# Internal Hotspot Monitoring Weekly Report for 2023

Week 3 – April 2023

16 April – 23 April 2023 *Malaysia & Indonesia* 



# Overview



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# **RSPO Principles & Criteria 2018**



#### **Related Criteria**

The unit of The unit of There is **no use of** certification **does** certification fire for pest establishes fire control unless in not use open fire prevention and exceptional for waste control measures disposal. circumstances for the areas directly managed by the unit of certification 7.3.3 7.1.3 7.11.2 Criteria 7.11 Criteria 7.1 Criteria 7.3

# **RSPO ISH Standard 2019**

#### **Related Criteria**

Smallholders complete training on best management practices (BMPs) for peat. The group has an **action plan to minimise risk of fire**, to apply BMPs for planting on peat and manage water systems in the certification unit. Smallholders **implement** the group's **action plan based on BMPs**, including **fire** and water management, and monitoring of subsidence rate for existing planting on peat.

Fire is not used on the oil palm plot for preparing land or for pest control, nor open fire for waste management on the farm.

> 4.6 E, <u>4.6 M</u>SA,

4.6 MSB

**Criteria 4.6** 

4.4 MSA

Criteria 4.4

16 April 2023 – 23 April 2023

Criteria 4.4

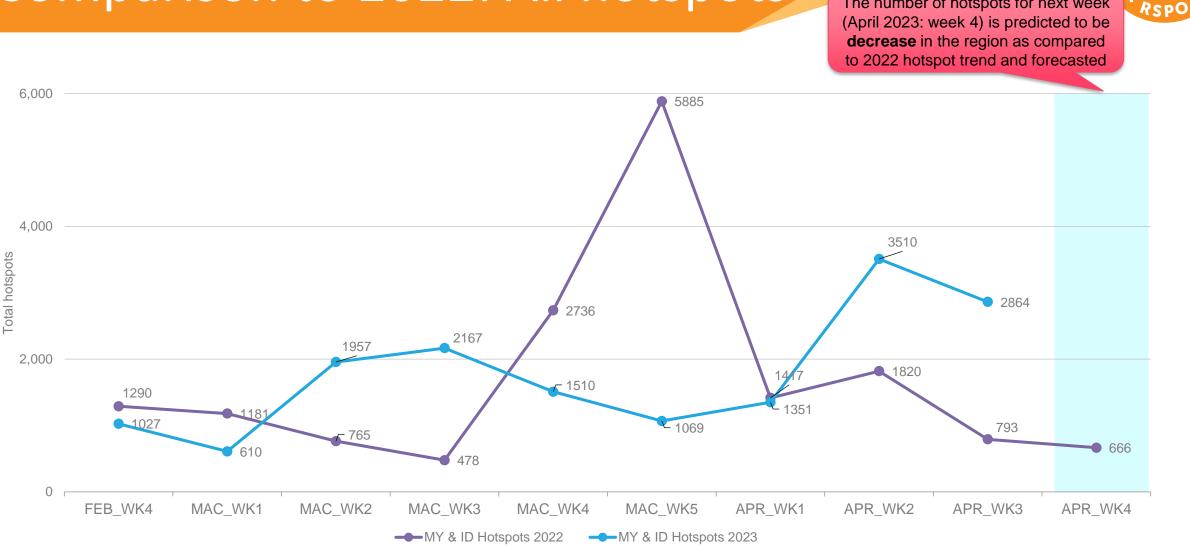
4.4 MSA





# **Weekly Analysis**

Comparison to 2022 trend Comparison to previous 10 weeks

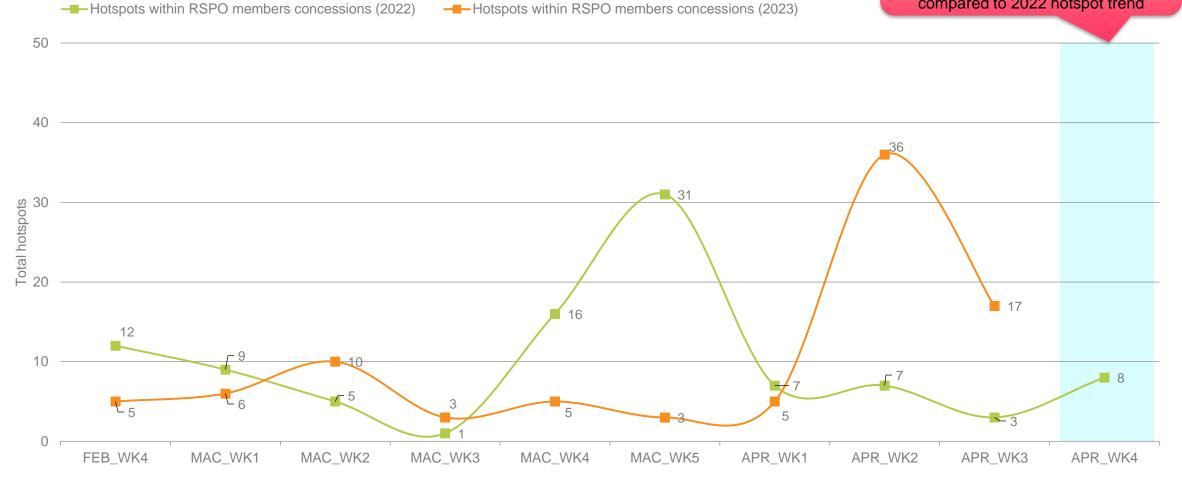


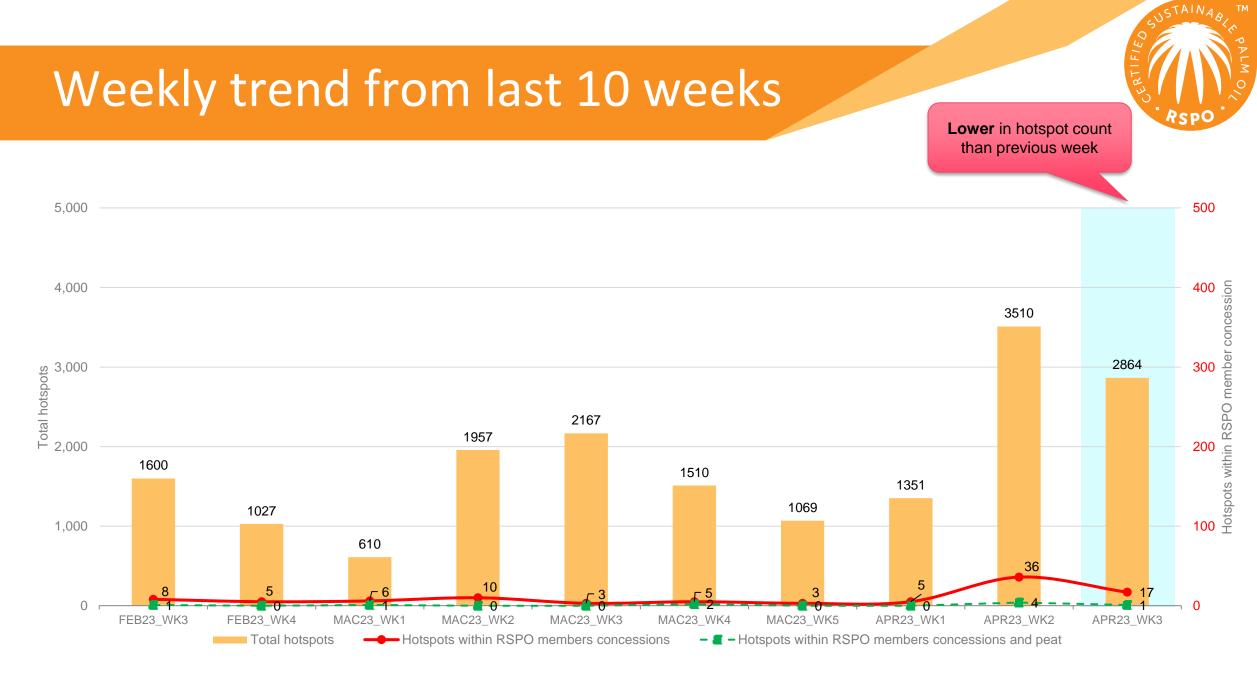
## Comparison to 2022: All hotspots

The number of hotspots for next week

# Comparison to 2022: Hotspot within RSPO Members Concessions

The number of hotspots within RSPO member is expected to be **higher** for next week (April 2023: week 4) as compared to 2022 hotspot trend

