Internal Hotspot Monitoring Weekly Report for 2023

Week 5 – August 2023

28 August – 03 September 2023 Malaysia & Indonesia



Overview



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RSPO Principles & Criteria 2018



Related Criteria

The unit of The unit of There is **no use of** certification **does** certification fire for pest establishes fire control unless in not use open fire prevention and exceptional for waste control measures disposal. circumstances for the areas directly managed by the unit of certification 7.3.3 7.1.3 7.11.2 Criteria 7.11 Criteria 7.1 Criteria 7.3

RSPO ISH Standard 2019

Related Criteria

Smallholders complete training on best management practices (BMPs) for peat. The group has an **action plan to minimise risk of fire**, to apply BMPs for planting on peat and manage water systems in the certification unit. Smallholders **implement** the group's **action plan based on BMPs**, including **fire** and water management, and monitoring of subsidence rate for existing planting on peat. Fire is not used on the oil palm plot for preparing land or for pest control, nor open fire for waste management on the farm.

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Criteria 4.6

4.4 MSA

Criteria 4.4

28 August 2023 – 03 September 2023

4.4 MSA

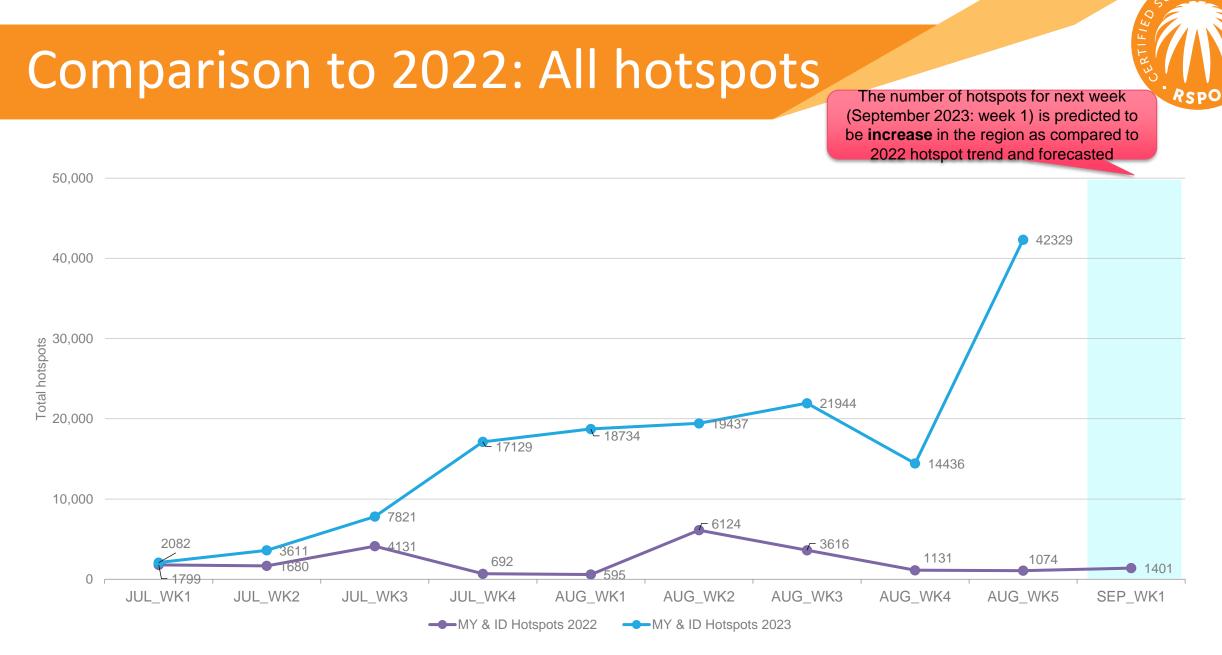
Criteria 4.4





Weekly Analysis

Comparison to 2022 trend Comparison to previous 10 weeks



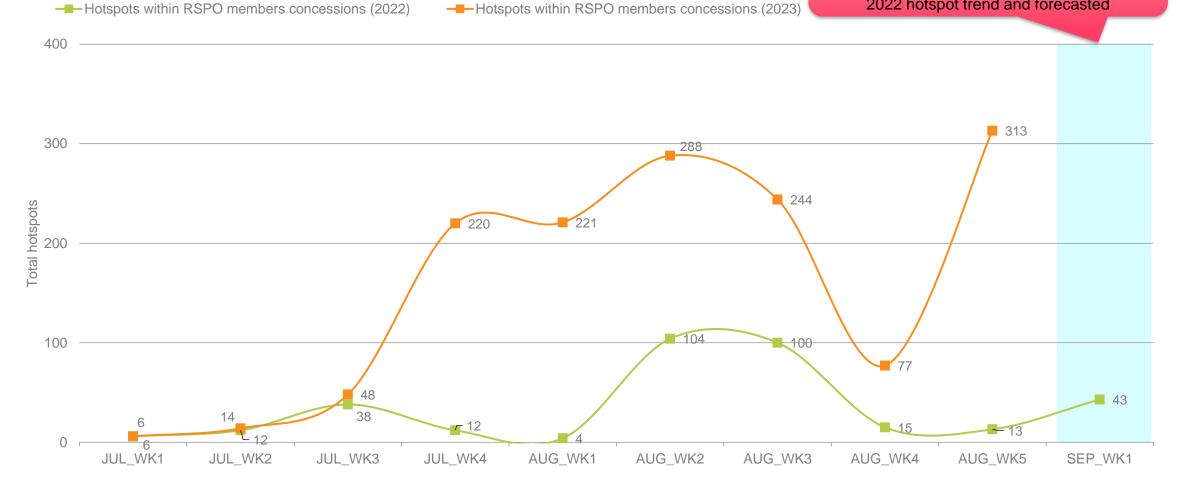
28 August 2023 – 03 September 2023

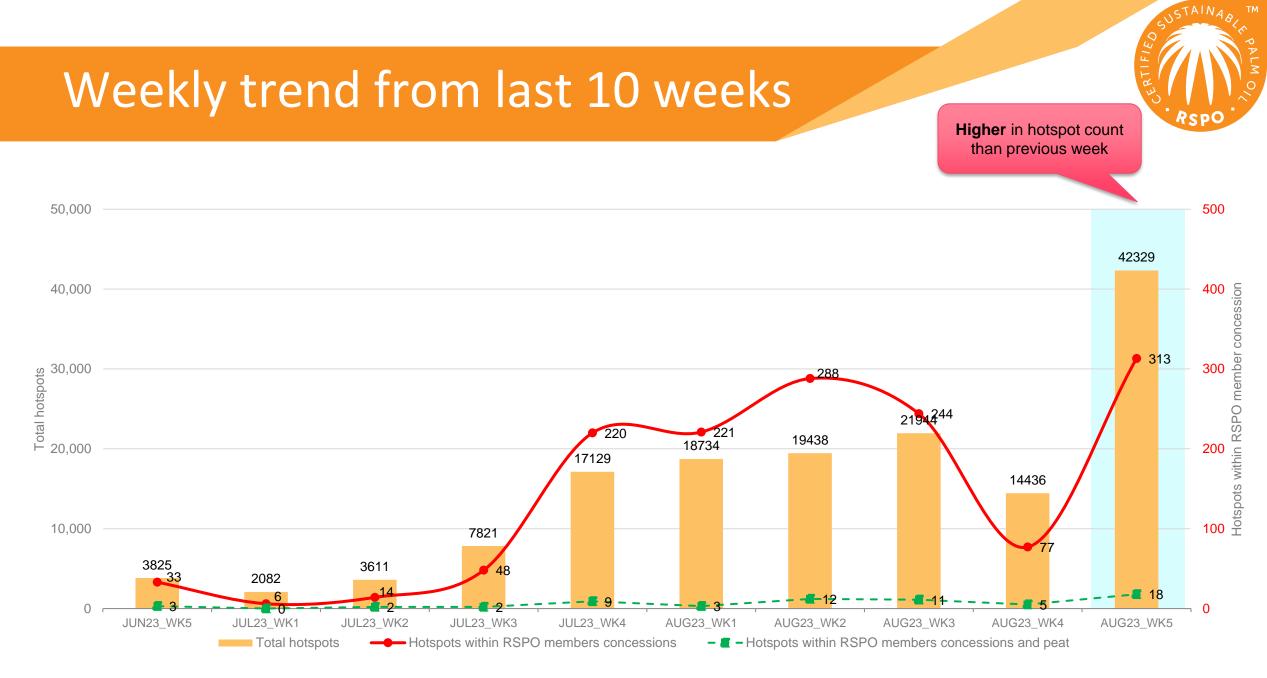
Comparison to 2022: Hotspot within RSPO Members Concessions



