Internal Hotspot Monitoring Weekly Report for 2023

Week 1 – June 2023

29 May – 04 June 2023 *Malaysia & Indonesia*



Overview



- 1. P&C 2018 & RSPO ISH Standard 2019 Related Criteria
- 2. Weekly Analysis
 - i. Comparison to 2022: All Hotspots in MY & ID
 - ii. Comparison to 2022: Hotspots within RSPO Member Concession
 - iii. Weekly trend from the last 10 weeks
- 3. Weekly Hotspot Map
 - i. Hotspot Distribution Map
 - ii. Hotspot Distribution by Peatlands and Landuse Map
 - iii. Hotspot Persistency Map
- 4. Hotspots for Week 1 June 2023
 - i. RSPO vs. non-RSPO member comparison
 - ii. Hotspots Distribution by States/Region
 - iii. Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)
- 5. ASEAN Weather Outlook

RSPO Principles & Criteria 2018



Related Criteria

The unit of The unit of There is **no use of** certification **does** certification fire for pest establishes fire control unless in not use open fire prevention and exceptional for waste control measures disposal. circumstances for the areas directly managed by the unit of certification 7.3.3 7.1.3 7.11.2 Criteria 7.11 Criteria 7.1 Criteria 7.3

RSPO ISH Standard 2019

Related Criteria

Smallholders complete training on best management practices (BMPs) for peat. The group has an **action plan to minimise risk of fire**, to apply BMPs for planting on peat and manage water systems in the certification unit. Smallholders **implement** the group's **action plan based on BMPs**, including **fire** and water management, and monitoring of subsidence rate for existing planting on peat.

Fire is not used on the oil palm plot for preparing land or for pest control, nor open fire for waste management on the farm.

