

ACOP SECTORAL REPORT

ACOP

Annual Communications Of Progress

— SECTORAL REPORT —

2016/2017



Disclaimer

This material and accompanying data is based on submissions from RSPO members which has not been independently verified and is provided by the RSPO and authors without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. By making use of this material you do so at your own risk and you accept that the author shall not be liable for any claims, liabilities, losses, damages, costs or expenses of any kind arising.

Edited by

Communications Division, RSPO Secretariat

Concept & Design

Catalyze Sustainability Communications

Table of Contents

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

1.	Borneo Orangutan Survival Foundation	1
2.	Cheyenne Mountain Zoo	5
3.	Conservation International	10
4.	Earth Innovation Institute	18
5.	EcoHealth Alliance Inc.	23
6.	Fauna & Flora International (FFI)	27
7.	Global Environment Centre	32
8.	HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme	36
9.	Indianapolis Zoological Society	41
10.	LEAP SPIRAL	45
11.	National Wildlife Federation (USA)	49
12.	NEPCon	53
13.	Orang Utan Republik Foundation	57
14.	Orangutan Land Trust	61
15.	Point Defiance Zoo & Aquarium	65
16.	Rainforest Alliance	69
17.	San Diego Zoo Global	73
18.	Singapore Environment Council	78
19.	Stichting AIDEnvironment	82
20.	Sumatran Orangutan Society (SOS)	86
21.	The Zoological Society of London	90
22.	Union of Concerned Scientists	95
23.	Woodland Park Zoological Society	99
24.	WWF Indonesia	103
25.	WWF International	107
26.	WWF Malaysia	114
27.	WWF Switzerland	118
28.	ZOOLOGICAL PARKS BOARD OF NSW	122

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization					
Borneo Orangutan Survival Foundation					
1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?					
☐ Oil Palm Growers					
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders					
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers					
☐ Retailers					
☐ Banks and Investors					
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
☐ Affiliate Members					
☐ Supply Chain Associate					
1.3 Membership number					
6-0021-12-000-00					
1.4 Membership category					
Ordinary					
1.5 Membership sector					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

We are focus on conservation of borneo orangutans and its habitats

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Related to RSPO criterion 5.2 including: Facilitating Best Management Practice in orangutan habitat management within one oil palm plantations in Central Kalimantan (PT MSM of wilmer group) and 3 companies of Palma Serasih Group in East Kalimantan (PT Anugerah Energitama, PT Nusaraya Agro Sawit and PT Global Prima Mandiri)

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

50%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

All activities within BMPs in plantations are funded by the individual palm oil company

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2017

Comment:

Participated in taskforces of HCV Indonesia

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2017

Comment:

On Facilitating Best Management Practice (BMP) in orangutan habitat management within oil palm plantations in Central and East Kalimantan, Indonesia

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Develop cooperation with oil palm companies on the implementation of BMPs for orangutan habitat management within oil palm plantations in Central and East Kalimantan, Indonesia by involving local government - Conduct field surveys on orangutan populations, habitat condition and social aspects within the oil palm plantation - Develop training for oil palm staff on conflict mitigation between humans and orangutans - Provide reports and recommendations on management of orangutan habitat within the oil palm plantation area - Provide lessons learned for input and encourage the improvement of related policy and legislation at a District and Provincial level - Monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of recommendations within orangutan habitat management within oil palm areas.

GHG Emissions

4.1 AIC y	ou currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?					
No						
Please e	cplain why					
	We as an Environment NGO does not possess the oil palm plantations areas. Our operations mainly on rehabilitation and eintroduction of bornean orangutans and supporting the government for protection of orangutan habitats in protected forest					
oplicati	on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors					
5.1 Do yo	ou have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:					
	☐ Energy and carbon footprints					
	□Land Use Rights					
	■ Ethical Conduct Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf					
	□ Labour rights					
	☐ Stakeholder engagement					
	□ None of the above					
	best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate productior umption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines in?					
No						
Jploaded	I files:					

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Many orangutans within our rehabilitation centers originated from oil palm plantations since their habitat was cleared and orangutans assumed as a pests. To minimize this problem we are trying to encourage responsibility from related oil palm companies to support the orangutan rehabilitation process until they can be released back into safe, secure, natural habitat. Since 2012 to 2016, there are some oil palm company of RSPO members have been committed and support us with provide funding for rehabilitation and introduction processes for orangutan who came from their area. In addition, we seek to facilitate BMPs of HCVF areas or conservation area management within oil palm plantations which still serve as habitat for orangutans.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We tried to encourage the oil palm plantations to be responsible for biodiversity within their plantation areas including their responsibility for damage or loss of biodiversity due to the opening of new plantations. This is necessary to improve their image in the international community that they take responsibility for the negative impacts and play an active role in finding a solution. Since 2012 to 2016, some oil palm company of RSPO members have been committed and support us with provide funding for rehabilitation and introduction processes for orangutan who came from their area. This proved that they has responsible for the lost of biodiversity especially orangutans from their area.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: http://orangutan.or.id/press-release-bos-foundation-deploys-more-orangutans-to-salat-pre-release-island

Challenges Form 4

Cheyenne Mountain Zoo

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization				
Cheyenne Mountain Zoo				
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?				
☐ Oil Palm Growers				
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders				
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers				
☐ Retailers				
☐ Banks and Investors				
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☐ Affiliate Members				
☐ Supply Chain Associate				
.3 Membership number				
-0017-10-000-00				
.4 Membership category				
ordinary				
.5 Membership sector				
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Cheyenne Mountain Zoo's main activities are wildlife conservation, captive breeding and education. Our mission statement: A leader in conservation, captive breeding and animal care, Cheyenne Mountain Zoo connects people to wildlife and wild places through experiences that inspire action.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

The Cheyenne Mountain Zoo continues to take a lead in our industry in the U.S. on palm oil sustainability. Our palm oil awareness program has made it possible to educate our over 750,000 guests as well as other zoos about the importance of using only sustainable palm oil. We promoted the RSPO and sustainable palm oil in the following ways:

- 1. We attended the Association of Zoos and Aquariums conference and had a booth in the exhibit hall. We promoted the use of sustainable palm oil and joining the RSPO to our industry peers from over 230 accredited zoos by informal discussions, handing out information about our toolkit and shopping guides, and promoted our sustainable shopping guide app. We feel we have played a large role in getting the current US zoos that are now members to join.
- 2. We have facilitated and sent over 14,183 kids letters and 9,193 signatures to 9 different companies throughout the year after seeing great effectiveness in getting former letter and signature receiving companies joining the RSPO after being contacted for several months.
- 3. A palm oil survey was sent out in January for the sixth year to all AZA institutions. The results show that we are maintaining previous progress on palm oil awareness and having other institutions promote the same sustainable palm oil message of supporting RSPO member companies.
- 4. Promotional cards for our shopping guide app –which promotes the RSPO were handed out at our zoo as well as at conferences we attended.
- 5. Primate keepers continue daily orangutan shows at our great ape exhibit that include messaging about sustainable palm oil and handing out promotional cards for our sustainable palm oil shopping app. Trading cards are handed out to young children with links to additional palm oil information.
- 6. We continue to keep our smart phone app up to date with products made by RSPO member companies. The app has been downloaded over 40,000 times. The app now includes a scanner for easier use.
- 7. Our sustainable palm oil shopping guide app now includes companies found in Canada with Canadian products that are not available in the U.S. marketplace. Previously our app only had products available in the United States. We continue to expand the database as new companies join the RSPO.
- 8. We presented at conferences about sustainable palm oil and encouraging others to join and support the RSPO, including: the Annual Orangutan SSP Husbandry Workshop Conference and the Association of Zoos & Aquariums (AZA) National conference.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Our palm oil awareness program is funded through Quarters for Conservation in which 75 cents of each zoo admission goes towards a conservation project. Guests can vote on various projects, one of those being palm oil awareness to help save wild orangutans and other wildlife.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2010

Cheyenne Mountain Zoo

2010	
Comment: Ongoing.	
Actions for N	ext Reporting Period
3.1 Outline ac	tions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
operate nearly maintain a goa	tems Associates (SSA), the vendor for Cheyenne Mountain Zoo's concessions, has joined the RSPO. They also 60 other facilities throughout the United States. We will continue to work with the company and optimistically all to have SSA using 100% CSPO in their restaurants and gift shops by the end of 2017.
	palm oil shopping guide app will be updated to have a more inviting and user friendly design including a redesign of ge and menu system.
3. We will cont	inue to promote our palm oil shopping guide mobile app that has over 40,000 downloads.
zoos join the R	inue to work towards having more USA zoos become members of the RSPO and our goal is to have at least 3 new ISPO in 2017.
goal for the 20	inue to advocate for companies to become members of the RSPO and use only CSPO in their products. Our target 17 reporting year is to have 5 new national companies become members of the RSPO and/or use only CSPO. (If a rrently a member of the RSPO we will advocate to have them use 100% traceable CSPO that is deforestation-free.)
6. Continue to	facilitate zoo and web guests in writing letters and emails asking companies to become members of the RSPO and
,	O that is deforestation-free in their products. Our smart phone shopping guide app rating system to encourage RSPO member companies to keep improving.
8. We will cont	inue to examine our in house palm oil use (e.g. animal foods, cleaning products, etc). We will encourage our current
	n the RSPO and use CSPO, or we will look for alternative suppliers that are members of the RSPO. 75% of our or
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi	
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa	ers of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified Im oil that is deforestation-free.
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa	ers of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified Im oil that is deforestation-free.
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa	ers of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified Im oil that is deforestation-free.
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa GHG Emissio 4.1 Are you cu	ers of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified Im oil that is deforestation-free. PINS Ultrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa GHG Emissio 4.1 Are you co	ers of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified Im oil that is deforestation-free. PINS Ultrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa GHG Emissio 4.1 Are you cu No Please explain	ers of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified Im oil that is deforestation-free. PINS Ultrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa 6HG Emissio 4.1 Are you cont No Please explain	ers of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified lm oil that is deforestation-free. In surrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations? In why
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa 6HG Emissio 4.1 Are you con No Please explain Application of	ars of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified lim oil that is deforestation-free. The surrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations? In why If Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa 6HG Emissio 4.1 Are you con No Please explain Application of 5.1 Do you ha	inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified lim oil that is deforestation-free. In a surrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations? In why If Principles & Criteria for all members sectors we organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa 6HG Emissio 4.1 Are you cont No Please explain Application of 5.1 Do you ha	inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In the companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In the companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In the companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In the companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In the companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In the companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation free. In the companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that guests can interactive "store" will be added so that gu
current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa 6HG Emissio 4.1 Are you con No Please explain Application of 5.1 Do you ha	ars of products containing palmoil/derivatives are RSPO members. inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In surrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations? In why If Principles & Criteria for all members sectors we organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Interpretation of the principles in the policies of the principles in the policies of the principles in the principles in the policies of the principles in the principle
Current supplie 9. We will cont 10. Our on gro use our shoppi sustainable pa 6HG Emissio 4.1 Are you co No Please explain Application of 5.1 Do you ha □ La □ La	inue to attend conferences and spread messaging about sustainable palm oil to other zoos. unds palm oil information will be updated with new graphics. An interactive "store" will be added so that guests can ing guide app on grounds to discover how some of their favorite companies are doing in regards to using certified im oil that is deforestation-free. In surrently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations? In why If Principles & Criteria for all members sectors we organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Interpret of the principles in the policies of the pol

Cheyenne Mountain Zoo

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Continue to update our educational resource kit. We have a website for the purpose of promoting CSPO. Continue to update and upgrade our sustainable palm oil shopping guide smartphone app.

All information is in English.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

www.cmzoo.org/palmoil

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

We continue to struggle with trust in the RSPO -our message is to support the RSPO and the consumption of 100% physical CSPO that is deforestation-free. We often hear that criteria for the RSPO are not strong enough especially regarding planting on peat and the validity of HCV assessments. Also -the traceability and transparency issue, people ask 'how do we know that the plantations and companies are doing what they say they are?' RSPO NEXT is a step in the right direction, but we would like to see them be a part of the P&Cs for all members. The validity of the RSPO comes in question when companies are found to be breaking P&Cs but nothing is done. A significant current struggle involves social media and the way some adamant people say really mean and 'ugly' things in RSPO social media posts/chains, and attack any people who join conversations and have a more informed view on palm oil issues and sustainability. We have had to, and do, choose our messages for social media in such a way as to mitigate backlash and stop individuals who only aim to instigate, and not foster a positive discussion. We need the RSPO to have a better image and stronger P & C's to support the positive message we continue to promote.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Already included above.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: www.cmzoo.org/palmoiltoolkit

Challenges Form 9

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization					
Conservation International					
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?					
☐ Oil Palm Growers					
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders					
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers					
Retailers					
☐ Banks and Investors					
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
☐ Affiliate Members					
☐ Supply Chain Associate					
.3 Membership number					
6-0010-08-000-00					
.4 Membership category					
Ordinary					
.5 Membership sector					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

MISSION:

Building upon a strong foundation of science, partnership and field demonstration, CI empowers societies to responsibly and sustainably care for nature, our global biodiversity, for the well-being of humanity.

STRATEGY:

Through science, policy and field work, CI works to protect the resources that we all depend on. We help communities, countries and societies protect tropical forests, lush grasslands, rivers, wetlands, abundant lakes and the sea. Only through properly valuing the essential services these ecosystems provide can we create a sustainable development path that will benefit all people for generations to come.

Our scientists, field staff and policy experts are: measuring the contribution of healthy ecosystems to human well-being; assessing the implications of development decisions; putting cutting-edge, rigorously tested information in the hands of decision-makers and the public; and demonstrating through field models how economic opportunity and the stewardship of natural resources can leverage change at an international scale.

Our strategy is built around three pillars:

- 1. Protecting critical natural capital, biodiversity and ecosystems that provide the foundation for human well-being.
- 2. Fostering effective governance at local, national, and international levels.
- 3. Promoting sustainable production practices.