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The number of hotspots within RSPO member is expected to be **higher** for next week (September 2023: week 1) as compared to 2022 hotspot trend and forecasted

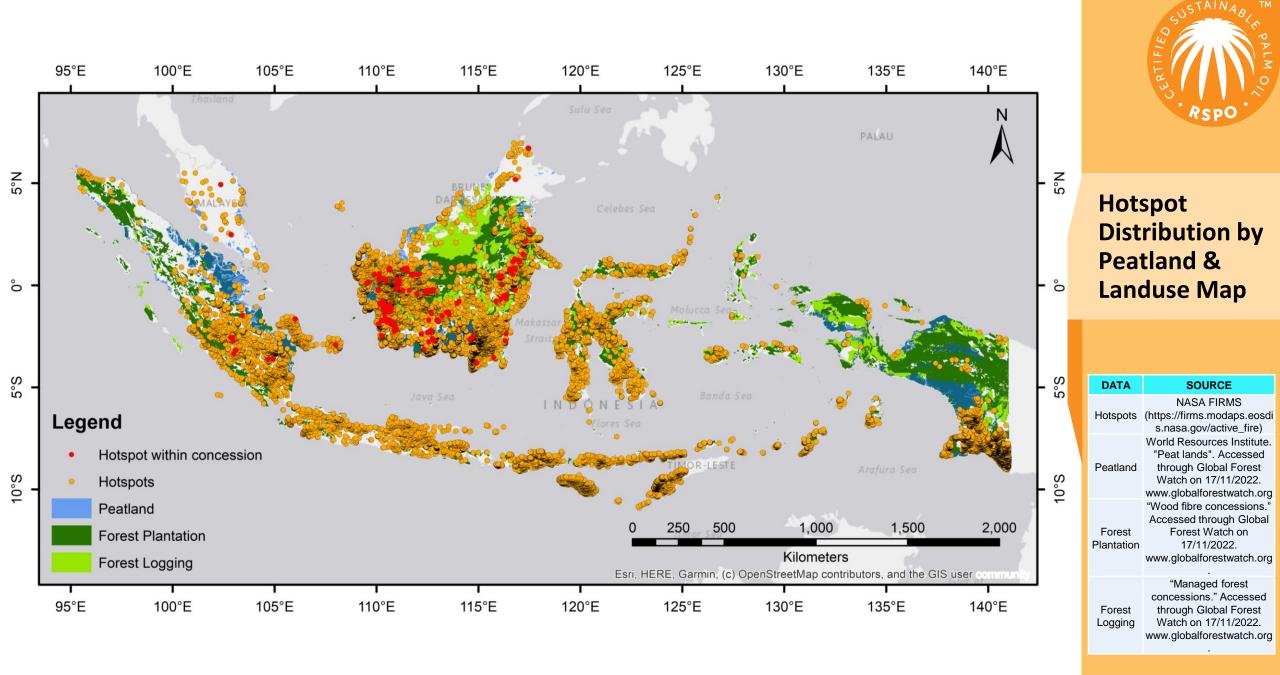


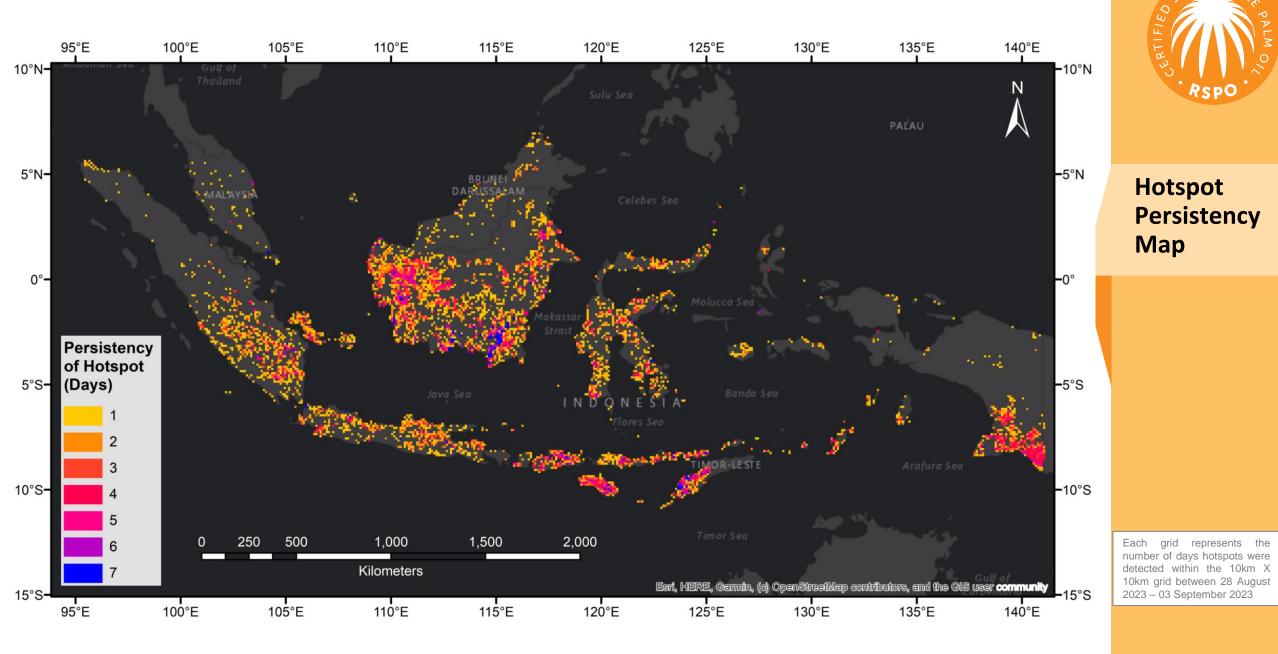




Weekly Hotspot Map

Malaysia & Indonesia



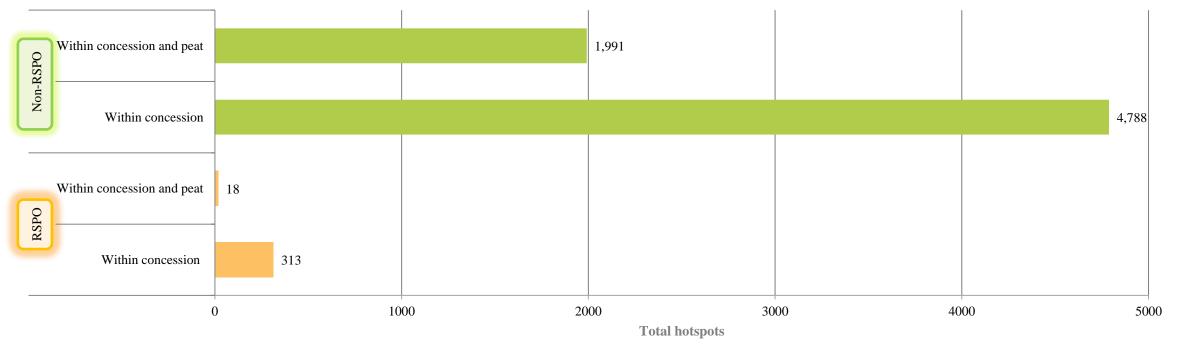




Week 5 - August 2023 Hotspot

Malaysia & Indonesia

RSPO vs non-RSPO comparison



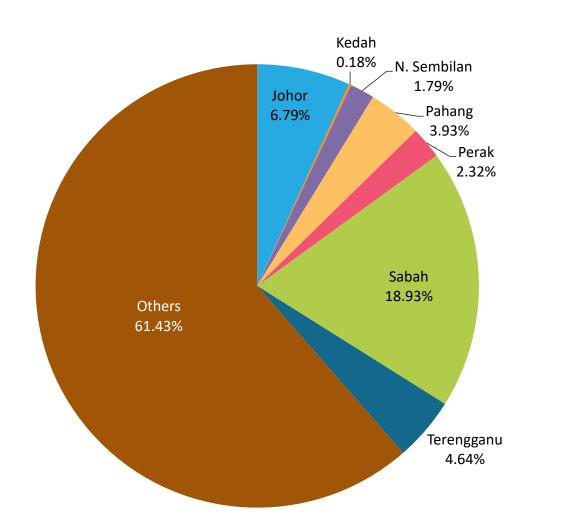
Non-RSPO oil palm concession location data was derived from oil palm concessions dataset accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. <u>www.globalforestwatch.org</u>. The website states that this layer is a compilation of concession data from various countries and sources. The quality of these data can vary depending on the source. This layer may not include all existing concessions in a country, and the location of certain concessions can be inaccurate.

