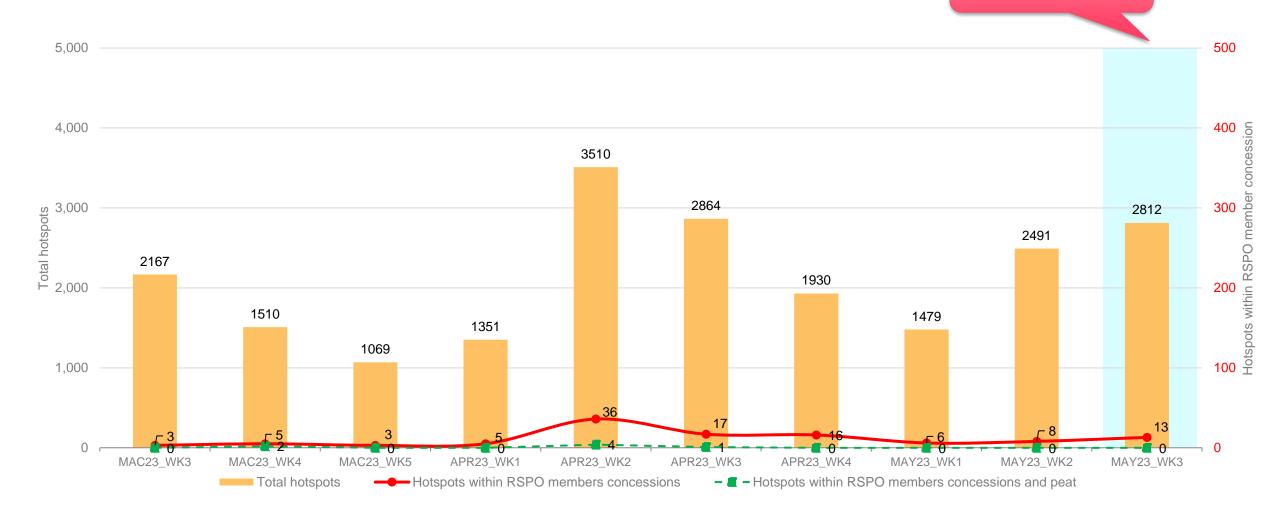
The number of hotspots within RSPO member is expected to be **higher** for next week (May 2023: week 4) as compared to 2022 hotspot trend and forecasted





#### Weekly trend from last 10 weeks

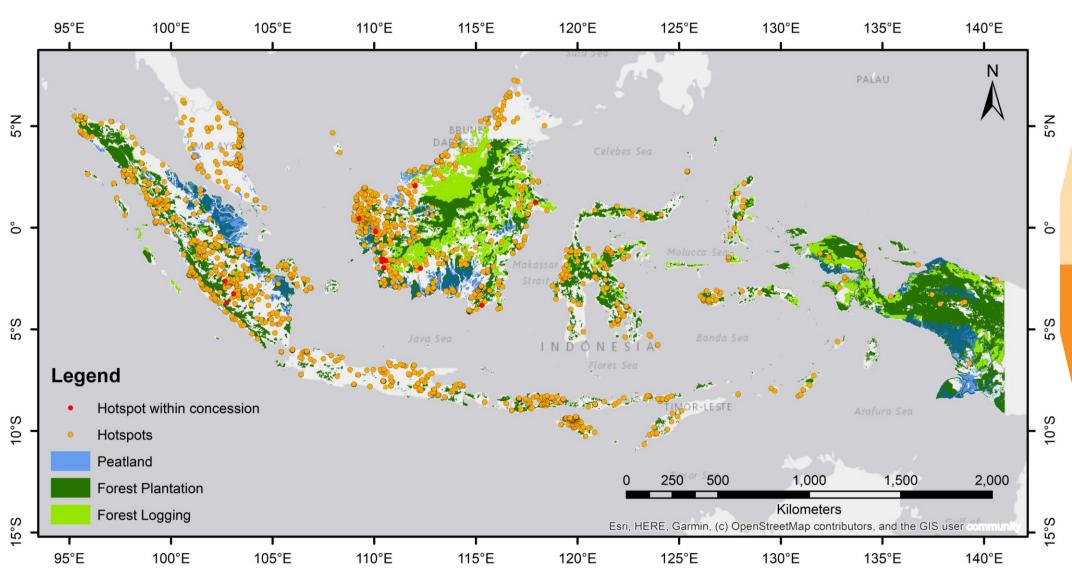
Higher in hotspot count than previous week