The palm oil sector is particularly important to CI's mission because it can be an important driver of economic growth in developing countries, can create employment opportunities in rural areas, is the highest yielding oil crop per hectare and is a globally important foodstuff. However, poorly planned and managed oil palm cultivation can result in forest conversion, undermining the biodiversity and ecosystem health upon which agriculture and ultimately human well-being depend. Effective and constructive engagement with the palm oil sector, and related agribusiness sectors, is extremely important to forging joint solutions based on identification and implementation of better practices for oil palm cultivation, promotion of science-based land use planning and zoning, and the development of government and market policies with the goal of protecting environmental values, supporting economic growth and improving rural livelihoods.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

Conservation International

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

CI is working at multiple levels to promote sustainable palm oil. At the global level, we participate in and support the RSPO and we maintain engagements with several major corporations that use palm oil in their products. Through these engagements, CI provides support to companies seeking to develop and implement sustainable sourcing policies, including the purchase of CSPO. We also work to create a supportive policy environment for sustainable palm oil in producer countries such as Indonesia, Brazil, Ecuador and Liberia, as well as in consumer markets such as the EU and the US. At the local level, we continue to support producers with certification and implementation of better management practices.

Highlights of this work include:

EUROPE:

In Europe, CI has been facilitating a constant dialogue with all relevant stakeholders (EU institutions, industry, producing countries and civil society) about policy options supporting the goal of 100% sustainable palm oil in Europe by 2020. As a feasibility study assessing different policy options to be included in an EU Action Plan on Deforestation and Forest Degradation is underway, CI has continued promoting our joint policy recommendations with WWF, Greenpeace and others through bilateral meetings and public events for European policy-makers in Brussels as well as in Germany, France, Switzerland and the Netherlands. The study will be published by the European Commission in June 2017. Throughout 2016, CI has also worked to influence the European Parliament report "Palm oil and tropical deforestation" to be adopted in April 2017. CI sent a joint letter with the RSPO to Members of the European Parliament (MEPs) containing specific text recommendations in order to make the report less critical of palm oil and certification schemes, but acknowledging their challenges. CI and the RSPO had a set of meetings with MEPs to discuss our positions. At the national level, CI has promoted policy recommendations to the signatory countries of the Amsterdam Declaration on "Eliminating Deforestation from Global Value Chains" and "Towards 100% Sustainable Palm Oil in Europe" in the field of environment, development and trade policy.

INDONESIA:

Since 2010, with support from the Walton Family Foundation and USAID, CI has implemented the Sustainable Landscapes Partnership (SLP) to demonstrate low-emission development strategies that incorporate both economic and conservation objectives in four regencies of North Sumatra – Mandailing Natal, South Tapanuli, North Tapanuli and Pakpak Bharat. Specifically, SLP is working to improve agricultural production of key crops, including palm oil, in the regencies; identify and protect critical areas of natural capital such as HCV forests; support local government in implementation of key policy measures such as Strategic Environmental Assessments; and improve practices and agricultural production of local smallholders while establishing linkages with international buyers interested in supporting producers that are pursuing sustainability.

BRAZIL:

The Palm Oil Dialogue, a workshop with all the stakeholders involved in the palm oil production chain in Pará state, Brazil, was launched on October 25, 2016 to discuss issues related to sustainable palm oil production, such as RSPO certification, fair labor conditions, biodiversity conservation, and regional governance. The Palm Oil Dialogue brought together leading Brazilian producers as well as influential stakeholders from the private sector and NGOS to discuss how the palm oil sector can promote solutions for sustainable production and conservation issues at scale.

LIBERIA

The Government, through the Ministry Agriculture, authorized Conservation International as the lead organization responsible for the completion of Liberia's National Interpretation process. CI organized several meetings with national stakeholders to discuss the completion of Liberia's National Interpretation process. CI has begun disseminating and socializing the RSPO's principles and processes with key government agencies, private sectors and civil society recognizing the significant role the RSPO certification of Liberia's palm oil play in contributing to the national economic and biodiversity conservation.

CI is also serving as the Liberia national focal point in the Tropical Forest Alliance 2020's Africa Palm Oil Initiative. In 2016, as part of this effort, CI coordinated a TFA Workshop on behalf of the national Oil Palm Technical Working Group, a group of palm oil companies, government stakeholders and civil society organizations, responsible for advancing Liberia's vision for sustainable palm oil development. During the workshop, nearly 80 participants agreed upon a set of joint principles, supported by the Government of Liberia. These national principles include a commitment to RSPO, including the development of the National Interpretation for Liberia, clarification of High Conservation Value and High Carbon Stock and a monitoring, verification and reporting system that can be used to support certification.

ECUADOR:

Through CI-Ecuador's participation in RSPO's National Interpretation Table, CI-Ecuador helped to align RSPO standards with national legislation and policies. CI-Ecuador also contributed to developing the implementation plan for palm oil in Ecuador's National REDD+ Action Plan. In addition, Ecuador has collaborated with two palm oil companies to make a commitment to work towards RSPO certification. These alliances are key as the companies have committed to a zero deforestation.

GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL FACILITY (GEF):

CI continued its participation in the Steering Group for the GEF's Integrated Approach Project, "Reducing Deforestation for Commodity Production". In 2016, proposals and scopes of work were advanced to integrate sustainable production, demand and financial transactions into palm oil production pilots in Indonesia and Liberia. Funding and work will begin in May 2017.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

Conservation International

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

CI's work with palm oil is funded by a wide range of donors including foundation, government and private sector partners, as well as individual supporters.

For more information on CI's financials, please see: www.conservation.org/financials.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2008

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2012

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Over the next year, CI will work to build upon its 2016 achievements to advance the objectives of RSPO and promote increased uptake for certified sustainable palm oil. Our actions over the next year will focus on four complementary strategies:

ENSURING SUSTAINABLE AND RELIABLE DEMAND FOR SUSTAINABLE PALM OIL IN KEY MARKETS:

CI will support corporate partners in their efforts to fulfill their commitments to purchase 100% certified sustainable palm oil.

CI will provide support and technical advice to major palm oil users with the goal of encouraging time-bound commitments and implementation strategies sourcing 100% physical certified sustainable palm oil that does not contribute to deforestation.

CI and partners will develop data and guidance materials that support interested companies in shifting to certified sustainable palm oil and CI will explore opportunities to strengthen industry efforts aimed at transitioning the North American market to 100% certified sustainable palm oil.

CI will explore the feasibility of and pursue opportunities to promote uptake of certified sustainable palm oil through demand-side initiatives in other major consumer markets, including Indonesia and Africa.

CI will continue and strengthen its work to reach 100% sustainable palm oil in Europe by 2020, including the EU policy engagement on the EU Action Plan on Deforestation, the SDG communication, the benchmarking study about palm oil and the trade negotiations between the EU and Indonesia. CI will also continue to promote the increase of uptake of CSPO in Europe through public events, engagement with the private sector and communications.

CONTRIBUTING TO CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT OF RSPO:

CI will contribute to ongoing industry discussions aimed at clarifying and defining best practice models for key sustainability issues that build on RSPO's principles and criteria. This includes exploring opportunities to leverage CI's core strengths of science, partnership and field demonstration to support and advance emerging initiatives, including but not limited to RSPO Next and jurisdictional certification. CI will also provide input and comment to the upcoming review of RSPO's P&Cs.

PILOTING SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS IN OIL PALM LANDSCAPES:

CI will continue to develop and pilot projects that combine the identification and protection of critical natural capital with productivity improvements, capacity building initiatives and improved governance in palm oil production areas.

INDONESIA:

CI-Indonesia will provide training on ISPO to agriculture field extension in two districts of North Sumatra, Mandailing Natal and North Tapanuli. Establish demonstration plots which will demonstrate best practices to improve palm oil production in a sustainable way. A map will be developed which will present areas that are suitable/not suitable for palm oil to guide expansion of production. Activities which support the government in developing a road map and strategy for a sustainable palm oil jurisdictional approach will be undertaken.

I IBFRIA:

CI-Liberia will facilitate the development of National Strategy/ Policy documents, complete National Interpretation documents, play a convening role in the Oil Palm Sector Technical Working Group meetings, and establish a partnership with private sector players to promote sustainable palm oil. In addition, the socialization of the national outgrowers scheme will be supported, with national stakeholders and international partners. Landscape level forums to promote dialogue and consensus building around concepts including HCV, HCS, and RSPO will be established, as well as cost-effective monitoring systems within the landscape.

BRAZIL:

Two additional workshops will be held on the Palm Oil Dialogue. A proposal was developed with the intention of working with the largest palm oil company in Brazil to develop ecological corridors for the Belem Endemism Center (CEB), in order to minimize the impacts of palm oil production on regional biodiversity, especially endemic species. In addition, a CI palm oil exchange will be hosted in June to discuss the next steps in the palm oil strategy for the Amazon.

FCUADOR

In the next year, CI-Ecuador will continue to work closely with the Ministry of Environment, the Ministry of Agriculture, RSPO, and a range of oil palm producers to achieve jurisdictional certification in the next few years. Ecuador will also contribute to reviewing HCVs and LUCC assessments in order to assure the quality of the information provided to RSPO.

NEW MODELS & TOOLS:

In early 2017, CI will convene a workshop of industry and sustainability stakeholders to explore opportunities to adapt the Conservation Agreement model to support smallholders in reducing deforestation in oil palm landscapes, with the goal of integrating Conservation Agreements into our implementation pilots in Indonesia, Liberia and other key regions.

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
Yes
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded
4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?
No
Please explain why

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Energy and carbon footprints Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-energyandcarbonfootprints.pdf
■ Land Use Rights Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-landuserights.pdf
☐ None of the above

Conservation International

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

We integrate best practice guidance into the strategic advice we provide to corporate partners on a consultative basis. This guidance includes becoming a member of RSPO and setting a time-bound goal to source 100% CSPO. Specific products and guidance includes:

>>INDUSTRY PRESENTATIONS

CI teams in the U.S., Indonesia, and Europe participated in industry events and panels, aimed at promoting greater awareness of sustainable palm oil issues and initiatives. These included:

- CI Europe participated in numerous events and panels to address the important role Europe plays in the sustainable palm oil discussion, connect efforts to address imported deforestation with climate goals, and highlight the need for leadership commitments coupled with investment in sustainable production at the landscape level in producing countries. Presentations and events included: the European Parliament conference on EU policy and market transformation model for palm oil, the annual European Palm Oil Conference organized by the European Palm Oil Association, and the GIZ annual meeting on "Climate, Biodiversity and Environment Policy".
- CI Indonesia presented on challenges associated with smallholders and prosperity, community based land rights, and access to finance as well as approaches to adapting to the impacts resulting from climate change within the context of palm oil at the Responsible Business Forum on Sustainable Development Goals.
- Representatives from Cl's Center for Environmental Leadership in Business (CELB) spoke at the RSPO EU RT in June 2016 outlining our policy work to promote sustainable palm oil production and consumption. Additionally, CELB staff regularly advise companies in the US market on purchase and use of CSPO.

>>BLOGS

CI featured several blogs highlighting our work in Indonesia, Africa, and Amazonia related to (1) supporting smallholders with resources, training, and market access, (2) informing policies and governments around sustainable land use planning, and (3) engaging companies in sustainable palm oil production and market transformation. Blogs included:

- "What you need to know about palm oil in 5 charts"
- "In palm oil, Liberia sees economic boom but forests may lose"
- "Charting a sustainable path in a land of peat, oil palm and pollution"
- "Stopping deforestation in the Amazon by 2020? It's possible"

To visit these and other blog posts, visit: http://blog.conservation.org/

11	nl	_	ac	ᇄ	a	fi	ᇄ	c	
u	v	v	au		u		ıc	3	

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

MARKET CHALLENGES: RSPO certification does not fully satisfy market demands for assurance against NDPE commitments. RSPO Next is encouraging, but needs to prove it can scale and market actors need to prove they will buy it: questions remain around availability, costs, and level of assurance provided by RSPO Next. In the next reporting period, CI will look at RSPO Next as it relates to similar initiatives, criteria and commitments by individual companies to facilitate market confidence to make commitments to RSPO Next or equivalent. Additionally, as efforts to promote sustainable palm oil at a landscape level (outside of the RSPO-led jurisdictional certification pilots) develop and scale, RSPO should work constructively with stakeholders to understand how RSPO might fit into a step-wise plan for development. Public documentation and case studies on the challenges and progress of the jurisdictional certification efforts would also be helpful. Cl's field programs in places like Ecuador and Liberia are engaging with RSPO as we define our objectives for sustainable palm oil landscapes. Some specific challenges and lessons from our regional engagement include: INDONESIA: To address challenges of traceability, smallholder mapping was facilitated for palm oil. Follow up discussions with government officials were conducted to find solutions for obtaining legal status of smallholders which is key to certifications. In order to address environmental obstacles around development of palm oil on peat lands. recommendations were provided to the private sector on peat land management in their plantations. BRAZIL: The biggest obstacle is finding ways to positively engage all parties interested in the production chain. LIBERIA: The lack of a national palm oil strategy and policy document is an obstacle in Liberia. CI has been mandated to the play a leadership role in the drafting of this national document, and the initiation of the process will depend on availability of findings. Another issue is that HCV/ HCS sites have not been identified and demarcated by the concessioners. CI will initiate localized and spatial land use planning with local communities to prioritize areas of high conservation values. ECUADOR: The certification process for RSPO is still challenging for smallholder producers to understand and implement but CI-Ecuador is helping certify smallholder producers. There is an additional challenge that needs to be addressed at a broader level to avoid making RSPO certification a perverse incentive: compensation mechanisms and additionality. In Ecuador, many companies own land with forests and that don't have management plans yet. In order to prevent the oil palm companies from selling those lands to third parties, who in turn might deforest that land, and purchasing degraded lands in other areas, it is important to find a mechanism that will allow those lands to stay in conservation instead of being sold (for example, putting them in a national protected area system) and would also allow for compensation.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have engaged directly with member companies to implement their commitments, educated non-members and advised them to join, and advanced models in the field and in global markets to support the expansion and uptake of CSPO.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Challenges Form 17

Earth Innovation Institute

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization					
Earth Innovation Institute					
1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?					
☐ Oil Palm Growers					
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders					
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers					
☐ Retailers					
☐ Banks and Investors					
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
☐ Affiliate Members					
☐ Supply Chain Associate					
1.3 Membership number					
6-0023-12-000-00					
1.4 Membership category					
Ordinary					
1.5 Membership sector					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					

Environmental and Conservation NGOs Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Earth Innovation Institute, EII's mission is to find innovative rural development solutions that simultaneously maintain healthy tropical forest ecosystems and meet the socioeconomic needs of local and regional communities. Currently we are working towards a sustainable jurisdiction approach to support sustainable production of key commodities around Indonesia, Colombia, Brazil, and Peru.