> 4.6 E, <u>4.6 M</u>SA,

4.6 MSB

Criteria 4.6

4.4 MSA

Criteria 4.4

29 May 2023 – 04 June 2023

Criteria 4.4

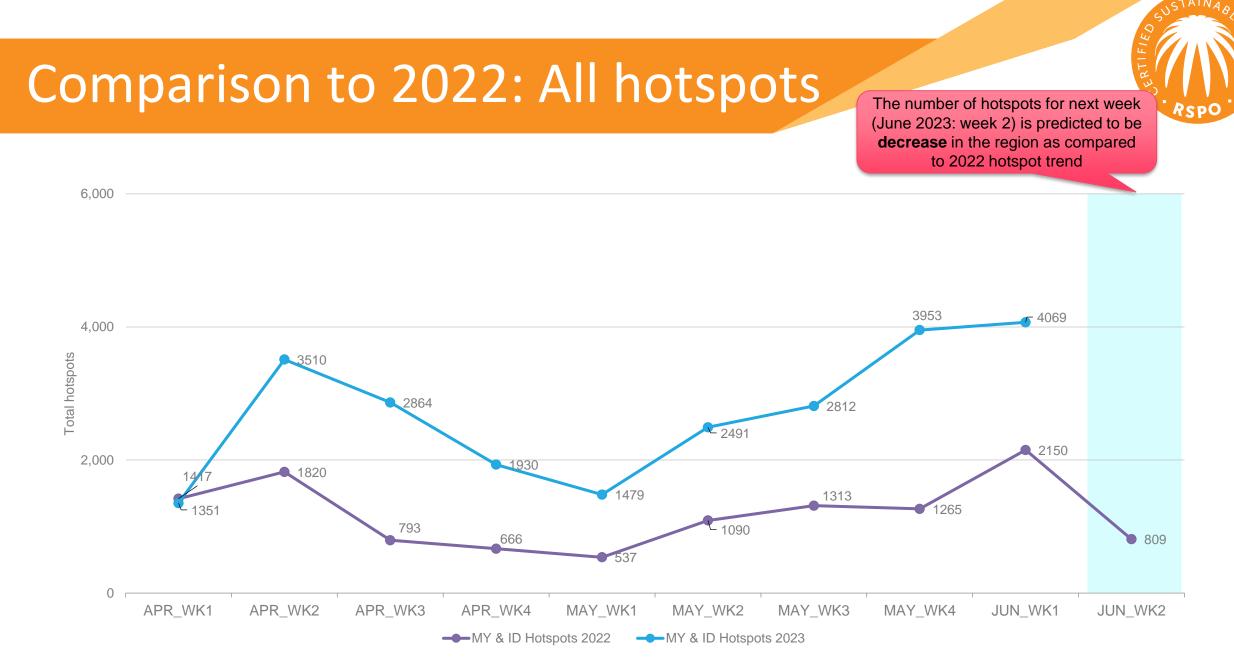
4.4 MSA





Weekly Analysis

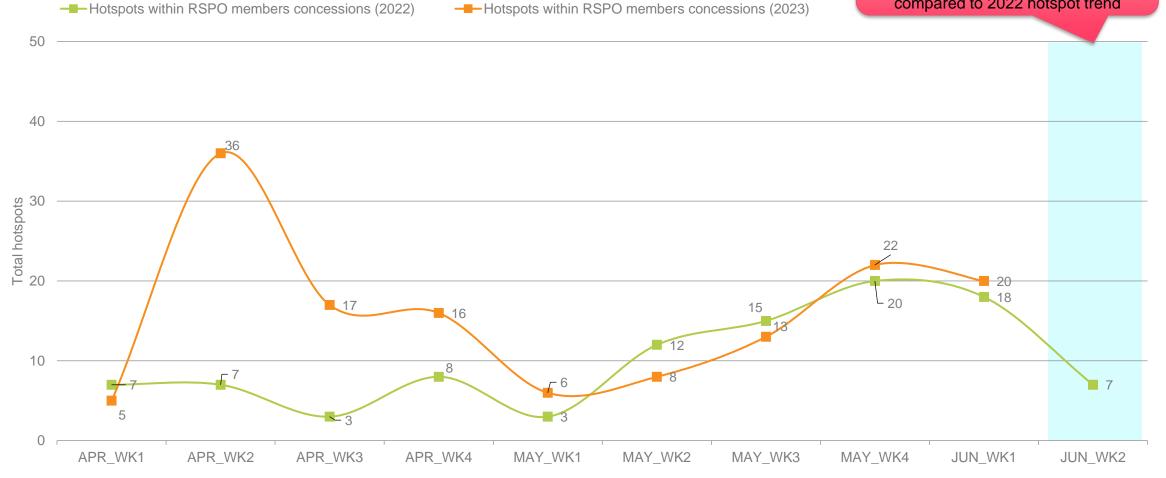
Comparison to 2022 trend Comparison to previous 10 weeks