As such the data probably overstates the extent of oil palm plantations in some cases, as there are many licenses granted and the oil palm plantation has not been developed. In other cases, it may understate the extent of plantations as it does not take into account smallholders. Nevertheless, this appears to be the best data available of ALL oil palm in Indonesia.

The RSPO concession boundary data was overlaid with this data in the GIS and RSPO concessions were "clipped" out of this data, leaving only "non-RSPO" concessions.

Non-RSPO*: ~19,000,000 ha RSPO: ~ 4,800,000 ha

Distribution of Hotspots by State in Malaysia

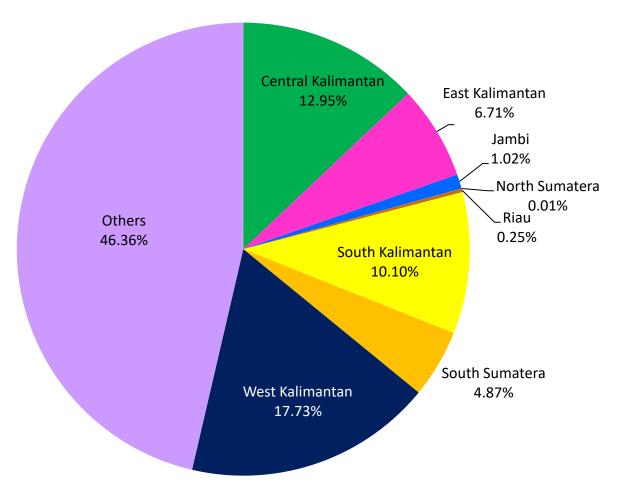


STATE	TOTAL
Johor	38
Kedah	1
N. Sembilan	10
Pahang	22
Perak	13
Sabah	106
Terengganu	26
Others	344
Total	560

Distribution of Hotspots by Region in **Indonesia**



REGION	TOTAL
Central Kalimantan	5411
East Kalimantan	2803
Jambi	426
North Sumatera	3
Riau	106
South Kalimantan	4217
South Sumatera	2033
West Kalimantan	7404
Others	19,366
Total	41,769



Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)

No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	State / Province	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots	
		East Kotawaringin	Central Kalimantan		1		
	28-Aug-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		2		
	29-Aug-23 30-Aug-23				3		
					2	25	
	21 4.17 22				1		
1	31-Aug-23	Katingan	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	3		
Ŧ	1-Sep-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	indonesia	5		
	1-3ep-23	Katingan	Central Kalimantan		1		
	2-Sep-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1		
	2-366-23	East Kotawaringin	Central Kalimantan		1		
	3-Sep-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1		
		Katingan	Central Kalimantan		4		
1	30-Aug-23	Landak	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	2	
-	31-Aug-23			indonesia	1	-	
	28-Aug-23	Ketapang			3	23	
	20 / 106 20	North Kayong			2		
	29-Aug-23	Ketapang			5		
		North Kayong			1		
	30-Aug-23	Ketapang			1		
	31-Aug-23	Ketapang			1		
1		North Kayong	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1		
	2-Sep-23 3-Sep-23	Sanggau			1		
		Ketapang			1		
		North Kayong			1		
		Sanggau North Kayang			3		
		North Kayong Ketapang			1		
		Sanggau			1		
	28-Aug-23	Janggau			2		
	28-Aug-25	28-Aug-23	Kapuas	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	2	
		Jambongan	Sabah	Malaysia	1		
	29-Aug-23	Ketapang	Suburi	Waldysla	2	31	
		Sanggau			1		
1	30-Aug-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		3		
	31-Aug-23		West Kalmantan	Indonesia	3		
	1-Sep-23	Sintang			7		
	2-Sep-23	Kapuas	Central Kalimantan		2		
		Sintang	West Kalimantan		2		
	3-Sep-23	Kapuas	Central Kalimantan		3		
		Sanggau West Kalimantan			1		
				2			

Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)