In Indonesia, EII's goal is to build upon the strong political support in selected localities for a transition to low-deforestation, productive rural development (LED-R) to achieve multi-stakeholder consensus in support of this agenda.

In collaboration with EII's sister organization - Institut Penelitian Inovasi Bumi (INOBU - http://www.inobu.org), EII has been working with the provincial and district governments in Central Kalimantan Province, Indonesia to ensure the sustainable cultivation of oil palm. The activities have focused on three districts: Kotawaringin Barat, Seruyan and Gunung Mas, with a goal of having the jurisdictions certified according to the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) standards.

In early 2017, EII, INOBU, and RSPO signed an MOU to work together to support the jurisdictional certification of palm oil in the province of Central Kalimantan, Indonesia; and to promote jurisdictional certification as an effective and legitimate pathway for sustainably certifying the production of palm oil.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

- Developed an audit plan of RSPO (Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil) certification pilot program for smallholder farmers in Pangkalan Tiga village, Kotawaringin Barat District, Central Kalimantan Province, Indonesia.
- Facilitated establishment of Jurisdictional Certification Working Group at the provincial level (Central Kalimantan) and district levels (Seruyan, and Gunung Mas district) to remove the risks of deforestation and social conflict from the palm oil supply chain, and to implement the jurisdictional certification of palm oil, as endorsed by RSPO. Members of the Working Group consist of local government, private sector, community representatives, and non-government organizations which concurred with the important targets towards the sustainability of the palm oil sector. Link: http://www.inobu.org/en/about/vision-mission/113-central-kalimantan-province-working-group.html
- Launched SIPKEBUN (Sistem Informasi dan Pemantauan Kinerja Perkebunan Berkelanjutan) or "The Information and Performance Monitoring System for Sustainable Plantations". The monitoring system is designed to improve decision-making at the provincial level regarding oil palm plantations. In addition, the district level Plantation Office is now equipped with an electronic way to capture key data on oil palm cultivation both at the commercial and smallholder scale. Link: http://www.inobu.org /events/36-events/119-innovating-towards-sustainable-jurisdictions-inobu-rolls-out-training-on-sipkebun-monitoring-system.html
- Developed a proposal (including program plan, institutional model, and article of association draft) on establishment of "Agricultural Facility Center", a support facility for smallholder farmers in the district. The Agricultural Facility Center is a collaborative venture among the central government, local governments, private sector and other partners.
- Partnership with private companies to support the ongoing transition in the jurisdictions are being forged in the form of MoUs, notably an MoU with Unilever to encourage sustainable plantations. The MOU is available here: https://www.dropbox.com/s/cmflfijaxsix86c/MoU%20Unilever.pdf
- Spoke at COP22 in Marrakech, Morocco: EII participated in a Side Event discussion: Jurisdictional Sustainability in the Tropics: More Food, More Forests, Fewer Emissions, Better Livelihoods (15 November 2016).
- Spoke at the 14th Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil RSPO annual conference in Bangkok, Thailand (7 November 2016). Ell gave a presentation on the results of palm oil farmer mapping initiative and the process of jurisdictional certification in Central Kalimantan. Link: http://www.inobu.org/en/events/36-events/122-press-release-central-kalimantans-seruyan-district-leading-a-global-initiative-for-supporting-sustainable-palm-oil-production-update-from-the-rspo-annual-meeting.html

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oi	1.4 What percentage	of your organizations	overall activities focus	s on palm oil?
---	---------------------	-----------------------	--------------------------	----------------

50%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformat towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?
Yes
1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?
Ell's work on palm oil is funded by Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (Norad), the David and Lucille Packard Foundation, International Climate Initiative (IKI) with the focus on promoting sustainable palm oil production, and improving sustainability of smallholders' agricultural practice in Central Kalimantan, Indonesia. For the village-approach smallholders' certification, the funding comes from RSSF, co-funded by Unilever. Ell is also working on an FFB legality study which is funded RSPO FFB legality and task force
ime-Bound Plan
2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces
2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certification, upt
Actions for Next Reporting Period
3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
• Establishment of "Agricultural Facility Center" plan, a support facility for smallholder palm oil farmers in Seruyan and Kotawari West district (covering technical assistance training, organizational strengthening, access to seeds and fertilizers, agricultural equipment).
• Implementation of SIPKEBUN (Sistem Informasi dan Pemantauan Kinerja Perkebunan Berkelanjutan) or "The Information and Performance Monitoring System for Sustainable Plantations". The plan for 2017 is to transfer the server from EII to the Ministry Agriculture – Indonesia.
• An audit of the RSPO certification pilot program for smallholder farmers in Pangkalan Tiga village. In 2017, we are planning to have all smallholders certified (total: 600 smallholders) in Pangkalan Tiga village, Central Kalimantan and become the first sustainable palm oil village in Indonesia.
• HCV/HCS assessment carried out in the two pilot districts for jurisdictional certification in Central Kalimantan. This assessment will be discussed in the working groups at the district level to reach consensus on: go and no-go areas, compensation costs for cleared HCV after 2005 and management model for those areas identified as HCV/HCS. Local FPIC interpretation process completed and recommended to be endorsed by District governments through Head of District Regulation
GHG Emissions
4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No
Please explain why
-
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
C.1 Do you have organizational politics that are in line with the Not O 1 do, such as:
☐ Energy and carbon footprints
•
☐Land Use Rights
_
☐ Land Use Rights
☐ Land Use Rights ☑ Ethical Conduct
☐ Land Use Rights ☑ Ethical Conduct ☐ Labour rights

Earth Innovation Institute

- 5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?
- Report of FFB Legality Study: "Defining the Legality of Oil Palm Fresh Fruit Bunches: Experiences From Indonesia". English language version. Link: https://www.dropbox.com/s/wqr3y6dbctxrtwu/INOBU%27s%20RSPO%20Report%202.5%20Final%20Clean.pdf
- Report of Oil Palm Smallholders: "A Profile of Oil Palm Smallholders and the Challenges of Farming Independently. The case of Seruyan and Kotawaringin Barat Districts in Central Kalimantan, Indonesia". English and Indonesia language version.

The study aims to contribute to improving the understanding about independent, small-scale oil palm farmers in Indonesia. The report analyses the main challenges that prevent independent farmers from cultivating oil palm productively and sustainably, which are:

- Legal recognition of their land rights;
- Access to credit, planting material, fertilizers and training; and
- Fair terms and prices for the sale of harvested fresh fruit bunches.

Link: http://www.inobu.org/download/INOBU_Smallholders_Final.pdf

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

www.inobu.org/download/INOBU_Smallholders_Final.pdf

Communications of

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Obstacles: • Discontinuity in policy processes due to political elections (frequent changes in the bureaucratic structure) may slow or inhibit progress towards jurisdictional certification in the palm oil sector. • Differences in the level of commitment and understanding of actors/stakeholders in the concepts, approaches and actions for implementation of jurisdictional certification. • Continued financing to implement jurisdictional certification may not be available. Mitigations: • Strengthening inclusion of smallholders, indigenous peoples and traditional communities are concerns that are widely shared by political leaders and their electors at all levels of government. Consequently, there is potential for ensuring continuity from one government to another, even when political parties with widely divergent orientations alternate in power. • The negative impacts of political change are mitigated through the focus on multi-stakeholder processes with a decentralized governance structure facilitated by civil society organizations and monitoring systems that are embedded in local organizations. • Engaging and maintaining broad support to ensure that there is a political and business case for the jurisdictional certification. • Synergies. EII is currently working with the three levels of government, which are Ministry of Agriculture, Central Kalimantan provincial government, and district governments of Seruyan, Gunung Mas, and Kotawaringin Barat to integrate information and performance monitoring system for sustainable plantations in Central Kalimantan.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

EII in collaboration with its sister organization - Institut Penelitian Inovasi Bumi (INOBU - http://www.inobu.org) are promoting the jurisdictional approach to members of the RSPO through regular meetings, providing updates on our work on palm oil, and inviting other members for collaboration. 1. Engagement with the province and district government: 1.1 As the national secretariat for the Governors' Climate and Forest (GCF) Task Force in Indonesia (which includes: Aceh, West Kalimantan, Central Kalimantan, East Kalimantan, North Kalimantan, West Papua and Papua), we promote sustainable supply chains for palm oil as one of the targets for the provinces. 2. Business to business education: 2.1 We promote cooperation and dialogue between large buyers of Indonesia's palm oil and the smallholders meeting a significant proportion of their demand. On November 2016, we brought a delegation of Chinese palm oil buyers to Central Kalimantan province for a Field Tour along with district leaders, farmer group representatives and other key stakeholders.

http://www.inobu.org/en/events/36-events/124-commodity-buyers-representing-70-of-chinas-certified-palm-oil-imports-arrive-in-central-kalimantan 3. Funding collaboration: 3.1 Together with RSPO and Sabah Working Group currently we are developing the concept note for Sustainable Food Systems Programme under the 10YFP. The idea is to create a facility or system that utilizes a multi-stakeholder collaborative network to provide support services that improve market access for smallholders and increases their capacity to adopt good agricultural practices to improve productivity while reducing negative environmental and social impacts. The outputs are to be expanded and replicated in other areas in the subsequent phases of a larger roadmap to achieve jurisdictional certification.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: www.dropbox.com/sh/g5gqfna0zo66b89/AAB9ch-1fBdPX9HXXObV_trKa?dl=0

Challenges Form 22

EcoHealth Alliance Inc.

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization					
EcoHealth Alliance Inc.					
2.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?					
☐ Oil Palm Growers					
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders					
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers					
☐ Retailers					
☐ Banks and Investors					
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
☐ Affiliate Members					
☐ Supply Chain Associate					
3 Membership number					
-0040-15-000-00					
4 Membership category					
rdinary					
5 Membership sector					
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

EcoHealth Alliance is a global environmental health nonprofit organization dedicated to protecting wildlife and public health from the emergence of disease.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Working with industry partners on sustainability projects and encouraging them to include health costs in examining sustainable development and land use planning. Engaging with industry stakeholders and smallholders to educate them on links between land-use change and health, to improve well-being of palm oil plantation owners and workers.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

6%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Government grants.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2017

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2018

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Continue our research on health and economic impacts of development and promoting the results of our research. We will encourage industry partners and stakeholders to include the health and environmental costs in the rate and sites of their new developments.

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

No

Please explain why

We are a non-production, research-focused non-profit.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

EcoHealth Alliance Inc.

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
☐ Energy and carbon footprints
□ Land Use Rights
☐ Ethical Conduct
☐ Labour rights
☐ Stakeholder engagement
☑None of the above
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?
Not applicable. Non-profit not producing palm oil.
Jploaded files:
No files were uploaded
No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Not applicable. We are not producing, procuring, or using palm oil.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We are engaging with industries to use our evidence-based research approaches in their sustainable planning, particularly incorporating health more overtly into sustainable land-use and production planning.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Challenges Form 26

Particulars

About Your Organisation 1.1 Name of your organization Fauna & Flora International (FFI) 1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization? ☐ Oil Palm Growers ☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders ☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers ☐ Retailers ☐ Banks and Investors ☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☐ Affiliate Members ☐ Supply Chain Associate 1.3 Membership number 6-0016-07-000-00 1.4 Membership category Ordinary 1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Fauna & Flora International is the world's longest established international conservation organisation. FFI has over 140 projects in 40 countries mostly in the developing world working to conserve threatened species and ecosystems worldwide, choosing solutions that are sustainable, based on sound science and take into account human needs. Our approaches include strategic corporate engagement and partnerships, working with governments to inform policy and increase capacity for sustainable natural resource use and forest protection, environmental markets (including Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation (REDD+)), threatened species and habitats programmes.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Indonesia:

- 1. Indonesia
- 1.1 FFI engaged with and supported the Government of Ketapang District in its bid to ensure the PERDA Konservasi was not "withdrawn" by Central Government. It was a surprise when local regulations (PERDA) including the PERDA Konservasi were "withdrawn" by Central Government due to categorised as "non-supporting" regulation to support investment. The PERDA Konservasi is the District Government Regulation for legalising protection of conservation areas in 'other use areas' (APL) which had been enacted by Parliament in 2014. The PERDA represents a breakthrough in Indonesian regulation, where The Bupati (Head of District) allow the company or community to protect their area for conservation and it will not be classified as abandoned land and reallocated to another concession.
- 1.2 FFI and an oil palm company partner conducted a SMART Patrol training and developed a field guide book for the patrol teams. The SMART patrol training is conducted intensively and followed by evaluation after 6 months implementation. The field guide book contains full color pictures of species identified in the concessions and how to identify those species. In addition, FFI collaborated with local university to develop recommendations to improve peat and water management in this oil palm company.
- 1.3 Engagement with several oil palm growers to facilitate the process of compensation under RSPO compensation mechanism. The compensation mechanism offered by FFI is linking the compensation fund to village forest through Payment for Ecosystem Services (PES). Several FFI facilitated village forests are ready for the payment phase under Plan Vivo scheme and suitable and fit under RSPO compensation criteria.
- 2. Myanmar
- 2.1 FFI published a report on the productivity and sustainability of oil palm plantations in the Tanintharyi Region of southern Myanmar which found that poor policies and practices in the sector are fuelling unsustainable development of this highly biodiverse landscape. We called for a moratorium on oil palm expansion in the country until a thorough environmental and social assessment of impacts has been carried out, and policies have been put in place to ensure that oil palm plantations do not compromise Myanmar's vital forests. This received good national and international media coverage. The Government put a moratorium in place and reviews of policy are underway.
- 2.2 National staff from Myanmar attended the 2016 RSPO RT.
- 4. General
- 4.1 Engagement in RSPO Working Groups 4.2 Executive Board member of SHARP. 4.3 HCV Resource Network member.
- 1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Various sources including statutory funding, foundations, private sector and staff time from core reserves.