## **Weekly Hotspot Map**

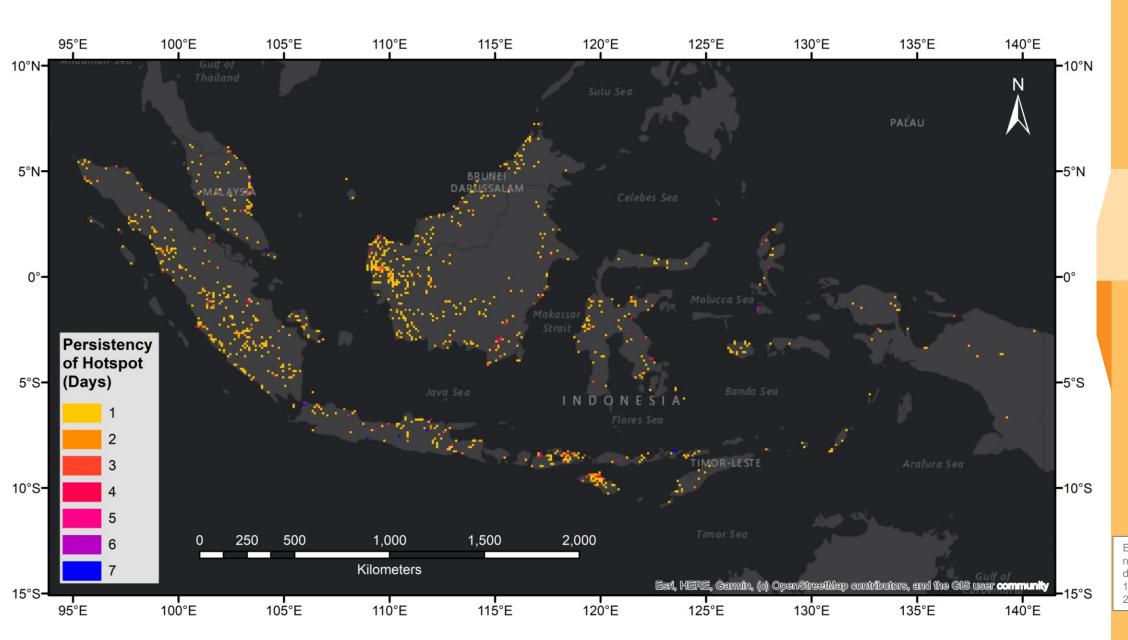
Malaysia & Indonesia





# Hotspot Distribution by Peatland & Landuse Map

	DATA	SOURCE
	Hotspots	NASA FIRMS (https://firms.modaps.eosdi s.nasa.gov/active_fire)
	Peatland	World Resources Institute. "Peat lands". Accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. www.globalforestwatch.org
	Forest Plantation	"Wood fibre concessions."  Accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022.  www.globalforestwatch.org
	Forest Logging	"Managed forest concessions." Accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. www.globalforestwatch.org





#### Hotspot Persistency Map

Each grid represents the number of days hotspots were detected within the 10km X 10km grid between 15 May 2023 – 21 May 2023