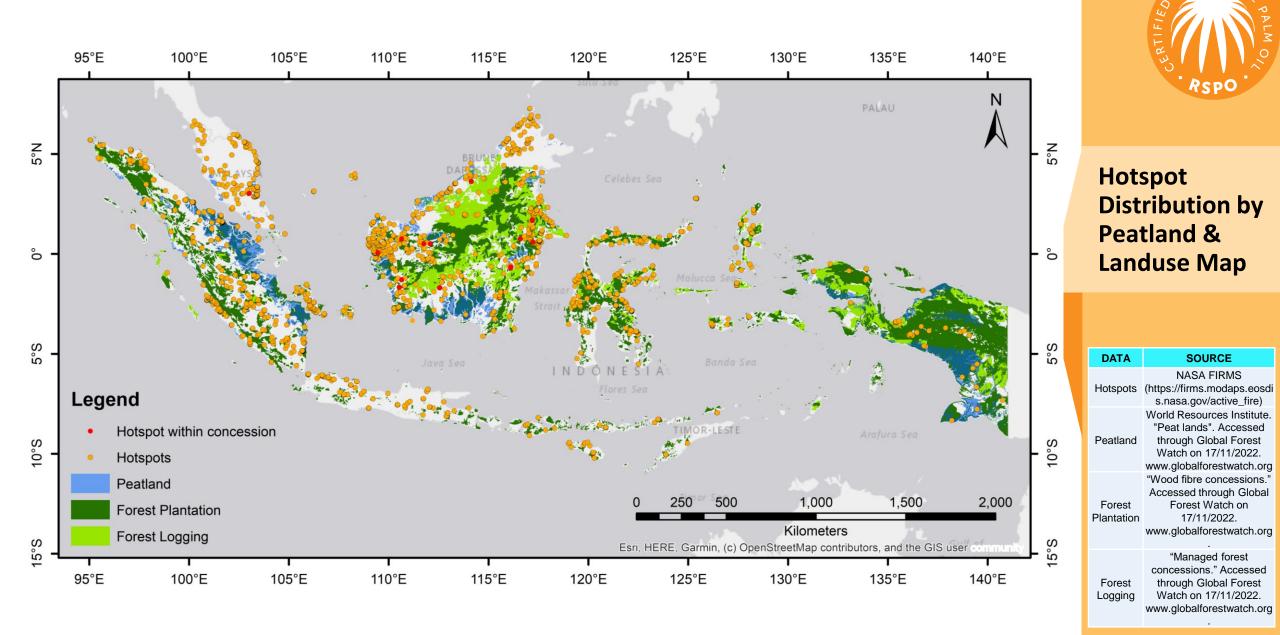


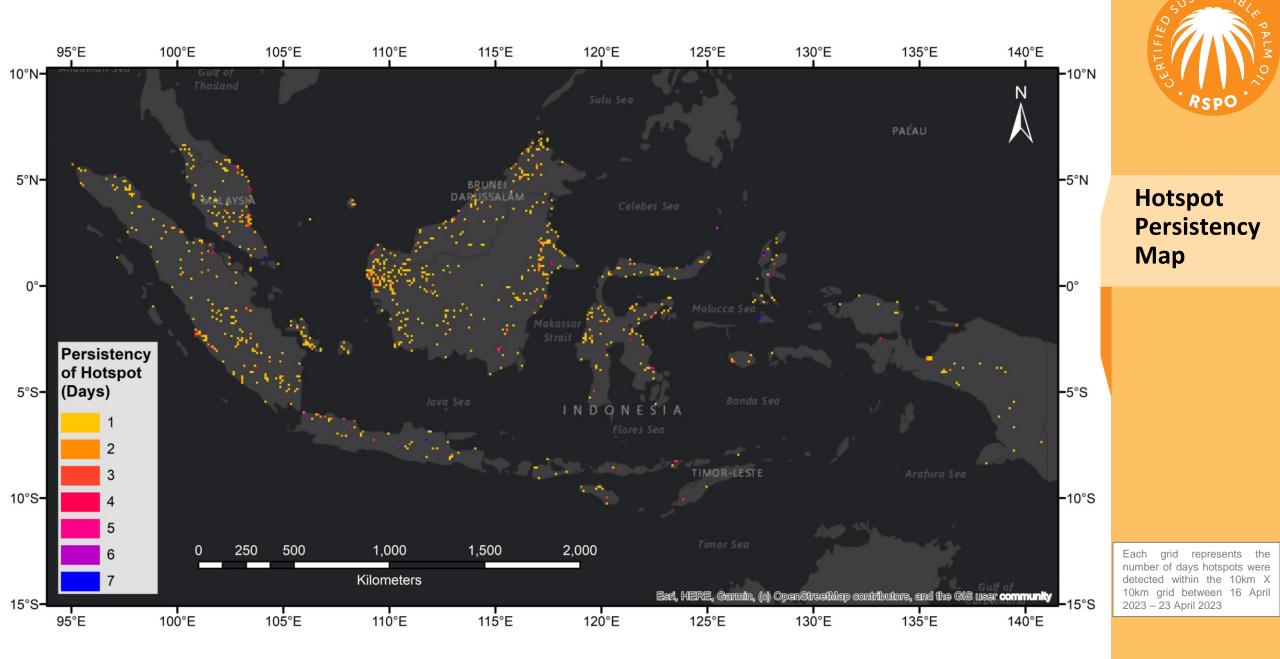




## Weekly Hotspot Map

Malaysia & Indonesia





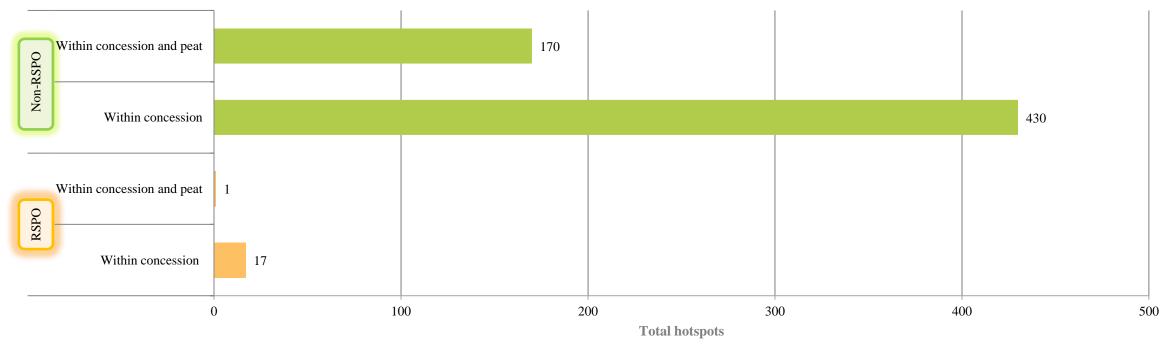
<sup>16</sup> April 2023 – 23 April 2023



### Week 3 - April 2023 Hotspot

#### Malaysia & Indonesia

## **RSPO vs non-RSPO comparison**



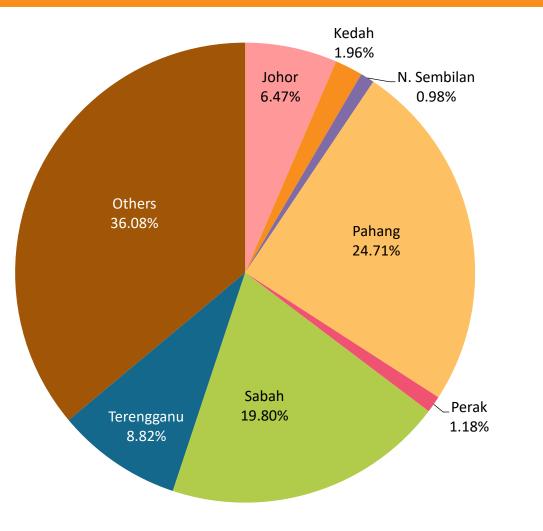
Non-RSPO oil palm concession location data was derived from oil palm concessions dataset accessed through Global Forest Watch on 17/11/2022. <u>www.globalforestwatch.org</u>. The website states that this layer is a compilation of concession data from various countries and sources. The quality of these data can vary depending on the source. This layer may not include all existing concessions in a country, and the location of certain concessions can be inaccurate.