No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	State / Province	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots
	28-Aug-23	Deneka	Denelve Deliture Islanda		1	
1	29-Aug-23	Bangka	Bangka Belitung Islands		1	
	1-Sep-23		South Sumatra	Indonesia	1	5
	3-Sep-23	Musi Rawas			1	
	3-3ep-25	Kutai Kartanegara	East Kalimantan		1	
	28-Aug-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		2	
		Seruyan	Central Kalimantan		1	
	29-Aug-23	East Kotawaringin	Central Rainfantan		1	
	23 Aug 23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		2	
		Kapuas Hulu			1	
	30-Aug-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		2	
1	Ū	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	20
-	31-Aug-23	Kapuas Hulu	West Kalimantan	maoneoia	3	
	1-Sep-23	Gunung MAS	Central Kalimantan		1	
	2-Sep-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1	
	2 000 20	Gunung MAS	Central Kalimantan		1	
		Seruyan	Central Kalimantan		2	
	3-Sep-23	Gunung MAS			1	
		Kapuas Hulu	West Kalimantan		1	
	28-Aug-23	Ketapang			1	
	29-Aug-23				5	
		Sintang			3	
	30-Aug-23	Ketapang			3	
		Sintang	West Kalimantan		5	
1	31-Aug-23	Ketapang Sintang		Indonesia	10	39
					3	
	1-Sep-23				2	
	2-Sep-23	Ketapang			1	
	· ·	Sintang			1	
	3-Sep-23	Ketapang			5	
	28-Aug-23		West Kalimantan		4	
	29-Aug-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		3	
	30-Aug-23		West Kalimantan		2	
	31-Aug-23		west Kallmantan		2	
1	1-Sep-23	East Kotawaringin	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	21
1					1	21
	2-Sep-23 3-Sep-23	Ketapang East Kotawaringin	West Kalimantan Central Kalimantan		2	
					2	
					2	
		Ketapang	West Kalimantan		1	
1	28-Aug-23	East Belitung	Bangka Belitung Islands	Indonesia	1	1

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Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)

No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	State / Province	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots
	28-Aug-23				1	
	31-Aug-23				18	
1	1-Sep-23	Sekadau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	3	31
	2-Sep-23				5	
	3-Sep-23				4	
1	28-Aug-23	Ogan Komering Ilir	South Sumatra	Indonesia	1	1
	28-Aug-23	0 0			1	
	31-Aug-23				1	
1	1-Sep-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	4
	3-Sep-23				1	
	p	Kutai Kartanegara			2	
	29-Aug-23	West Kutai	East Kalimantan		1	
	20 / 108 20	Melawi			1	
		Ketapang	West Kalimantan		2	
1	2-Sep-23	Katingan	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	12
	2 300 23	Kutai Kartanegara	East Kalimantan		1	
		Kotabaru	South Kalimantan		1	
	3-Sep-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan		3	
	29-Aug-23	Retapang			1	
1	31-Aug-23	Tanah Laut	South Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	2
	29-Aug-23				1	
	29-Aug-23	Berau	Berau		1	
	30-Aug-23		East Kalimantan		7	
		East Kutai		3		
	31-Aug-23	Seruyan	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	23
		Muaro Jambi	Jambi		1	
	1-Sep-23 2-Sep-23	Berau	East Kalimantan		- 1	
		East Kutai			6	
					2	
		Sekadau	West Kalimantan		2	
	29-Aug-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan		2	
	30-Aug-23	Sekadau	West Kalimantan		7	
	50 Aug 25	Sekadau	West Kalimantan		6	
1	31-Aug-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	
			East Kalimantan		2	
	1-Sep-23	Bulungan	Bulungan North Kalimantan Sintang Sekadau Sintang West Kalimantan		1	30
		Sintang			2	
	2-Sep-23	Ű			3	
		JERAUAU			1	
3		Sintang			1	
	3-Sep-23	Sekadau			2	

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Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)

No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	State / Province	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots
	29-Aug-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan		1	
1	20 Aug 22	Sanggau	west Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	Λ
	30-Aug-23	Kotabaru	South Kalimantan	indonesia	1	4
	3-Sep-23	Tanah Bumbu	South Kalimantan		1	
	29-Aug-23	North Musi Rawas			1	4
1	3-Sep-23	NULTI WIUSI NAWAS	South Sumatra	uth Sumatra Indonesia	2	
	3-Sep-23	Musi Rawas			1	
	29-Aug-23	Katingan	Central Kalimantan		1	
1	23-Aug-23	West Kutai East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	3	
	1-Sep-23	West Rula			1	
	29-Aug-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan		1	
1	23-Aug-23	Landak			2	
	30-Aug-23			2		
	31-Aug-23	East Kotawaringin	Central Kalimantan	Indonesia	2	11
	2-Sep-23	Landak	West Kalimantan		1	
	3-Sep-23	Ogan Komering Ilir	South Sumatra		1	
		Seruyan	Central Kalimantan		1	
		East Kotawaringin			1	
	31-Aug-23	Berau		Indonesia	1	4
1	SI-Aug-25	West Kutai	East Kalimantan		1	
1	2-Sep-23	West Kutai		muonesia	1	
	3-Sep-23	East Kotawaringin	Central Kalimantan		1	
1	31-Aug-23	Kutai Kartanegara			3	15
	1-Sep-23	.	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	10	
		East Kutai	Last Kannantan		1	
	2-Sep-23	Kutai Kartanegara			1	
1	2-Sep-23	West Kutai	East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1
1	28-Aug-23	Tongod	Sabah	Malaysia	1	1
24				Total Hotspots		313