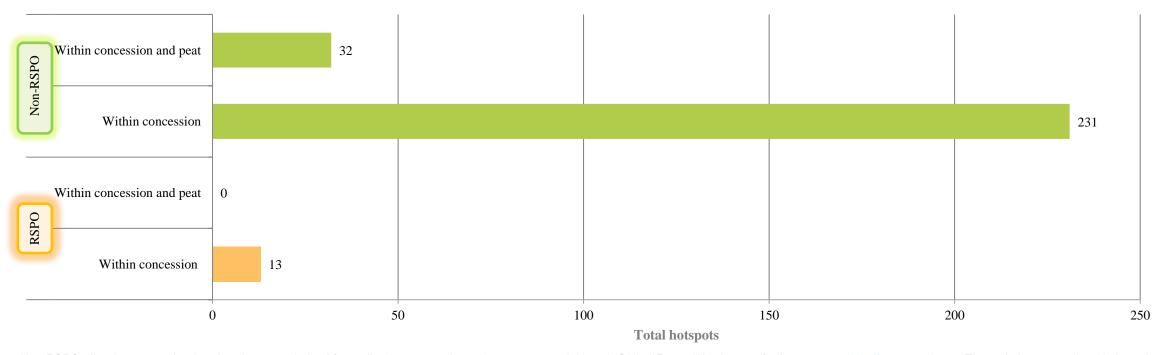


#### Week 3 - May 2023 Hotspot

Malaysia & Indonesia

## RSPO vs non-RSPO comparison





Non-RSPO oil palm concession location data was derived from oil palm concessions dataset accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. <a href="www.globalforestwatch.org">www.globalforestwatch.org</a>. The website states that this layer is a compilation of concession data from various countries and sources. The quality of these data can vary depending on the source. This layer may not include all existing concessions in a country, and the location of certain concessions can be inaccurate.

As such the data probably overstates the extent of oil palm plantations in some cases, as there are many licenses granted and the oil palm plantation has not been developed. In other cases, it may understate the extent of plantations as it does not take into account smallholders. Nevertheless, this appears to be the best data available of ALL oil palm in Indonesia.

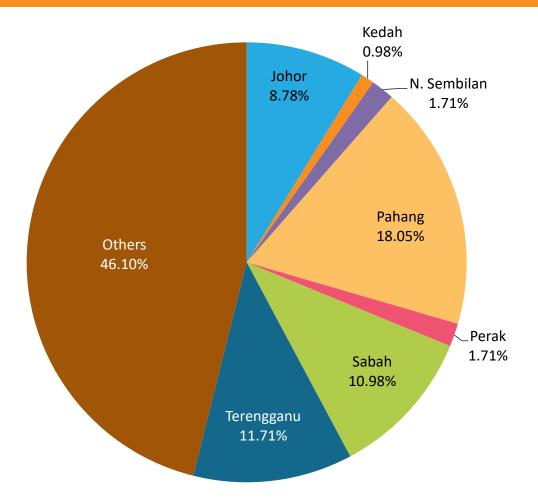
The RSPO concession boundary data was overlaid with this data in the GIS and RSPO concessions were "clipped" out of this data, leaving only "non-RSPO" concessions.

Non-RSPO\*: ~19,000,000 ha

RSPO: ~ 4,800,000 ha

# Distribution of Hotspots by State in Malaysia



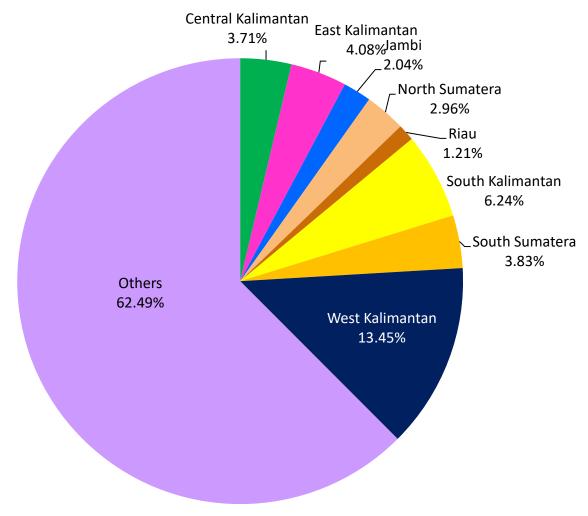


STATE	TOTAL		
Johor	36		
Kedah	4		
N. Sembilan	7		
Pahang	74		
Perak	7		
Sabah	45		
Terengganu	48		
Others	189		
Total	410		

# Distribution of Hotspots by Region in Indonesia



REGION	TOTAL		
Central Kalimantan	89		
East Kalimantan	98		
Jambi	49		
North Sumatera	71		
Riau	29		
South Kalimantan	150		
South Sumatera	92		
West Kalimantan	323		
Others	1,501		
Total	2,402		



#### Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)