As such the data probably overstates the extent of oil palm plantations in some cases, as there are many licenses granted and the oil palm plantation has not been developed. In other cases, it may understate the extent of plantations as it does not take into account smallholders. Nevertheless, this appears to be the best data available of ALL oil palm in Indonesia.

The RSPO concession boundary data was overlaid with this data in the GIS and RSPO concessions were "clipped" out of this data, leaving only "non-RSPO" concessions.

#### Non-RSPO\*: ~19,000,000 ha RSPO: ~ 4,800,000 ha

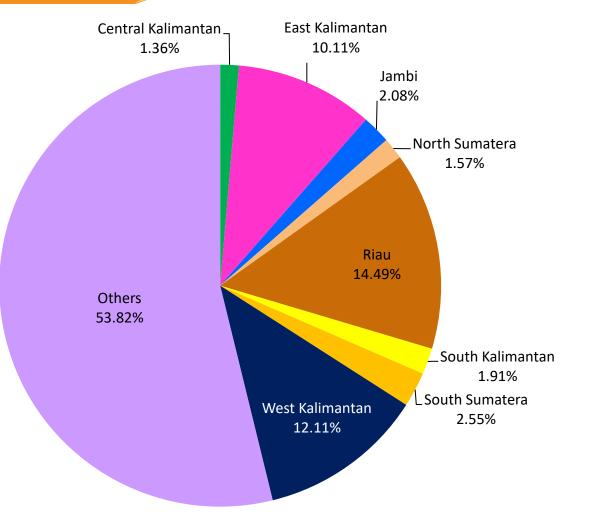
# Distribution of Hotspots by State in Malaysia



STATE	TOTAL		
Johor	33		
Kedah	10		
N. Sembilan 5			
Pahang	126		
Perak	6		
Sabah	101		
Terengganu	45		
Others 184			
Total	510		

# Distribution of Hotspots by Region in Indonesia

REGION	TOTAL
Central Kalimantan	32
East Kalimantan	238
Jambi	49
North Sumatera	37
Riau	341
South Kalimantan	45
South Sumatera	60
West Kalimantan	285
Others	1,267
Total	2,354



#### Hotspots in RSPO members (State/Province)



No. of Member/s	Date of Acquisition	District / Regency	Province / State	Country	No. of Hotspots	Total no. of Hotspots			
1	17-Apr-23	Kubu Raya	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1			
	18-Apr-23	East Kutai	East Kalimantan			Kutai		1	
1	19-Apr-23			Indonesia	1	3			
	20-Apr-23	West Kulai				11	West Kutai		1
1	19-Apr-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1			
	19-Apr-23	East Kutai Berau			1				
1	21-Apr-23		East Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	Λ			
1	22-Apr-23			Indonesia	1	4			
	23-Apr-23				1				
1	21-Apr-23	Sanggau	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1			
1	21-Apr-23	Ketapang	West Kalimantan	Indonesia	1	1			
1	21-Apr-23	Marudi		Malaycia	1	2			
1	22-Apr-23	Muadzam Shah		Pahang	Malaysia	1	Z		
1	22-Apr-23	East Kotawaringin	n Central Kalimantar	Indonesia	2	4			
T	22-Apr-23	Kapuas Hulu	West Kalimantan	IIIUUIIESId	2	4			
8				<b>Total Hotspots</b>		17			