Time-Bound Plan

2007	
	expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified ble palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.
2007	
ctions	for Next Reporting Period
3.1 Outli	ne actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
	esia ting Ketapang District Government to keep the PERDA Konservasi from being withdrawn by Central Government. ting the implementation of Compensation Plan for Oil Palm Companies through village forest scheme in Indonesia
HCVs, to	nar ase of the HCV common guidance for the identification of HCVs, and common guidance for management and monitoring of private sector actors, primarily EIA practitioners, to further raise awareness of HCV in Myanmar. This will be unofficial ns. We will distribute and socialise these documents to improve understanding of the concepts of HCV in Myanmar.
of the Pa sustainal developii	will be working with government to recommend the use of HCV Assessment and Management as a basis for development Im Oil sector and more widely in Myanmar and are still engaging with the government to make the case for the use of collity standards to govern development and market transformation. We are co-funding a legal review and will look at the general management plan guidelines, hopefully based on RSPO standards, to help the government gulate the sector and provide a level playing field that doesn't penalise adoption of good social and environmental standards.
3. Liberia 3.1 Potei	ı: ntial engagement with the National Interpretation working group once it becomes functional again.
3.2 Cont	nuing to engage with the Oil Palm Sector Technical Working Group (OPSTWG)
	ugh our REDD+ work in Wonegizi, engage with Ministry of Agriculture and the Land Authority to inform sustainable land ning for agriculture in Lofa county.
	ew the model and draft the toolkit for community forest management of Production Protection Agreements for IDH to vestment into palm oil out grower schemes linked to community forest protection.
HG Em	issions
4.1 Are y	ou currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No	
Please e	xplain why
is calcula resource	ot currently systematically assess all GHG emissions globally, however, for flights reported in insurance travel plans carbo ted and offset. We have as a first step an organisational Environmental Policy that states 'FFI will minimise the natural s we use, the waste we produce and emissions we generate as we undertake our day to day activities as far as is possible ompromising our ability to address our mission and aims.'
pplicat	on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do y	ou have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
	✓ Energy and carbon footprints
	□ Land Use Rights
	-
	Ethical Conduct
	✓ Ethical Conduct✓ Labour rights☐ Stakeholder engagement

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilita	e production
and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these	guidelines
available in?	_

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

The Government of Indonesia has a policy to revoke any local regulations that can produce an unfavourable environment to investment in 2016. Local regulations that are classified under that category are local regulations that become barriers for local economic development, that complicate the processes to obtain investment permit, hamper the ease of conducting business, and that contradict with higher legislations. About 3000 regulations, including Perda Konservasi in Ketapang District that promotes conservation and sustainability in other land use (APL) were revoked, because it was assumed by central government as regulations that fall into one or more of those four categories. We supported the Ketapang District Government by exploring mechanisms and finding evidence to counter their withdrawal by Central Government.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Liberia - Participation in the Oil Palm National Stakeholders processes aim at making companies RSPO compliant (mostly during meetings).

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Challenges Form 31

Global Environment Centre

Particulars

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

About Your Organisation 1.1 Name of your organization Global Environment Centre 1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization? ☐ Oil Palm Growers ☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders ☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers ☐ Retailers ☐ Banks and Investors ☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☐ Affiliate Members ☐ Supply Chain Associate 1.3 Membership number 6-0005-04-000-00 1.4 Membership category

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

GEC is a Malaysia based non-profit organisation with activities at local, regional and global level to address environmental issues of global concern. GEC has been recognised by the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity for its work on peatlands and also river basin management.

GEC's main activities are: Environmental Education and Training, Community development, Forest and Peatlands Management and Rehabilitation, Policy development and partnership with private sector.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

promote RSPO and RSPO BMP Manual on oil palm planted on peat in ASEAN meeting including Conference of Parties, ASEAN Agreement on Transboundary Haze, Workshops on ASEAN program on Sustanable Management of Peatland Ecosystem, Ministerial Steering Committee Meeting on Haze.

continually working with oil palm smallholders to implement BMP for oil palm planted on peat

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Grants from international sources as well as internal allocation

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2005

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2009

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

continue to promote BMP for oil palm on peatland; active engagement in review of P&C; continue to support work of RSPO ERWG and PLWG; promoting RSPO in ASEAN mechanism

GHG Emissions

Global Environment Centre

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No
Please explain why
partial assessment for selected activities. In future may consider full assessment
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
☐Energy and carbon footprints
☐ Land Use Rights
☐ Ethical Conduct
☐ Labour rights
☐ Stakeholder engagement
✓ None of the above
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?
Active in promoting of RSPO Manual on Best Management Practices (BMP) for existing oil palm cultivation on peat and manual BMP for management and rehabilitation of natural vegetation associated with oil palm cultivation on peat.
Contributed to RSPO GHG assessment procedure manual produced by RSPO
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

concern about GHG emission had led to our participation in RSPO ERWG and PLWG

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme

RSPO Annual Communications of Progress 2016

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization		
HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme		
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
3 Membership number		
-0025-13-000-00		
4 Membership category		
ordinary		
5 Membership sector		
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

HUTAN is a grassroots non-profit organization working to build innovative approaches to conserve the orang-utan and other wildlife populations in the forests of Sabah, Malaysian Borneo. In 1998, Hutan set up the Kinabatangan Orang-Utan Conservation Programme (KOCP) as a collaboration between the Lower Kinabatangan community and the Sabah Wildlife Department. Today our team is composed of 52 highly skilled staff hailing from the Orang Sungai community.

HUTAN-KOCP has faced many challenges over the past sixteen years, which have incited us to develop a holistic strategy combining long-term scientific research, wildlife and habitat protection and management, policy work, capacity building, education and awareness, as well as community outreach and development. We are now working with a wide range of partners - including communities, government agencies, research institutions, other NGOs and private stakeholders - to find realistic and localised solutions where the sustainable use of natural resources and durable socio-economic development can be compatible with long-term wildlife and habitat conservation.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We have supported the RSPO vision by engaging with our partners and funders via peer reviewed research papers, presentations, reports, conferences, meetings, workshops, discussions and press releases on the merits of CSPO and RSPO to improve the situation of those who work in plantations as well as for wildlife and the environment.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

50%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

We have not applied for specific funding for 'palm oil' work. However, all our work including research/studies and human - wildlife conflict which involves the palm oil landscape is funded via grants mostly from Foundations and Zoos in the United States, Europe and Australia.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2014

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2013

Actions for Next Reporting Period

HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme

- 3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
- 1. Within the Kinabatangan landscape we have been working with mostly outgrowers to study orang-utans in secondary secondary forest.
- 2. We have been training with RSPO member Wilmar (PBB Oil) on wildlife assessment and management within Sabah, Malaysian
- 3. We are part of the Malaysian Palm Oil Non Governmental Coalition (MPONGOC) which advocates for RSPO certification.
- A. We are part of the Panga Alliance to strengthen RMPs and assist in other initiatives which would lead to more sustainable

	ion of oil palm while reducing damage to flora and fauna.
	re part of the Steering Committee in the Malaysian State of Sabah, which aims to achieve Statewide Jurisdictional output of by 2025.
GHG Er	nissions
4.1 Are	you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No	
Please	explain why
Not App	olicable
Applica	tion of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do	you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
	☐ Energy and carbon footprints
	□Land Use Rights
	☐ Ethical Conduct
	☑Labour rights Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-laborrights.pdf
	☐ Stakeholder engagement

☐ None of the above

HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

These are peer reviewed articles published in journals which either directly or indirectly advocate for sustainable palm oil industry with RSPO as the minimum standard.

These are in English.

Leendertz, S.A., Wich, S.A., Ancrenaz, M., Bergl, R.A., Gonder, M.K., Humle, T., Leendertz, F. 2016. Ebola in great apes – current knowledge, possibilities for vaccination, and implications for conservation and human health. Mammal Review, doi: 10.1111/mam.12082.

Abram, N.K., Meijaard, E., Wilson, K.A., Davis, J.T., Wells, J.A., Ancrenaz, M., Budiharta, S., Durrant, A., Fakhruzzi, A., Runting, R., Gaveau, D., and K. Mengersen. 2016. Oil-palm community conflict mapping in Indonesia: a case for better community liaison in planning for development initiatives. Applied Geography, 78, 33-44. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apgeog.2016.10.005

Gaveau, D.L.A., Sheil, D., Husnayaen, Salim, M.A., Arjasakusuma, S., Ancrenaz, M., Pacheco, P., and E. Meijaard. 2016. Rapid conversions and avoided deforestation: examining four decades of industrial plantation expansion in Borneo. Nature Scientific Reports: 32017. DOI: 10.1038/srep32017.

Ancrenaz, M., Gumal, M., Marshall, A.J., Meijaard, E., Wich , S.A., and S. Husson. 2016. Pongo pygmaeus. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2016: e.T17975A17966347.

Abram N.K., MacMillan, D.C., Xofis, P., Ancrenaz, M., Tzanopoulos, J., Ong, R., Goossens, B., Koh, L.P., Valle, C., Peter, L., Morel, A.C., Lackman, I., Chung, R., Kler, H., Ambu, L., Baya, W., and A.T. Knight. 2016. Identifying Where REDD+ Financially Out-Competes Oil Palm in Floodplain Landscapes Using a Fine- Scale Approach. PLoS ONE 11(6): e0156481. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0156481

Goossens, B., Sharma, R., Othman, N., Kun-Rodriguez, C., Sakong, R., Ancrenaz, M., Ambu, L.N., Jue, N.K., O'Neil, R.J., Bruford, M.W., and L. Chikhi. 2016. Habitat fragmentation and genetic diversity in natural populations of the Bornean elephant: implications for conservation. Biological Conservation. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.biocon.2016.02.008.

Marshall, A.J., Wich, S.A., and M. Ancrenaz. 2016. Fresh strategies to save orangutans. Nature (Correspondance), 535: 493.

Mathai, J., Duckworth, J.W., Meijaard, E., Fredriksson, G., Hon, J., Sebastian, A., Ancrenaz, M., Hearn, A.J., Ross, J., Cheyne, S., B.C.C., and A. Wilting. 2016. Carnivore conservation planning on Borneo: identifying key carnivore landscapes, research priorities and conservation interventions. Raffles Bulletin of Zoology Supplement, 33: 186-217.

Ancrenaz, M., Meijaard, E., Wich, S. and J. Simery. (2016). Palm oil paradox: sustainable solutions to save the great apes. UNEP/GRASP, Nairobi. 57 pp: http://www.un-grasp.org/videos-resources/publications/

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

HUTAN Kinabatangan Orang-utan Conservation Programme

RSPO Annua Communications o Progress 2016

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Not Applicable

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have supported the RSPO vision by engaging with our partners and funders via peer reviewed research papers, presentations, reports, conferences, meetings, workshops, discussions and press releases on the merits of CSPO and RSPO to improve the situation of those who work in plantations as well as for wildlife and the environment. We are also part of the Steering Committee for the Jurisdictional Approach to RSPO for the Malaysian State of Sabah.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

About Your Organisation

Particulars

1.1 Name of your organization		
Indianapolis Zoological Society		
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
.3 Membership number		
6-0026-13-000-00		
.4 Membership category		
Ordinary		
.5 Membership sector		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

The Indianapolis Zoo empowers people and communities, both locally and globally, to advance animal conservation. We operate an AZA accredited zoological and horticultural institution. We engage in educational efforts to serve the 1.2 million visitors we receive annually. We advance animal conservation in all aspects of how our organization is managed and run.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

We use 100% Sustainable Palm oil in our operations. We do not sell palm oil.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We promote the use of sustainable palm oil in our orangutan exhibit through signage and first person interpretation. We also train our staff and volunteers on what RSPO is and the importance of sustainable palm oil.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

It's part of our overall operating budget.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Next year we are updating and increasing our signage in the orangutan exhibit to update the new logos for RSPO (mixed balance and certified).

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?
Yes
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
☐Energy and carbon footprints
☐ Land Use Rights
☐ Ethical Conduct
☐ Labour rights
☐Stakeholder engagement
✓ None of the above
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?
We mostly have signage in our Orangutan Center focusing on Sustainable Palm oil. The signs are in English.
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

We struggle to find locally marketed items using the RSPO labels so we can share them with guests. We recently found out that one of our local vendors will no longer sell their CSPO chocolate. Instead, they are no longer using palm oil. We used them as a good example a lot.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We continue to promote awareness of the importance of sustainable palm oil and how guests can learn more.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

LEAP SPIRAL

Particulars

bout Your Organisation		
1.1 Name of your organization LEAP SPIRAL		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
1.3 Membership number		
6-0034-14-000-00		
1.4 Membership category		
Ordinary		
I.5 Membership sector		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

LEAP Spiral initiates, develops and supports collaborative partnerships and projects in Malaysian Borneo that address restoration and protection of the land, its biodiversity and the indigenous people that live on it. Our main programme areas are biodiversity protection, forest and habitat restoration and protection, community-based conservation initiatives, species protection and renewable energy. We also facilitate and support the multi-sector Forever Sabah programme that seeks to transition the state of Sabah toward a diversified, equitable, circular economy. In all these areas, LEAP Spiral works to facilitate committed and open partnerships that enable habitats, species and cultures to thrive and to promote sustainable economic activities that place an equal value on income security, quality of life and the health of our shared ecosystems. We also work to create an atmosphere of openness and willingness to change across civil society, government and industry.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm	oil?
---	------

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

LEAP Spiral initiated the Sabah 100% RSPO policy process through the Forever Sabah programme which we are facilitating. Forever Sabah is a Technical Adviser along with RSPO in the Jurisdictional Certification Steering Committee (JCSC) and in August 2016, Forever Sabah convened a two-day workshop that involved over 50 representatives from government, industry, civil society and academia to design the Five Year Work Plan (2016-2020). In waiting for the Work Plan to be endorsed by the Sabah State Cabinet, work has started for several activities listed for year one through three working groups on Compensation - High Conservation Value; Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC); and Smallholders. Activities include preparing an integrated HCV-HCS map for Sabah; preparing the Sabah specific FPIC Guide and Operational Mechanism; and trialing the Sustainable Smallholder Communities programme in the Tongod, Telupid, Beluran and Kinabatangan districts. We have continued to support the JCSC in convening quarterly meetings and more recently in reporting these meetings; and in facilitating meetings and workshops related to specific work under the three working groups.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

30%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Primarily through grants.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Our focus in the coming year is to facilitate and support year one of activities for the Five Year Work Plan formulated for the Jurisdictional Certification Steering Committee (JCSC) to ensure Sabah is able to deliver on its pledge to fully certify its palm oil by 2025 based on RSPO standards. We are working closely with the JCSC co-chaired by the Sabah Forestry Department and Natural Resources Office in ensuring activities outlined for June 2017 to May 2018 are implemented. These include producing an integrated HCV-HCS map for Sabah; preparing and field testing the Sabah specific FPIC Guide and Operational Mechanism; trialing the Sustainable Smallholder Communities programme in Tongod, Telupid, Beluran and Kinabatangan; getting big industry mills to adopt their direct smallholder base and provide Best Management Practice (BMP) training; and to build capacity in oil palm BMP for the Sabah Agriculture Department.