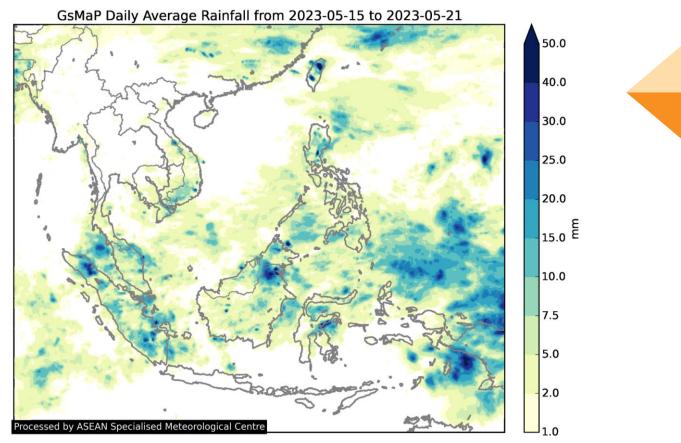
No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	Province / State	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots
1	15-May-23	Kanowit	Sarawak	Malaysia	1	1
1	15-May-23	Musi Rawas	Sout Sumatra	Indonesia	1	1
1	15-May-23	Landak	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	16-May-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	16-May-23	Tanah Laut	South Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	16-May-23	Kepahiang	Bengkulu	Indonesia	1	1
1	16-May-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	2
1	18-May-23				1	
1	16-May-23	Musi Rawas	South Sumatra	Indonesia	1	1
1	17-May-23	Seruyan	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	18-May-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	2
1	21-May-23				1	
1	20-May-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
11				<b>Total Hotspots</b>		13



#### **ASEAN Weather Outlook**

Source: The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre

#### **Regional Weather & Haze Outlook**



In the northern ASEAN region, showers were observed over the Philippines and a few parts of the Mekong sub-region while partly cloudy conditions were observed elsewhere. In the southern ASEAN region, wet weather was observed except for Java, the Lesser Sunda Islands and the western parts of Borneo where conditions were drier.

Rainy weather is forecast for much of the ASEAN region in the coming days. However, parts of northern and western Mekong sub-region, southern Sumatra, southern Borneo, Java, and the Lesser Sunda Islands, may experience periods of drier conditions.

Source: The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre



#### **Alert Level**

LEVEL 1 Dry season for the Northern ASEAN region.

Exceeding 150 hotspots in 2 consecutive days in Northern ASEAN with dense smoke plumes; dry weather persisting; and prevailing winds blowing from the Mekong sub-region. Increasing risk of transboundary haze in the region.

Significant and persistent hotspot activities with widespread moderate to dense smoke haze observed over 2 or more consecutive days; dry weather persisting; and prevailing winds blowing towards ASEAN countries.

In recent days, more persistent and widespread rainfall was observed across the Mekong sub-region, which kept the overall hotspot and smoke haze situation subdued. With the Southwest Monsoon firmly established, continued shower activities are forecast over most parts of the Mekong sub-region in the coming months. Hotspot and smoke haze activities are likely to remain suppressed during this period.

#### Alert by RSPO: Transboundary Haze (Level 0)

For the following week, RSPO Secretariat would like to recommend the following measures to Members:

#### **Dry Season Area**

(Parts of Mekong sub-region, <u>Southern Sumatra, Borneo, Java and Lesser Sunda</u> <u>Islands)</u>

- Please alert to the Fire Danger Rating System (FDRS) indicator board especially in the fire prone area
- Supply appropriate well-maintained fire mitigation tools (fire extinguisher, fire truck)
- Establish of fire break (wide road, vacant land) within the planted area
- Inform workers and communities about the fire drill procedure
- Minimize outdoor activities and stay hydrated if the haze season occurred
- If haze occurred, wear respirator mask if outdoor activities is necessary.



Integrated Fire Management
Training conducted by PT Austindo
PT Austindo Nusantara Jaya Agri

#### **Wet Weather Area**

(as forecast for over most ASEAN region)

- High risk of surface runoff in the estate area which may result in erosion and landslide
- Stay vigilant of water level and keep informed on local news of the flood in high-risk area
- Tendency for the formation of road potholes, which may necessitate additional maintenance and repair costs.
- Stay inside during thunderstorms and blizzards. Stay off the landline phone and computer during a storm.
- Wear appropriate rain gear for employees working in the rain

Background image: Fire fighting in action conducted by Daabon Group

15 May 2023 – 21 May 2023 <sub>19</sub>



# Find out more at www.rspo.org