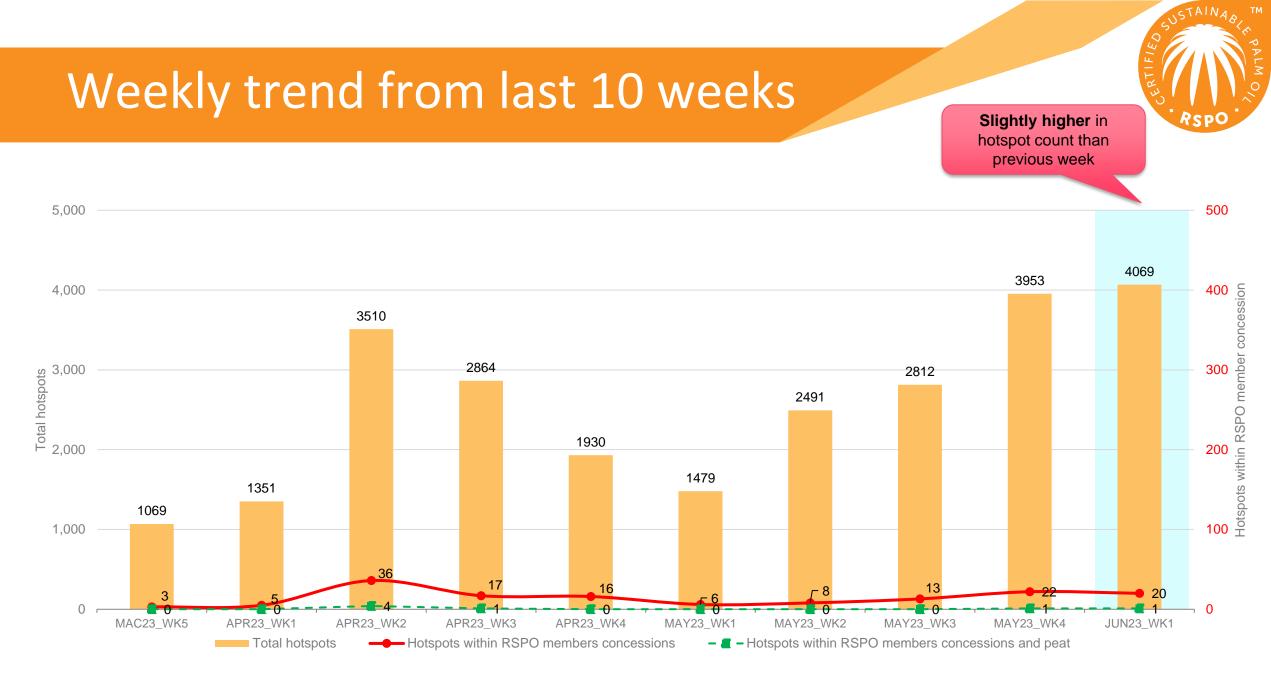


29 May 2023 – 04 June 2023

Comparison to 2022: Hotspot within RSPO Members Concessions

The number of hotspots within RSPO member is expected to be **lower** for next week (June 2023: week 2) as compared to 2022 hotspot trend