BMP for the Sabah Agriculture Department. Our Executive Chair Cynthia Ong will speak at the European RT in June 2017. **GHG Emissions** 4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations? No Please explain why We have no expertise in this, our NGO operations is too small. Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors 5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: ☐ Energy and carbon footprints ☐ Land Use Rights ☐ Ethical Conduct ☐ Labour rights ☐ Stakeholder engagement ✓ None of the above 5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Our focus is on stakeholder engagement both within Sabah, in Malaysia and with the relevant parties globally. Through Forever Sabah, we provide information via Technical Coordinators who are experts in their respective fields. This allows for the creation of robust information that feeds into meetings and workshops as discussion points. Specifically, via the Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC) Working Group under the Jurisdictional Certification Steering Committee (JCSC), a FPIC Guide and Operational Mechanism is now in place and will be field-tested this year before it is submitted to the JCSC for endorsement.

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

1. Bringing all stakeholders up to speed with Sabah's pledge to fully certify its palm oil by 2025 to RSPO standards. There is a need for a circular to Sabah Government agencies for them to recognize the 100% full certification of palm oil pledge as being official and to be factored in when designing plans, such as land use planning. 2. It is time and energy consuming to engage with smallholders and villagers in remote areas to better understand their challenges and needs. While we have made significant inroads, the work continues and our trial in 20 villages in the Tongod, Telupid, Beluran and Kinabatangan districts is expected to provide the information we need to assist smallholders in achieving certification, and with that addressing low-yields, low income and food security. 3. Raising funds for more effective work on the ground. We continue to approach those who would be keen to support Sabah's pledge for full certification of its palm oil.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

When we have the opportunity to do so, we provide feedback to western NGOs and other interested parties on realities in Sabah, and how palm oil is a trade imperative that the local economy is reliant on. For market transformation to happen, there needs to be a deeper understanding of land use policies, government development plans and other realities that have and continue to shape oil palm development in Sabah.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization		
National Wildlife Federation (USA)		
2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
3 Membership number		
0019-11-000-00		
4 Membership category		
rdinary		
5 Membership sector		
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

The National Wildlife Federation (NWF) is the largest membership supported conservation group in the U.S. with nearly six million members and supporters. NWF has been active in a variety of international conservation and development assistance programs since the inception of its international program in the 1980s. NWF has worked extensively on sector based reforms, certification systems, and sustainable development approaches for forest and agricultural based commodities. As proponents of certification, we currently have leadership roles in the Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials, the Forest Stewardship Council, the Global Roundtable for Sustainable Beef, and the Brazilian Roundtable on Sustainable Livestock. We are also a member of the High Carbon Stock Approach Steering Group and the Accountability Framework initiative.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Over the past four years we have engaged with the Secretariat on quantifying impacts of RSPO certification on forest cover dynamics and fire rates. We expect peer-reviewed results of our analyses to be published in 2017.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Grant awards

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2014

Comment:

Over the past several years we have engaged with the Secretariat on quantifying impacts of RSPO. Specifically, we are interested in understanding the impact that RSPO certification has had on forests and fire rates.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2014

Comment:

The National Wildlife Federation remains a strong proponent of certification, and includes it as a tool for addressing risk in our publically available materials. Over the past several years we have engaged with the Secretariat on quantifying impacts of RSPO. Specifically, we have several studies in peer-review, which aim to quantifying the impacts of certification on forest cover dynamics and fire rates. These analyses will be published in peer reviewed journals.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

NWF leads a consortium whose goal is to reduce tropical deforestation through the promotion and monitoring of deforestation-free commodity supply chains, including, inter alia, palm oil in Southeast Asia and South America. We will continue to analyze the impacts of certification on forest and fire dynamics and promote RSPO certification alongside implementation of zero-deforestation supply chains.

HG En	issions
4.1 Are	you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No	
Please explain why	
pplicat	ion of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do y	ou have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
	✓ Energy and carbon footprints
	☐ Land Use Rights
	☑ Ethical Conduct
	☑Labour rights
	□ None of the above
	t best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate productio sumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines e in?
and fire	past several years we have undertaken analysis to quantify the impacts of RSPO certification on forest cover dynamic rates. Highlights have been shared at the last RT, and these analyses will be published in peer reviewed journals and ailable to RSPO members.
Upload	ed files:
	o files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

While the P&C were strengthened by the 2013 revisions, the lack of strong performance standards related to deforestation means that it is still not possible for producers, traders, manufacturers, retailers, or consumers to ensure that they are acting responsibly simply by producing or using CSPO. Specifically, the lack of an outright ban on new plantings on peat and in secondary forest, and the lack of strong due diligence requirements in FFB sourcing limit the RSPO from being "one stop shopping" for organizations with a policy of zero deforestation. While RSPO Next has made strides to address these problems, the lack of a clear definition around High Carbon Stock (HCS) forest risks allowing the standard to be "watered down" through less stringent definitions. The High Carbon Stock Approach (especially post-Convergence) is currently the only implementable methodology for identifying HCS forest, and should be referenced specifically.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

The National Wildlife Federation, along with researchers from prominent Universities and NASA have undertaken an analysis to quantify and better understand the impact of RSPO certification on forest cover and fire dynamics. This quantitative analysis is the first of its kind for RSPO, and will aid in addressing deficiencies in the standard and highlighting areas for improvement over time. Recently, NWF has increased its engagement with the Oil Palm sector in South America. NWF also sits on the Steering Groups of the High Carbon Stock Approach and the Accountability Framework initiative, respectively.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: international.nwf.org

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization		
NEPCon		
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
3 Membership number		
-0044-16-000-00		
4 Membership category		
rdinary		
5 Membership sector		
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Environmental and conservation projects, projects related to legality in timber and agriculture sectors, and certification (RSPO SCC, Forest Stewardship Council, Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification, Sustainable Agriculture Network, Sustainable Biomass Partnership, LegalSource, and carbon management).

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

As an accredited CB for RSPO SCC, we provide information about RSPO SCC certification on our website: http://www.nepcon.org/node/4917

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

2%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Our RSPO SCC certification service is funded directly by the client; for non-certification palm oil-related projects, the financing comes from the respective project funds (government or private grants, other NGO's funding, or internal funding).

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2017

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2017

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

We will carry out our RSPO SCC services and continue to promote RSPO through our website.

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

No

Please explain why

We do not produce or process palm oil.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:		
☐Energy and carbon footp	ints	
☐Land Use Rights		
	ated link: http://www.nepcon.org/impartiality-policy	
☐ Labour rights		
Stakeholder engagement ■ Compare the state of the	Related link: http://www.nepcon.org/dispute-resolution-policy	
☐ None of the above		
certified sustainable palm oil and o	r information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consump il palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in? we do not provide best practice guidelines. However, we do provide information on the process of RSPO S	
certified sustainable palm oil and o As an accredited CB for RSPO SCC,	il palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?	
certified sustainable palm oil and o As an accredited CB for RSPO SCC, certification.	il palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?	

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

The is widespread negative public opinion of palm oil especially in Europe. NEPCon has gained RSPO SCC accreditation to provide credible third-party certification service, leveraging our experience and credibility in timber sector certification in Europe.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have participated in RSPO events such as the General Assembly and physical public consultation of standards development.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: http://www.nepcon.org/projects/enhancing-responsible-sourcing-forest-impact-commodities

About Your Organisation 1.1 Name of your organization Orang Utan Republik Foundation 1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization? Oil Palm Growers Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders Consumer Goods Manufacturers Retailers Banks and Investors Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) Fenvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) Affiliate Members Supply Chain Associate

1.3 Membership number

6-0010-11-000-00

Particulars

1.4 Membership category

Ordinary

1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Our goal is to save wild orangutans from extinction through education and outreach programs.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We send letters and petitions to retailers asking them to convert to RSPO certified sustainable palm oil, in addition to discussing it during our outreach activities.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

20%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Through private donations.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2018

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2015

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

We will continue to use social media, in-person events, and in-person activities in Indonesia to encourage the use of sustainable palm oil.

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

No

Please explain why

We don't have any.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
☐ Energy and carbon footprints	
☐ Land Use Rights	
☐ Ethical Conduct	
☐ Labour rights	
☐ Stakeholder engagement	
✓None of the above	
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?	
We have posters and handouts that ecourage production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable pam oil. Our guidelines are available in English.	
Uploaded files:	
No files were uploaded	

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

We are trying to encourage retailers, such as Trader Joe's and Starbuck's, to commit to CSPO. Cost appears to be an issue.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We try to attend the fall RSPO meeting and engage retailers to only purchase products using CSPO.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Orangutan Land Trust

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization				
Orangutan Land Trust				
1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?				
☐ Oil Palm Growers				
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders				
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers				
Retailers				
☐ Banks and Investors				
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☐ Affiliate Members				
☐ Supply Chain Associate				
.3 Membership number				
-0014-09-000-00				
.4 Membership category				
Ordinary				
.5 Membership sector				
invironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Vision and Mission of Orangutan Land Trust

At Orangutan Land Trust our Vision is the long-term survival of the orangutan in the wild.

Our Mission is to enable sustainable solutions that ensure safe areas of forest for the continued survival of the orangutan

We work towards this Vision via three Key Strategies:

Encourage policy makers to develop and implement strong policies and to uphold existing laws that contribute to orangutan conservation

Support in-country initiatives and efforts to help deliver their aims

Develop approriate and responsible partnerships to deliver tangible outcomes on the ground

Some of the activities eligible for support from Orangutan Land Trust include:

Protecting existing orangutan habitat, especially that which contains significant populations of orangutans

Finding, surveying and securing permanent release sites for both wild and rehabilitated orangutan Finding, surveying and securing river islands for the penultimate step in the rehabilitation process of orangutans, and as permanent sanctuary for rescued and rehabilitated orangutans not suitable for total release into the wild, such as those with chronic disease or disabilities

Finding, surveying and securing new forest sites for the use of orangutans undergoing the rehabilitation process.

Providing infrastructure for above sites, such as security posts, feeding platforms, fencing, etc

Taking measures to protect these sites indefinitely

Forest rangers/anti-logging operations/fire-fighting efforts in orangutan habitat

Creating wildlife corridors

Reforestation and regeneration activities

Supporting alternative livelihoods and sustainable harvesting of forests (timber and non-timber forest products) in exchange for their protection in cooperation with local communities

Working with industries that pose a risk to orangutan habitat, such as the palm oil industry, to minimise impact in these areas

Education, outreach and empowerment in communities living in orangutan habitat areas to protect these areas

Lobbying local and national authorities to protect orangutan habitat

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We engage with all aspects of the supply chain, from growers to consumers, to raise awareness about sustainable palm oil and encourage commitments for production and uptake of CSPO. Through social networking, public speaking and traditional media (television, radio, print), we reach a wide audience globally. We have advised zoos and other institutions around the world on the issue of sustainable palm oil.

We initiated the PONGO (Palm Oil and NGO) Alliance, a platform for collaboration between industry and NGOs/experts to enable sustainable solutions for the protection of wildlife in oil-palm landscapes.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

80%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Funding for our efforts in sustainable palm oil comes from our Sustainability Partners. Public donations help us support efforts on the ground, such as policy work, law enforcement and investigations into destruction of orangutan habitat; orangutan capture, harm and killing in oil palm landscapes; and restoration of areas illegally cleared for oil palm.

We seek sponsorship to cover other costs, such as travel to meetings, so that none comes out of public donations.