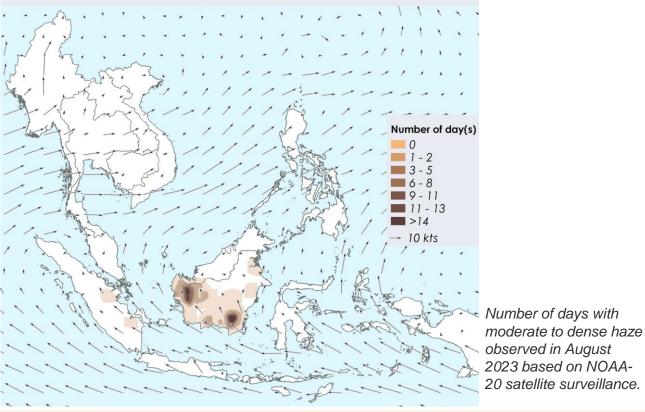


ASEAN Weather Outlook

Source: The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre

Regional Weather & Haze Outlook

Haze Persistency (Aug 2023)



Over the southern ASEAN region, dry weather prevailed over Kalimantan, southern Sumatra, Java, and the Lesser Sunda Islands. Under the prolonged dry conditions, moderate to dense smoke haze was observed to emanate from widespread hotspots detected in many parts of Kalimantan. The smoke haze was blown by the prevailing winds northwards, and some of the smoke haze from West Kalimantan had been drifted into western Sarawak, where Unhealthy air quality was reported.

Dry weather is forecast to continue for many parts of the southern ASEAN region **south of the Equator**. Under the prevailing dry conditions, hotspot and haze situation can be expected to gradually escalate over the fire-prone areas in the region, particularly over Kalimantan and southern Sumatra.



In recent days, prevailing dry weather conditions over the southern ASEAN region have resulted in an escalation in hotspot and smoke haze activities. Based on satellite surveillance, moderate smoke haze was observed to emanate from clusters of hotspots detected in the western and southern parts of Kalimantan. Transboundary haze was observed to drift northwards from the hotspot clusters in West Kalimantan into western Sarawak in East Malaysia.

The prevailing dry weather conditions are forecast to continue over Kalimantan in the coming days, with the prevailing winds likely to blow from the southeast or southwest. Under these conditions, the hotspot and smoke haze situation could worsen with an increased risk of transboundary smoke haze occurrence.

28 August 2023 – 03 September 2023

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Alert by RSPO: Transboundary Haze (Level 2)

For the following week, RSPO Secretariat would like to recommend the following measures to Members:

Dry Season Area (Many parts of <u>Southern ASEAN Region</u> ; especially at some parts of Borneo, Kalimantan & Sumatra)	Wet Weather Area (as forecast for over <u>Northern ASEAN region)</u>
 Please alert to the Fire Danger Rating System (FDRS) indicator board especially in the fire prone area Supply appropriate well-maintained fire mitigation tools (fire extinguisher, fire truck) Establish of fire break (wide road, vacant land) within the planted area Inform workers and communities about the fire drill procedure Minimize outdoor activities and stay hydrated if the haze season occurred If haze occurred, wear respirator mask if outdoor activities is necessary. 	 High risk of surface runoff in the estate area which may result in erosion and landslide Stay vigilant of water level and keep informed on local news of the flood in high-risk area Tendency for the formation of road potholes, which may necessitate additional maintenance and repair costs. Stay inside during thunderstorms and blizzards. Stay off the landline phone and computer during a storm. Wear appropriate rain gear for employees working in the rain
<image/> <image/> <text></text>	Eackground image: Fire fighting in action conducted by Daabon Group



Find out more at www.rspo.org