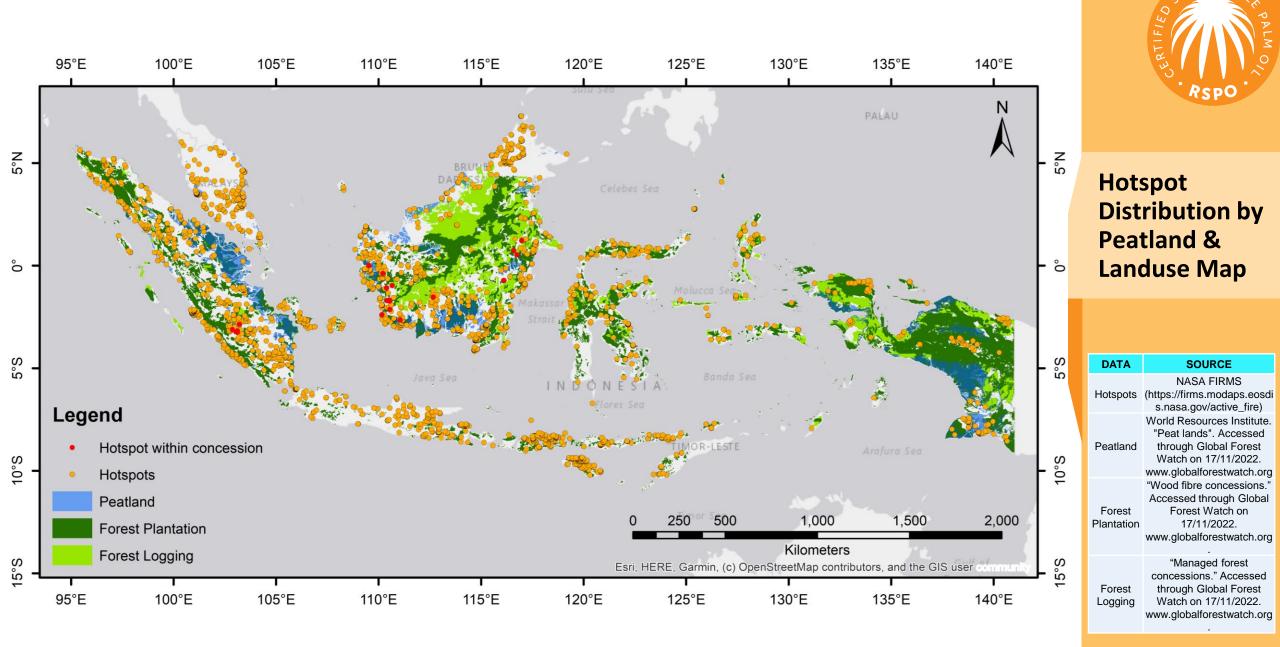
29 May 2023 – 04 June 2023



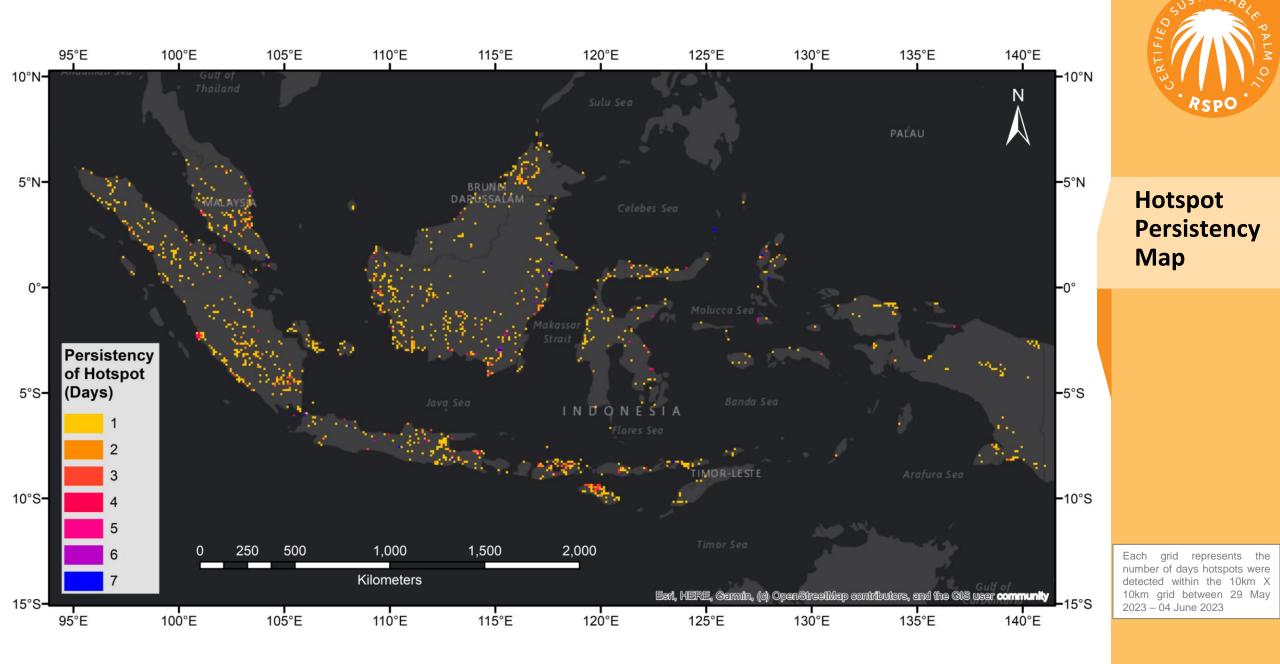
Weekly Hotspot Map

Malaysia & Indonesia

29 May 2023 - 04 June 2023



29 May 2023 – 04 June 2023



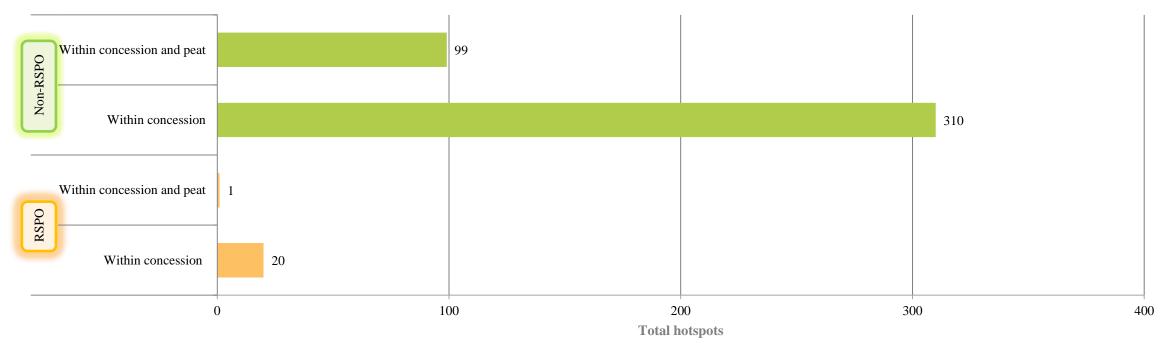


Week 1 - June 2023 Hotspot

Malaysia & Indonesia

29 May 2023 - 04 June 2023

RSPO vs non-RSPO comparison



Non-RSPO oil palm concession location data was derived from oil palm concessions dataset accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. <u>www.globalforestwatch.org</u>. The website states that this layer is a compilation of concession data from various countries and sources. The quality of these data can vary depending on the source. This layer may not include all existing concessions in a country, and the location of certain concessions can be inaccurate.