Time-Bound Plan

Orangutan Land Trust

2.1 Date started or expected	to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces	
2009		
	ke and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.	
2009		
Actions for Next Reportin	g Period	
3.1 Outline actions that you	will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain	
Continuing to participate in wo Development of PalmSmart ap Continue to use social and trac conventional palm oil and CSF	litional media outlets to educate the general public and to encourage differentiation between	
GHG Emissions		
4.1 Are you currently assess	ing the GHG emissions from your operations?	
No		
Please explain why		
Please explain why We are a small organisation ar	nd lack resources.	
We are a small organisation ar		
We are a small organisation ar	ad lack resources. R Criteria for all members sectors	
We are a small organisation an		
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
We are a small organisation an	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization □ Energy and carbo	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization □ Energy and carbo □ Land Use Rights	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: n footprints	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization □ Energy and carbo □ Land Use Rights □ Ethical Conduct	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: n footprints Related link: www.rspo.org/acop/2014b/orangutan-land-trust/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization □ Energy and carbo □ Land Use Rights □ Ethical Conduct □ Labour rights	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: In footprints Related link: www.rspo.org/acop/2014b/orangutan-land-trust/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization Energy and carbo Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engation in the above in the a	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: In footprints Related link: www.rspo.org/acop/2014b/orangutan-land-trust/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization Energy and carbo Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engation in the above in the a	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: In footprints Related link: www.rspo.org/acop/2014b/orangutan-land-trust/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf gement lines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization Energy and carbo Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder enga None of the above 5.2 What best practice guide consumption of RSPO certification of RSPO certification in the small process of the section of RSPO certification and process of the section of RSPO certification of RSPO certification and process of the section of RSPO certification of RSPO certification and process of the section of the s	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: In footprints Related link: www.rspo.org/acop/2014b/orangutan-land-trust/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf gement lines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and	
We are a small organisation and Application of Principles of 5.1 Do you have organization Energy and carbo Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engation None of the above	& Criteria for all members sectors all policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: In footprints Related link: www.rspo.org/acop/2014b/orangutan-land-trust/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf gement lines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and	

Orangutan Land Trust

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

It is difficult to promote to consumers to choose CSPO rather than boycott all palm oil when few brands elect to use the RSPO logo when their products contain CSPO.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Engagement with key stakeholders Outreach/education

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization				
Point Defiance Zoo & Aquarium				
What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?				
☐ Oil Palm Growers				
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders				
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers				
☐ Retailers				
☐ Banks and Investors				
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☐ Affiliate Members				
☐ Supply Chain Associate				
Membership number				
0033-14-000-00				
Membership category				
dinary				
Membership sector				
vironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Point Defiance Zoo & Aquarium (PDZA) is one of 232 accredited members of the Association of Zoos & Aquariums (AZA), a nonprofit organization dedicated to the

advancement of zoos and aquariums in the areas of conservation, education, science, and recreation. PDZA's mission is to promote and practice effective conservation

on behalf of the world's wildlife. PDZA encompasses 29 acres of the 700 acre Point Defiance Park in Tacoma, Washington, USA.

We support our mission through the following key strategic initiatives:

- 1. Advance and strengthen our contribution to the care and conservation of endangered wildlife and its habitat.
- Inspire our community to take action for the responsible stewardship of our planet.
- Develop scientific programs in veterinary medicine, nutrition, endocrinology and sustainable collections.

We are a national leader in the conservation of Southeast Asia wildlife including

white-cheeked gibbons, siamangs, lowland anoa, and small-clawed otters. Of special note is our work with the conservation of Sumatran tigers and clouded leopards

through our work with the AZA's Species Survival Plans for these endangered species. Because of our work with these programs we are acutely aware of the importance of

preserving high conservation value forests to secure habitat and mitigate conflicts between people and wildlife.

Our conservation fund provides financial support for a variety of programs in Southeast Asia to foster attitudes of environmental stewardship and develop future

conservation leaders within local communities. The palm oil issue is one of the Zoo's key messages with programming to engage our staff and visitors in promoting the sustainable use of palm oil. We have collaborated with other AZA institutions to develop consistent and effective messaging on this issue.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

- 1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.
- 1. Continued collaborations with other AZA institutions and NGOs actively engaged in palm oil campaigns.
- 2. Implemented on-site and web-based consumer engagement strategies through guest activities and graphics.
- 1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

We receive funding through the zoo's conservation fund.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2015

Comment We have b	: een publicizing the role of the RSPO since we joined.
ctions fo	or Next Reporting Period
3.1 Outline	e actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
	e palm oil messaging into our keeper talks in our Asian Forest Sanctuary exhibit to educate visitors on the palm oil issu ate for their engagement as consumers.
HG Emis	ssions
4.1 Are yo	ou currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
Yes	
Uploaded	files:
No f	iles were uploaded
4.2 Do you	u publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?
Yes	
Holoodod	(flan)
Uploaded	files:
-	
No fi	iles were uploaded
No fi	
No fi	iles were uploaded
No fi	on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
No fi	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
No fi Applicatio 5.1 Do you	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: □ Energy and carbon footprints □ Land Use Rights
No fi	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: □ Energy and carbon footprints □ Land Use Rights □ Ethical Conduct
No fi	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: □ Energy and carbon footprints □ Land Use Rights
No fi	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Energy and carbon footprints Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights
No fi	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Energy and carbon footprints Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engagement None of the above
No fi	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Energy and carbon footprints Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engagement None of the above Dest practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production amption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines
No fi	iles were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Energy and carbon footprints Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engagement None of the above Dest practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production amption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines
No fi	illes were uploaded on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Energy and carbon footprints Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engagement None of the above Dest practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production amption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines in?

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

NA

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

NA

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Rainforest Alliance

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization				
Rainforest Alliance				
1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?				
☐ Oil Palm Growers				
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders				
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers				
Retailers				
☐ Banks and Investors				
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☐ Affiliate Members				
☐ Supply Chain Associate				
.3 Membership number				
-0028-13-000-00				
.4 Membership category				
Ordinary				
.5 Membership sector				
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

The Rainforest Alliance is a non-governmental organization (NGO) working to conserve biodiversity and ensure sustainable livelihoods by transforming land-use practices, business practices and consumer behavior. The Rainforest Alliance harnesses market forces as part of its strategy to arrest the major drivers of deforestation and environmental destruction: timber extraction, agricultural expansion, cattle ranching and tourism. The organization trains farmers, foresters and tourism operators in sustainable practices that conserve land and waterways, improve livelihoods, and protect workers and communities; it also helps them access the financing necessary to implement sustainability changes. Farms and forestry enterprises are audited against standards maintained by the Sustainable Agriculture Network and the Forest Stewardship Council — international NGOs the Rainforest Alliance helped to found. Those farms and forestry enterprises that pass both annual and surprise audits are certified by the organization and earn the right to use the Rainforest Alliance Certified seal. Tourism businesses that adopt established best management practices can use the Rainforest Alliance Verified mark. The seal helps consumers support responsible farmers, foresters and tourism businesses by identifying products sourcing ingredients from these farms and services that have implemented best practices.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No, we are an environmental NGO

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Since 1987, the Rainforest Alliance has partnered with producers, businesses, NGOs, governments and scientists to create innovative solutions to the world's most pressing environmental crises. We have a long and proven track record in sustainable agriculture (including the entire palm oil supply chain), forestry and tourism, as well carbon services. For example: • Develop responsible sourcing policies and supplier requirements for individual companies, based on sustainability standards including RSPO • Map supply chains all the way to origin and assess risks • Explain certification standards and audit requirements for farms and supply chains • Implement sourcing policies, improve traceability and facilitate supplier compliance • Achieve independent third-party assurances for your sustainability claims • Monitor and evaluate achievements against your policies • Communicate goals and progress to external stakeholders

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Palm oil producer-, trading-, and using companies. Grants from foundations. Public-private partnership funding from government development agencies.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2015

Comment:

We planned to work in at least one RSPO working group by 2015, as of 2016 we now work in two of the working groups.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.
2017
Comment: We will support at least two programs by 2017 supporting the promotion of sustainable palm oil by small holder farmers. Currently we are supporting an RSPO readiness program in Rokan Hulu, with SPKS. In addition to helping the partner NGO execute its program, we have sought and secured additional funding to support the program from IFAD.
Actions for Next Reporting Period
3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
We will support through corporate assurance services contracted with major consumer-facing and trading companies the development of policies and the verification of those policies with third-party non-certified producers. Where non-compliances are found, we will develop continuous improvement programs that include recommendations for RSPO certification.
We will support the revision of the RSPO P&C process.
GHG Emissions
4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No
Please explain why
We are an environmental NGO and do not have palm oil production operations
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
☐Energy and carbon footprints
☐ Land Use Rights
☐ Ethical Conduct
☐ Labour rights
☐ Stakeholder engagement
✓ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

The production of CSPO by independent smallholders continues to be a challenge. Rainforest Alliance has supported the development of HCV and GHG emissions accounting for smallholders through RSPO working groups to simplify the process for smallholders to attain certification.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

The Rainforest Alliance maintains markets staff in Europe, North American and Asia who liaise with consumer facing companies to explain the values chains for CSCPO and CSPKO

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

San Diego Zoo Global

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization		
San Diego Zoo Global		
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
.3 Membership number		
-0024-13-000-00		
.4 Membership category		
Ordinary		
.5 Membership sector		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

San Diego Zoo Global (SDZG) is committed to saving species worldwide by uniting our expertise in animal care and conservation science with our dedication to inspiring passion for nature. We are leading the fight against extinction. SDZG is the largest zoological membership association in the world, with more than 250,000 member households and 130,000 child memberships representing more than a half-million people. Our San Diego Zoo Institute for Conservation Research is one of the largest zoo-based research centers in the world. Founded in 1975, it is dedicated to preserving and protecting rare and endangered wildlife and habitats. Staff develop, gather, and increase knowledge vital for the establishment of self-sustaining populations of wildlife.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes: we are an end user of products that contain palm oil, and we re-sell products to guests that which have ingredients that contain palm oil. We do not use, distribute or sell bulk palm oil.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

All of San Diego Zoo Global's activities are focused on building public support for the RSPO and increasing the uptake of CSPO among our visitors and guests. To that end, many of our activities are focused on outreach and education. Included among our 2016 activities in support of these goals are:

- 1. held an educational seminar for SDZG volunteers/docents to update them on the RSPO
- 2. updated our outreach talking points, used by tour guides, educators, and other staff to connect with guests regarding palm oil. Revisions highlighted our commitment to RSPO and included stronger messaging in support of CSPO uptake
- 3. began actively promoting the Cheyenne Mountain Zoo phone app, extending the reach of that tool and helping our guests become informed consumers
- 4. held on-site CSPO outreach events for staff, that included sustainable palm oil guides employees could use to choose RSPO-member products for Halloween candy purchases
- 5. participated in palm oil consumer campaign development with Bristol Zoo (UK), seeking to develop a collection of zoos and wildlife parks working to promote CSPO uptake across several continents

Additional activities in 2016 included:

- 1. Attended RT14 and voted in GA13
- 2. Attended and participated in the OXFAM hosted workshop, "The Messy Reality of Implementation," prior to RT14
- 3. Continued to be active in the Association of Zoo's and Aquarium (AZA) Palm Oil Advisory Council (POAC)
- 4. Co-hosted (with other members of the AZA POAC) a sustainable palm oil seminar at the 2016 AZA annual conference
- 1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Our work on palm oil is funded through revenues from our annual operating budgets of San Diego Zoo and San Diego Zoo Safari Park. San Diego Zoo Global's Marketing and Interpretive departments, as well as our Institute for Conservation Research, provide additional resources, funding and labor.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2013

Comment:

San Diego Zoo Global has had a representative serving as an alternate member of the Complaints Panel. However, that representative has never been called to participate in the Panel. SDZG has applied for membership to the Biodiversity and High Conservation Value Working Group in the past (2014), though our application was not accepted. We remain open to future opportunities to serve as a member of a working group for which our skills are well suited.

However, we continue to serve on the Association of Zoos and Aquariums Palm Oil Advisory Council (now Palm Oil Task Force).

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2013

Comment:

Implementation began in 2013, but we continue to expand efforts to further provide support to the RSPO and its members in good standing. Our 2016 revision of outreach materials will continue to make our connection to the RSPO evident to our guests, and will further empower them to be thoughtful consumers.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

In 2017, we will continue to extend our outreach and education efforts to support the RSPO and uptake of CSPO. Some of our planned activities include:

- 1. Host an annual talk for the SDZG docent/volunteer corps to prepare them for talking to our visitors about palm oil
- 2. Inform the AZA Business Operations Committee about the history of AZA palm oil awareness activities and the future directions of the AZA POAC
- 3. Attendance at the European RT (EuRT) in June 2017
- 4. Participation in the ENGO member meeting prior to the EuRT to discuss the current RSPO P&C review
- 5. Attend RT15/GA14 in the fall
- 6. Provide palm oil sustainability information to food vending operators that service SDZG employee break areas and lounges
- 7. Develop and display palm oil sustainability information in the employees break areas in lounges to continue to educate staff and volunteers/docents
- 8. Continue to assist Bristol Zoo in the development of their global palm oil sustainability campaign
- 9. Continue to promote Cheyenne Mountain Zoo phone app for the empowerment of our shopping public

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

No

Please explain why

We performed a GHG audit of San Diego Zoo operations in 2009. The independent audit was conducted by students of an environmental economic course from Point Loma Nazarene University. We ascertained areas in which we could improve our carbon footprint, and in the time since we have addressed many of the recommendations of the auditors, including: • Installation of smart thermostats • Replacement of CFL lighting by LEDs • Where possible, telecommuting has been implemented • Monitors and tvs have been replaced by flat panel, energy star appliances • Motion occupancy sensors installed where possible • As equipment motors are replaced, energy efficient variable frequency soft start drives are installed where possible • Solar panels have been installed at the SDZG Institute for Conservation Research • Our primary research facility, the Beckman Center, is LEED certified with a silver rating • Vehicle fleet improvements include the replacement

of older vehicles with smart vehicles powered by electric power or with improved fuel efficiency • Employee van pool system accelerated to improve carbon footprint of employee transportation • Increased available electric charging stations for San Diego Zoo staff (4 charging stations) and guests (7 charging stations) • All pre-consumer food waste is now diverted to compost, thus reducing GHG emissions from local landfills.