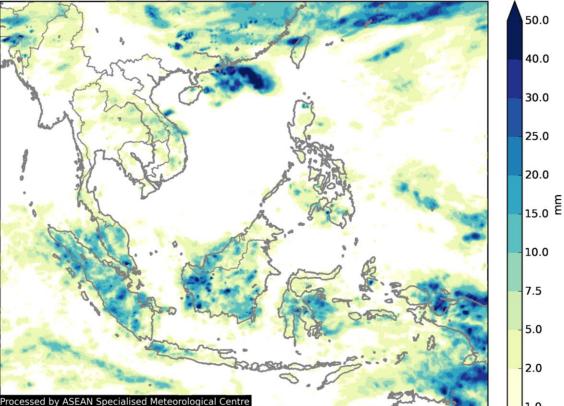


## **ASEAN Weather Outlook**

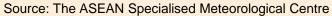
Source: The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre

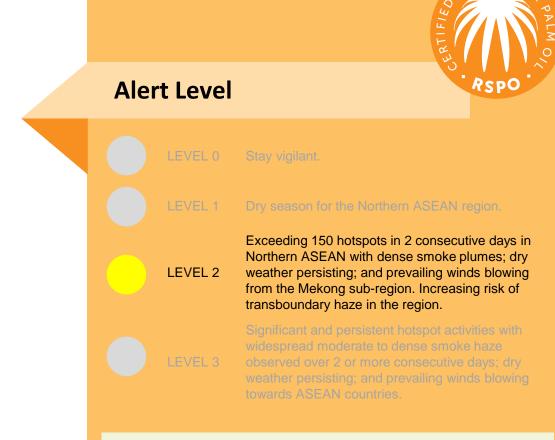
#### **Regional Weather & Haze Outlook**

GsMaP Daily Average Rainfall from 2023-04-17 to 2023-04-23



Isolated showers were observed mainly over southern, central and eastern parts of the Mekong sub-region, although northern parts of Lao PDR, Viet Nam and Myanmar remained dry. Elsewhere in the ASEAN region, rainy and cloudy conditions prevailed. Isolated hotspots were detected in Sumatra, Peninsular Malaysia, Borneo and West Kalimantan. Wet weather is forecast over many areas of the Mekong sub-region which could bring further improvement to the overall hotspot and smoke haze situation. Elsewhere in the subregion, the prevailing wet weather is forecast to persist. While the hotspot activity is expected to remain low, localised hotspots with smoke plumes could developed over areas under brief period of drier conditions.





In recent days, increased rainfall has helped to improve the overall hotspot and smoke haze situation over the Mekong sub-region. This has helped to reduce the extent of transboundary smoke haze in the sub-region, although elevated hotspot and smoke haze activity is still expected mainly in the drier areas of the northern and western subregion.

As more rainfall is forecast in the coming weeks, the hotspot and haze situation over the sub-region is expected to further improve.

## Alert by RSPO: Transboundary Haze (Level 2)

For the following week, RSPO Secretariat would like to recommend the following measures to Members:

<b>Dry Season Area</b> ( <u>Northern ASEAN region; especially at Mekong sub-region, Peninsular Malaysia</u> <u>and Borneo)</u>	Wet Weather Area (as forecast for <u>Southern ASEAN region)</u>
<ul> <li>Please alert to the Fire Danger Rating System (FDRS) indicator board especially in the fire prone area</li> <li>Supply appropriate well-maintained fire mitigation tools (fire extinguisher, fire truck)</li> <li>Establish of fire break (wide road, vacant land) within the planted area</li> <li>Inform workers and communities about the fire drill procedure</li> <li>Minimize outdoor activities and stay hydrated if the haze season occurred</li> <li>If haze occurred, wear respirator mask if outdoor activities is necessary.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>High risk of surface runoff in the estate area which may result in erosion and landslide</li> <li>Stay vigilant of water level and keep informed on local news of the flood in high-risk area</li> <li>Tendency for the formation of road potholes, which may necessitate additional maintenance and repair costs.</li> <li>Stay inside during thunderstorms and blizzards. Stay off the landline phone and computer during a storm.</li> <li>Wear appropriate rain gear for employees working in the rain</li> </ul>
<image/> <image/> <text></text>	Background image: Fire fighting in action conducted by Daabon Group 23 April 2023



# Find out more at www.rspo.org