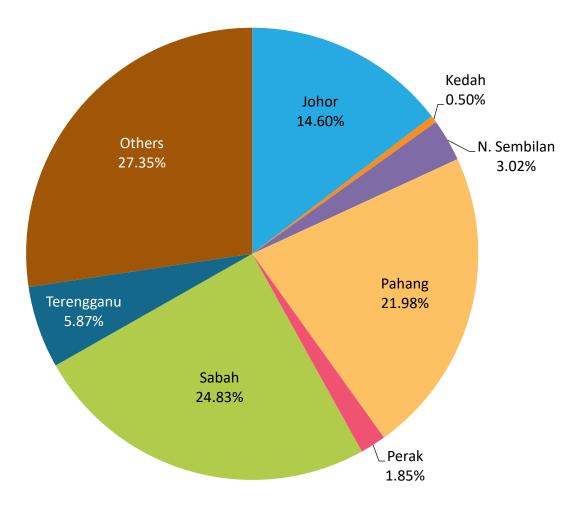
As such the data probably overstates the extent of oil palm plantations in some cases, as there are many licenses granted and the oil palm plantation has not been developed. In other cases, it may understate the extent of plantations as it does not take into account smallholders. Nevertheless, this appears to be the best data available of ALL oil palm in Indonesia.

The RSPO concession boundary data was overlaid with this data in the GIS and RSPO concessions were "clipped" out of this data, leaving only "non-RSPO" concessions.

Non-RSPO*: ~19,000,000 ha RSPO: ~ 4,800,000 ha

Distribution of Hotspots by State in Malaysia

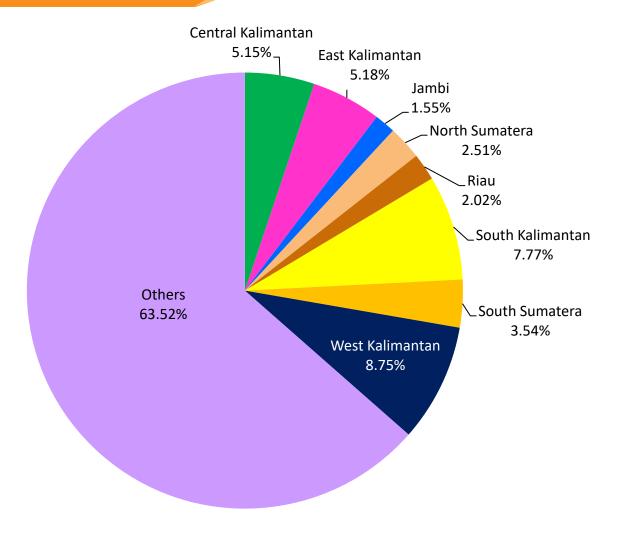




STATE	TOTAL	
Johor	87	
Kedah	3	
N. Sembilan	18	
Pahang	131	
Perak	11	
Sabah	148	
Terengganu	35	
Others 163		
Total	596	

Distribution of Hotspots by Region in **Indonesia**

REGION	TOTAL
Central Kalimantan	179
East Kalimantan	180
Jambi	54
North Sumatera	87
Riau	70
South Kalimantan	270
South Sumatera	123
West Kalimantan	304
Others	2,206
Total	3,473



Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)