Since the 2009 audit we have not yet repeated the process of evaluating our GHG emissions, though we continue to strive to improve our footprint.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

San Diego Zoo Global

5.1 Do you have organization	al policies th	hat are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
☑ Energy and carbor	n footprints	Related link: http://www.rspo.org/acop/2015/san-diego-zoo-global/EN-Policies-to-PNC-waterland.p
☐ Land Use Rights		
Ethical Conduct	Related lin	nk: http://www.rspo.org/acop/2015/san-diego-zoo-global/EN-Policies-to-PNC-ethicalconduct.pdf
	Related link:	: http://www.rspo.org/acop/2015/san-diego-zoo-global/EN-Policies-to-PNC-laborrights.pdf
☐ Stakeholder engag	gement	
☐ None of the above		
		mation has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption do oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?
Additionally, key messages rela	ating to palm	treach guidelines to be used by staff and docents in communications with visitors to our facilities. oil communications have been established. Further, all staff have access to the energy, ethics and lab tal. All materials are presented in English.
Uploaded files:		
No files were uploaded		

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Note the value of the P&C review and that we are looking forward to this as a way to continue to address complaints about the validity of the RSPO 1. The lack of products in North America containing 100% CSPO, and thus marked with the RSPO palm tree logo, make it difficult to educate visitors to our facilities about quick and easy ways to promote the uptake of CSPO. Though recent updates to the RSPO website have been helpful, we continue to encourage the RSPO to include on their website a public-friendly (i.e., simplified) list of products of RSPO members in good standing that can be marketed to the public easily, so they can find products they can purchase to support the effort to increase CSPO uptake. SDZG would like to link to such a list in our communications to visitors to San Diego Zoo Global. 2. ENGOs in North America and across the globe have provided mixed messages to the public, making it difficult, but necessary, to clarify the best way to affect change with respect to the palm oil conservation crisis. Although this environment is slowly changing as North American zoos and NGOs begin to share the same message, we continue to encounter confusion and "pro-boycott" attitudes that will take some time to overcome. Our continued involvement in the AZA POAC and our new collaboration with Bristol Zoo in their global palm oil campaign seek to address this issue.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Our primary efforts thus far have been aimed at informing our staff and volunteers about the RSPO and the role it plays in addressing the palm oil conservation crisis. In doing so, we have been building a reservoir of knowledge among our staff to be shared with the general public. As our outreach efforts grow and reach the public more effectively, we anticipate that we can play a significant role in developing consumer attitudes about sustainable palm oil, and thus influence the uptake of CSPO in North America. Additionally, as a member of the AZA Palm Oil Advisory Council, SDZG participates in a nation-wide effort of like-minded zoological institutions to perpetuate a uniform message to be delivered to North American consumers and zoo-goers to have a more significant impact on market transformation efforts. We will continue to provide guidance to the AZA to contribute towards a positive change promoting CSPO uptake across the United States. Additionally, our involvement in the Bristol Zoo global palm oil campaign should help expand that outreach effort beyond North American borders.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

No files were uploaded

Link: http://zoonooz.sandiegozoo.org/

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Nan	.1 Name of your organization					
Singapo	ore Environment Council					
1.2 Wha	at is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?					
	☐ Oil Palm Growers					
	☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders					
	☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers					
	☐ Retailers					
	☐ Banks and Investors					
	☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
	Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)					
	☐ Affiliate Members					
	☐ Supply Chain Associate					
1.3 Men	nbership number					
6-0038-	15-000-00					
1.4 Men	nbership category					
Ordinar	y					
1.5 Men	nbership sector					
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)						

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

The Singapore Environment Council (SEC) is a non-government, non-profit organisation focused towards the conservation of the environment. The key activities would include green certification and educating the public to conserve the environment.

Through formulating and executing a range of holistic programmes and certifications, such as the Singapore Environmental Achievement Awards, Asian Environmental Journalism Awards, School Green Awards, Green Champions, Singapore Green Labelling Scheme, Project: Eco-Office, Project: Eco-Shop and Project: F&B to bring about the 'Green' message to consumer and community at large.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

SEC participated in the Singapore Alliance for Sustainable Palm Oil (SASPO) that aims to make CSPO the norm to stop the haze as well as deforestation and habitat loss in the region. It provides a platform for companies to come on a sustainable journey towards producing, trading and using certified sustainable palm.

Through the Singapore Green Labelling Scheme (SGLS), a green product certification administer by SEC, we plan to encourage the use of RSPO certified palm oil in the final product. SEC has launched the product category for final products with palm oil. In the evaluation of the certification process, the SGLS Secretariat would actively look out for the supporting documentation such as suppliers' (RSPO members) complete set of ACOP and a set of the audit report.

Through the education campaigns, we hope this would bring about the higher use / uptake of RSPO sustainable palm oil

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

--

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2020

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2020

Comment:

SEC participated in the Singapore Alliance for Sustainable Palm Oil (SASPO) that aims to make CSPO the norm to stop the haze as well as deforestation and habitat loss in the region. It provides a platform for companies to come on a sustainable journey towards producing, trading and using certified sustainable palm.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outlin	e actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
For the co	ming year, we plan to continue promoting the use of sustainable palm oil to consumer.
	ne Singapore Green Labelling Scheme (SGLS) certification, we would promote the use of RSPO certified palm oil in the ring of the final product.
SHG Emis	ssions
4.1 Are yo	ou currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No	
Please ex	plain why
Not Applic	able
Applicatio	on of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
	·
5.1 Do you	u have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
I	☐Energy and carbon footprints
[□Land Use Rights
]	☐ Ethical Conduct
[□Labour rights
]	☐ Stakeholder engagement
[▼None of the above
	pest practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production umption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines in?
Not Applica	able
Uploaded	files:

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

There is a lack of awareness among consumer about sustainable palm oil. There is also a lack of CSPO products in the local market. During the course of our promotion for the use of RSPO certified palm oil, we found that consumer are quite price sensitive in their purchase of daily household products. They would not choose RSPO certified product if they are of higher price. This has made our effort in promoting RSPO certified product to companies and consumers challenging.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We have promote the use of RSPO certified products to consumers and our partners in the hope of getting people to use more sustainable palm oil and help in improveing the environment as a whole.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Stichting AIDEnvironment

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization			
Stichting AIDEnvironment 1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?			
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders			
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers			
☐ Retailers			
☐ Banks and Investors			
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)			
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)			
☐ Affiliate Members			
☐ Supply Chain Associate			
3 Membership number			
0032-14-000-00			
4 Membership category			
dinary			
5 Membership sector			
vironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)			

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Research and advisory services in the field of sustainable land use and water management.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Worked with other members to comment on RSPO's draft revised Complaint System throughout 2016.

We continued to pursue our complaint case vis-à-vis IOI, regarding compliance issues in Ketapang District, Indonesia. Together with IOI, we successfully closed the case in December 2016.

Shared with the RSPO Secretariat our experiences with the RSPO Certification Systems document and suggested revisions, particularly in relation to "partial certification" (previously article 4.2.4).

The development of a tool for Social and Environmental Impact Assessment of palm oil plantations for smallholders: the tool has been developed in the form of a digital app and is very user friendly. It includes focus on environmental issues (e.g. HCV, soil stability, peatlands, water quality) and social issues (e.g. health & safety, working conditions, land conflicts, community livelihoods). The tool (app) is currently being tested before going to be widely used.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

50%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Donor sponsorships and consultancies

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2016

Comment:

We contributed to the Assurance Task Force on Resolution 6h to GA 12 in 2015.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2004

Comment:

Aidenvironment contributed to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members from its onset.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

Stichting AIDEnvironment

3.1 Ou	Itline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
	training and module development for RSPO "minimum requirements for multiple management units"
	itation RSPO P&C Review inued contribution to the Assurance Task Force on Resolution 6h to GA 12 in 2015.
GHG E	missions
4.1 Are	e you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
No	
Please	e explain why
n/a	
Applica	ation of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
• •	·
5.1 Do	you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
	☐ Energy and carbon footprints
	□ Land Use Rights
	☐ Ethical Conduct
	□ Labour rights
	☐ Stakeholder engagement
	✓ None of the above
	nat best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production
	onsumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines ble in?
Upload	ded files:
	-Best-Practice-GL.pdf
	o Website
http://w	vww.aidenvironment.org/news/designing-a-social-and-environmental-impact-assessment-tool-for-rspo-smallholders/

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Inevitable, there are still imperfections in RSPO's systems and procedures, some of which result in significant impact on RSPO's brand value and membership. The issues at hand include accreditation and complaint procedures, HCV assessments, NPP and peer review etc. We engage various parties to verify shortcomings and raise our concerns through appropriate pathways.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We work with NGOs and companies (trader-refiners, growers, investors) to help implement No Deforestation, No Peat, No Exploitation purchasing and investment policies. We are a partner in Chain Reaction Research.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: https://chainreactionresearch.com

Particulars

About Your Organisation 1.1 Name of your organization Sumatran Orangutan Society (SOS) 1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization? ☐ Oil Palm Growers ☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders ☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers ☐ Retailers ☐ Banks and Investors ☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☐ Affiliate Members ☐ Supply Chain Associate 1.3 Membership number 6-0013-09-000-00 1.4 Membership category Ordinary 1.5 Membership sector

Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

SOS works to protect orangutans, their forests and their future. We support frontline conservation programmes and campaign on issues threatening the survival of orangutans in the wild. Our projects include rainforest restoration and developing community conservation initiatives which support the protection of the Leuser forests, empowering local people to become guardians of this precious ecosystem.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

SOS has worked with partners in Sumatra, Indonesia, to provide training for plantation workers and agricultural communities on best management practices for dealing with human-wildlife conflict, enabling farmers to protect their crops without harming wildlife. We have supported the evacuation of orangutans at risk in plantation areas, including those owned and managed by RSPO members. Ensuring that standards are upheld on the ground is a crucial role for NGO members of RSPO.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

30%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Public donations and grants from donor agencies

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2009

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2009

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

We will continue to submit resolutions to be considered at the RSPO GA annual meetings that we believe strengthen the RSPO standard and system. We will also actively participate in the P&C review.

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

No

Please explain why

N/A

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
☐Energy and carbon footprints
☐ Land Use Rights
☐ Ethical Conduct
☐ Labour rights
☐ Stakeholder engagement
☑None of the above
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?
N/A
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

N/A

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Engagement with key stakeholders; education and outreach

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization The Zoological Society of London				
				1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?
☐ Oil Palm Growers				
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders				
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers				
☐ Retailers				
☐ Banks and Investors				
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				
☐ Affiliate Members				
☐ Supply Chain Associate				
3 Membership number				
0009-11-000-00				
4 Membership category				
rdinary				
5 Membership sector				
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)				

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

The Zoological Society of London (ZSL), a charity (registered no. 208728) founded in 1826, is a world-renowned centre of excellence for conservation science and applied conservation. ZSL's mission is to promote and achieve the worldwide conservation of animals and their habitats. This is realised by carrying out field conservation and research in over 50 countries across the globe and through education and awareness-raising at our two zoos, ZSL London Zoo and ZSL Whipsnade Zoo.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

The ZSL Palm Oil Policy was published during this reporting period: ZSL recognises that unsustainable palm oil production has serious negative environmental and social impacts. However, ZSL also recognises that the palm oil industry plays an important role in employment and economic development for many countries, and is currently the most efficient vegetable oil crop in terms of yield per hectare. Due to these factors, ZSL believes that transforming the market to a sustainable supply of palm oil that protects wildlife is the most practical solution. As such, where ZSL procures products containing palm oil, it is committed to sourcing only certified sustainable palm oil (CSPO) where available, as a minimum defined by the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) Principles & Criteria.

The full Palm Oil Policy is available here: http://www.sustainablepalmoil.org/zsl-palm-oil-policy/

Sustainable Palm Oil Transparency Toolkit (SPOTT): ZSL manages SPOTT, an online platform that assesses 50 of the world's largest palm oil producers (42 RSPO members and 8 non-members). The assessments reveal how each company is addressing sustainability and how transparent they are, in terms of publicly reporting on their operations and on the policies and commitments they have in place to address environmental risks. SPOTT aims to support constructive engagement between companies and other stakeholders in the palm oil supply chain, to incentivise and support sustainable production.

HCV management and monitoring tools: ZSL has created HCV management and monitoring tools to support RSPO members in the uptake of Best Management Practices and to meet the requirements of the RSPO Standard. This includes the RSPO-endorsed HCV Impact Monitoring System. ZSL is in the early stages of a sustainable landscape project in South Sumatra that aims to build on these tools and pilot approaches that will support the uptake of environmental best practice and promote sustainable palm oil.

Stakeholder engagement: ZSL continues to work with a variety of stakeholders in the palm oil industry to support and promote sustainable palm oil. The financial sector is the primary audience for SPOTT and ZSL has held workshops to disseminate information and encourage financiers to be involved in sustainable production. ZSL has continued to be part of the UK Roundtable on Sourcing Sustainable Palm Oil with the UK Government's Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra). ZSL has also continued to engage in and lead discussions within the international zoo community on sustainable procurement and outreach and education.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Our work on palm oil is funded through grants, charitable donations and some charitable core funds. The costs of training companies in the implementation of HCV monitoring and management tools are met by the companies themselves.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2008

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified
sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2008

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

ZSL will continue to promote sustainable palm oil via SPOTT and our related outreach and engagement activities. This will involve two biannual assessments, engagement with growers on transparency and sustainability commitments, including to the RSPO, and engagement with the finance sector and key buyers in the palm oil supply chain. ZSL will also develop a consumer-facing section of the ZSL site, to communicate issues around sustainable production and to highlight key actions to support sustainable production and procurement. ZSL will work with the government in South Sumatra and with partners to finalise the implementation phase of the sustainable landscape project in South Sumatra, which will include approaches to promoting sustainable production and ensuring environmental best practice.

G	GHG Emissions			
	4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?			
,	Yes			
1	Uploaded files:			
	No files were uploaded			
,	4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?			
ı	No			
ı	Please explain why			
,	Working to publicly report the organisation's GHG emissions in the next reporting period.			