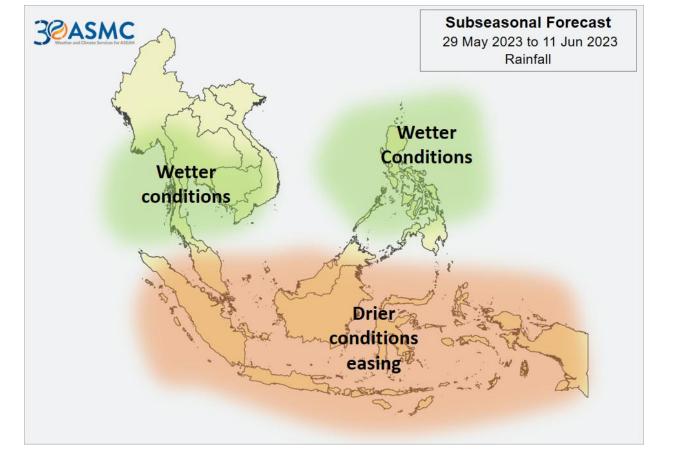
No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	Province / State	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots
1	29-May-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	29-May-23	Musi Rawas	South Sumatra	Indonesia	1	Λ
	4-Jun-23	IVIUSI Kawas	South Sumatra	muonesia	3	4
	30-May-23	Ketapang West Kalimantan			1	
1	31-May-23		West Kalimantan	Indonasia	1	Л
1	1-Jun-23		Indonesia	1	4	
	1-Juli-25	East Kotawaringin	Central Kalimantan		1	
1	30-May-23	North Kayong	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
4	21 May 22	Musi Rawas	South Sumatra	Indonesia	1	2
1	31-May-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1 2	Z
1	31-May-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	31-May-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	22-May-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	2-Jun-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	2-Jun-23	West Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	3-Jun-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	31-May-23	Landak	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	1-Jun-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
13				Total Hotspots		20



ASEAN Weather Outlook

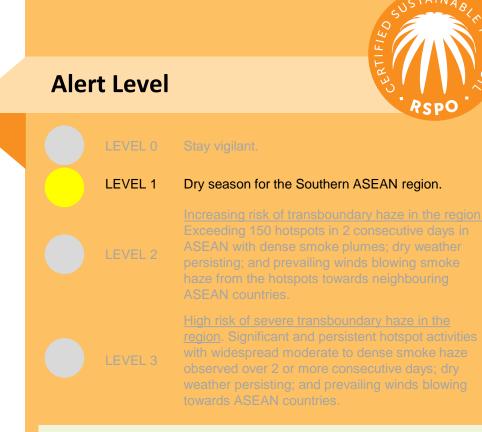
Source: The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre

Regional Weather & Haze Outlook



Mostly dry conditions were observed over the southern ASEAN region, while wet weather conditions prevailed over the northern ASEAN region. Hotspot activity in the ASEAN region remained subdued as a whole

In the coming days, wet weather is expected over most parts of the ASEAN region except for Java and the Lesser Sunda Islands where drier conditions are forecast. Brief periods of drier conditions are also expected over the southern and central parts of Sumatra as well as the southern parts of Borneo.



Southwest Monsoon conditions have been gradually established over the southern ASEAN region, with the prevailing winds blowing predominantly from the southeast or southwest. Over the past week, dry weather persisted over many parts of the region, and isolated hotspots with occasional smoke plumes were observed.

Over the next several months, extended periods of dry weather can be expected over many parts of the southern ASEAN region. The likely return of El Niño conditions in the second half of the year will further exacerbate the dry season and extending it into October 2023. An escalation in hotspot activity and smoke haze development can be expected during this period, with an increased risk of transboundary haze occurrence.

Alert by RSPO: Transboundary Haze (Level 1)

For the following week, RSPO Secretariat would like to recommend the following measures to Members:

Dry Season Area (Many parts of <u>Southern ASEAN Region;</u> especially <u>Java & Lesser Sunda Islands)</u>	Wet Weather Area (as forecast for over <u>Northern ASEAN region)</u>
 Please alert to the Fire Danger Rating System (FDRS) indicator board especially in the fire prone area Supply appropriate well-maintained fire mitigation tools (fire extinguisher, fire truck) Establish of fire break (wide road, vacant land) within the planted area Inform workers and communities about the fire drill procedure Minimize outdoor activities and stay hydrated if the haze season occurred If haze occurred, wear respirator mask if outdoor activities is necessary. 	 High risk of surface runoff in the estate area which may result in erosion and landslide Stay vigilant of water level and keep informed on local news of the flood in high-risk area Tendency for the formation of road potholes, which may necessitate additional maintenance and repair costs. Stay inside during thunderstorms and blizzards. Stay off the landline phone and computer during a storm. Wear appropriate rain gear for employees working in the rain
Integrated Fire Management Training conducted by PT Austindo PT Austindo Nusantara Jaya Agri 29 May 2023	Background image: Fire fighting in action conducted by Daabon Group



Find out more at www.rspo.org