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:

	Related link: www.rspo.org/acop/2015/the-zoological-society-of-london/EN-Policies-to-PNC-water
☐ Land Use Rights	
☐ Ethical Conduct	
☐ Labour rights	
☐ Stakeholder engagement	
□ None of the above	

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumptic certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

ZSL has produced the following outputs to facilitate production and consumption of CSPO:

- A Practical Handbook for Conserving High Conservation Value Species and Habitats within Oil Palm landscapes
- A Practical Handbook for Conserving High Conservation Value (HCV) Species and Habitats Within Oil Palm Landscapes in West and Central Af
- A Practical Toolkit for Identifying and Monitoring Biodiversity in Oil Palm Landscapes
- Symposium entitled "Sustainable palm oil, challenges, a common vision, and the way forward."
- A paper entitled "Legal and policy barriers for biodiversity conservation"
- HCV Threat Monitoring Protocol
- Draft HCV 5&6 monitoring protocol
- Procurement Guide for Sustainable Palm Oil
- Case studies, guidance and resources on SPOTT
- Hidden Land, Hidden Risks? Report on the need for improved corporate disclosure on land holdings by palm oil companies

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

www.sustainablepalmoil.org/

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

ZSL provides advice on implementing and raising standards for sustainable production via our SPOTT website (www.sustainablepalmoil.org). ZSL also promotes sustainable palm oil via our online outreach and in our zoos. The lack of uptake of the RSPO Trademark on products and communications by manufacturers and retailers can make it more difficult to advise on clear actions for our zoo visitors to follow, to support the consumption of CSPO. Improvements to both the reporting and auditing processes (as highlighted by Resolutions 6g and 6h at GA12) would improve the ability of the RSPO to monitor progress and impact, therefore supporting the credibility of the RSPO and its economic, social and environmental impacts; this would facilitate the promotion of CSPO. Support from the RSPO in our communications around our wider palm oil work, including to the financial and manufacturing sectors, would enable us to better promote SPOTT and support the uptake of CSPO. For ZSL's review of palm oil standards, please visit: www.sustainablepalmoil.org/standards

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

ZSL has supported the vision of the RSPO to transform markets via our activities detailed throughout the ACOP report. In particular, through our promotion of sustainable palm oil production and procurement via SPOTT. Through this we have engaged with stakeholders throughout the palm oil supply chain and the financial sectors to promote the importance of supporting sustainable production and the implementation of responsible business practices. This has involved one-on-one engagement, as well as workshops and presentations at conferences.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Union of Concerned Scientists

About Your Organisation

Particulars

1.1 Name of your organization		
Union of Concerned Scientists		
1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
1.3 Membership number		
6-0022-12-000-00		
1.4 Membership category		
Ordinary		
1.5 Membership sector		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

The Union of Concerned Scientists puts rigorous, independent science to work to solve our planet's most pressing problems. Joining with citizens across the country, we combine technical analysis and effective advocacy to create innovative, practical solutions for a healthy, safe, and sustainable future.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

UCS has been promoting our reports and publicly sharing information about palm oil, including sustainable and deforestation-free palm oil. Throughout the year, UCS publicly engaged with member companies, the media, the scientific community, and the public to share information about the need for RSPO to adopt a set of criteria that incorporate full protections for High Carbon Stock forests and peat (of any depth). Over the course of the past year, we have encouraged new companies such as Restaurant Brands International to join the RSPO as members and buy from suppliers whose operations are compliant with RSPO P&C as well as additional deforestation-free criteria.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Through general operating support from the Union of Concerned Scientists and a subgrant from the National Wildlife Federation.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2013

Comment:

Our subgroup work was concentrated in 2013-2014. In 2014 our analyst attended meetings of the Palm Oil Innovations Lab to discuss the development of additional Principles & Criteria for High Carbon Stock forests and peatlands. In 2014, our analyst attended the GHG Working Group meetings at the RSPO meeting in KL. Starting in 2013, UCS aided in research to better quantify an emissions factor for oil palm plantations grown on peat at the request of the Emissions Reductions Working Group. We have not been actively involved in working groups/taskforces since 2015.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2013

Comment:

Throughout 2013 until present day UCS has publicly engaged with member companies, the media, the scientific community, and the public to share information about the RSPO P&C revision process and to urge for stronger standards. UCS does note that sourcing RSPO CSPO (especially SG or IP) is a good step, but encourages companies to work with these suppliers to add additional criteria to their palm oil policies to avoid deforestation of high carbon stock forests and to avoid peat completely. Some of these recommendations have been incorporated into RSPO NEXT voluntary criteria. UCS has also publicly shared success stories about leading companies (RSPO members) that are meeting these goals.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

Union of Concerned Scientists

responsible palm oil sourcing pledges, based in part on the Reporting Guidance for Responsible Palm Oil, developed by 20 NGOs and investor groups, led by CERES.		
HG Emissions		
4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG	emissions from your operations?	
Yes		
Uploaded files: ENGO-GHG_assessment.pdf		
Link to Website		
http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabil	ity-efforts#.WR4L9evyvs0	
4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emiss	sions of your operations?	
Yes		
Uploaded files:		
No files were uploaded		
·		
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili	ity-efforts#.WR4L9evyvs0	
Link to Website		
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili pplication of Principles & Criteria for		
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili pplication of Principles & Criteria fo	or all members sectors	
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili pplication of Principles & Criteria for the sustainabili 5.1 Do you have organizational policies the	or all members sectors that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili pplication of Principles & Criteria for 5.1 Do you have organizational policies the sustainabili Energy and carbon footprints	or all members sectors that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili pplication of Principles & Criteria for the second s	or all members sectors that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili pplication of Principles & Criteria for 5.1 Do you have organizational policies the second companies of the secon	or all members sectors that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabili pplication of Principles & Criteria for 5.1 Do you have organizational policies the Energy and carbon footprints Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights	or all members sectors that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
Link to Website http://www.ucsusa.org/about/our-sustainabil pplication of Principles & Criteria for 5.1 Do you have organizational policies the second carbon footprints Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Stakeholder engagement None of the above	or all members sectors that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	

No files were uploaded

Union of Concerned Scientists

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

N/A

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

As part of industry transformation, we spent 2016 working with other investors and NGOs to develop reporting guidance that goes beyond RSPO ACOP reporting, entitled Reporting Guidance for Responsible Palm Oil. UCS continues to work with ZSL's SPOTT transparency and evaluation program to refine indicators for palm oil traders and producers and add new producers to the list. The program uses RSPO as a fundamental framework, layering on additional transparency and sustainability criteria, to evaluate companies' performance against their peers. UCS engaged in the HCS convergence process, which in November 2016 emerged with a converged HCSA approach for zero deforestation palm oil development.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization		
Woodland Park Zoological Society		
2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
3 Membership number		
0037-15-000-00		
4 Membership category		
rdinary		
5 Membership sector		
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

We are a zoo supporting conservation projects in the Pacific Northwest (predominately in Washington State), and around the world. We seek to educate our visitors on the issues impacting species and habitat so they can become better consumers, more aware of the important issues, and make informed decisions regarding protecting our natural resources. In addition we are beginning to measure the impact our programs have on our visitor base, to see if we're moving the needle in terms of understanding and taking action.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes - we currently use some cleaning products with palm oil, however our food service provider stopped all use of products with palm oil for a short while, until we encouraged them to source products with certified sustainable palm oil so we could tell the story on zoo grounds.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

We continue to reach out to our various audiences using information from the RSPO website on certified sustainable palm oil products in order to encourage informed shopping. The sign in our tiger exhibit is now complete - I can send a photo if there is a way to attach it - it includes the RSPO logo and talks about why CSPO is important, and our support of the RSPO.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Palm oil work is funded out of our conservation budget at the zoo.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2015

Comment:

Currently monitoring the work of the RSPO P&C Taskforce.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2016

Comment:

Signage went up in 2016, videos in our tiger exhibit were started in late 2015, 2016, including a video on monoculture/palm oil and tropical rainforests.

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Continue to work with various departments on zoo grounds to source CSPO products, and do updated training sessions for staff and volunteers. A revamp of our orangutan exhibit should include more information on palm oil from our conservation partners in Borneo.

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?	
Yes	
Uploaded files:	
No files were uploaded	
Link to Website www.zoo.org/document.doc?id=1386	
4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?	
No	
Please explain why	
We talk about overall sustainability in our communications as we continue on the path to being a green zoo.	
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors	
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: Energy and carbon footprints Related link: www.zoo.org/document.doc?id=1386 Land Use Rights Ethical Conduct Labour rights Related link: www.zoo.org/jobs Stakeholder engagement None of the above	
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and cor of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?	ısump
Shopping guides for our visitors - currently only in English. One printed shopping guide in English.	
Uploaded files:	
No files were uploaded	
Link to Website www.zoo.org/document.doc?id=1736	

Challenges

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Because we are a non-profit, we are keenly aware of product pricing. We are working to find CSPO alternatives to cleaning products to be used on zoo grounds that are affordable.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

We continue to fund conservation projects in Borneo and Peninsular Malaysia and encourage our partners to talk about the RSPO, join (Hutan is one of our partners and an RSPO member) so they can participate in the process and have a voice in furthering production and consumption of CSPO.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: www.zoo.org/conservation/palmoil

WWF Indonesia

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization		
WWF Indonesia		
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?		
☐ Oil Palm Growers		
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders		
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers		
☐ Retailers		
☐ Banks and Investors		
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		
☐ Affiliate Members		
☐ Supply Chain Associate		
.3 Membership number		
5-0003-04-000-00		
.4 Membership category		
Ordinary		
.5 Membership sector		
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)		

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

WWF Indonesia is a conservation organization, we have been engaging with sustainable palm oil practices since it was started. WWF Indonesia has been supporting sustainable palm oil practices through RSPO from the perspective of environmental aspects. Our role is to support the transformation from conventional palm oil production practices into sustainable palm oil practices.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Within the reporting period, WWF Indonesia has been actively participating in two working groups under RSPO such as FFB Traceability Task Force and Smallholder working group. In the national level, WWF Indonesia also participate actively in INA-NITF (Indonesia National Interpretation Task Force) on interpretation process of RSPO Principles. In line with that, there were also active contribution in Fortasbi (Forum Petani Kelapa Sawit Berkelanjutan Indonesia) or Indonesia Sustainable Smallholder Palm Oil Forum.

Started in June 2015, WWF Indonesia and RSPO agreed to have a comprehensive study on FFB Traceability system to enhance the interpretation and implementation of RSPO Principle and Criteria number 4.1.4. The system aims to reduce the risk of RSPO member to source from unsustainable produced FFB and to maintain RSPO credibility as a golden standard of palm oil practices. WWF Indonesia successfully completion the mandates study and commonicate the result in two consecutive RT by the end of 2016. Related to promoting FFB traceability system, WWF Indonesia maintain its commitment to monitor oil palm companies on zero deforestation policy.

WWF Indonesia constantly working with independent smallholder in order to increase their capacity and awarenes of sustainable palm oil practices and at the end can be complied with RSPO Principles and Criteria. Series of training aims to developed farmers capacities consecutively conducted within the reporting period. To date, WWF Indonesia works closely with farmers in three farmer groups in Kuantan Sengingi District in Riau province as well as Sintang district in West Kalimantan province.

At national level, WWF Indonesia actively advocating national authority policies to adopt sustainability norm. Therefore, WWF Indonesia works closely with the Ministry of Forestry and Environment to promote Essential Ecosystem Area (KEE/Kawasan Ekosistem Esensial) in order to induce HCV principles. In the other hand, a number of works also conducted with other Ministries and National Agencies in order to promote sustainable consumption and production of palm oil. WWF Indonesia works in promoting sustainable finance within the reporting period is also provide remarkable impacts.

In effort to increase sustainable palm oil demand in domestic market, WWF Indonesia works closely with RSPO promoting #BeliYangBaik consumer campaign in order to educate end-user consumer to be aware on sustainable and responsible produce of palm oil.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

15%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

WWF Indonesia is part of WWF Global Network that pay a big attention to promote sustainable palm oil practices.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2014

Comment:

- 1. WWF Indonesia becoming member of FLTTF since 2015
- 2. WWF Indonesia becoming member of SHWG since 2014
- 3. WWF Indonesia becoming member of HCV-NI since 2017

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.		
2018		
Actions for Next Reporting Period		
3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain		
 Promoting sustainable palm oil for smallholder farmers, i.e. Developing center of excellent; BMP and GAP. Promoting sustainable financing on palm oil sector. Supporting High Carbon Stock Approach. 		
4. Actively involve in promoting increase demand and uptake for CSPO, especially for domestic market.		
GHG Emissions		
4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?		
No		
Please explain why		
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as: □ Energy and carbon footprints □ Land Use Rights □ Ethical Conduct □ Labour rights □ Stakeholder engagement □ None of the above		
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?		
 WWF Indonesia developed FFB Traceability guidance in collaboration with RSPO. WWF Indonesia has published some guidance on sustainability practices aiming to support independent smallholder to be complied with RSPO principle and criteria. WWF Indonesia launched consumer campaign in order to increase end-user awareness on sustainable palm oil product through #BeliYangBaik consumer campaign. WWF Indonesia in collaboration with WWF Global network also provide sustainable financial guidance to be used for national and multinational financial institutions. 		
All guidance and information related to above actions available in Bahasa and English version.		

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

WWF Indonesia found the complexity of independent smallholder issue somehow not well addressed by related stakeholder along the palm oil supply chain. Legality issue known as the biggest issue face by the independent smallholder. In the other hand, independent smallholder found to have some weaknesses such as lack of knowledge on sustainability, access to financial, technology, information, agro-inputs as well access to market. In the other hand, unsupportive national and sub-national authority policies also undermined the effort to promote sustainable palm oil. Couples of policies issued in the national level assessed somehow miss the sustainable norm. Mitigation actions: WWF Indonesia together with FFB Legality and Traceability Task Force have collaborative research to enhance the interpretation and implementation of RSPO P and C number 4.1.4 to address the issues of legality and traceability of FFB sourcing especially from independent smallholder. WWF Indonesia try to mitigate the problem where it is necessary to involve all actors along the supply chains and its external parties such as government institutions, financial institutions, and NGO to provide support in order to solve independent smallholder weaknesses to be able to comply with RSPO standard. WWF Indonesia launched consumer campaign in order to increase end-user awareness on sustainable palm oil product through #BeliYangBaik consumer campaign.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Active contribution made by WWF Indonesia to support the vision of RSPO to transform market. In line with that, WWF Indonesia in collaboration with WWF Global network also provide sustainable financial guidance to be used for national and multinational financial institutions. To date, eight (8) national banks are committed to join sustainable finance initiative launched by WWF Indonesia since 2014.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

WWF International

Particulars

About Your Organisation

.1 Name of your organization
/WF International
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?
☐ Oil Palm Growers
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers
☐ Retailers
☐ Banks and Investors
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
☐ Affiliate Members
☐ Supply Chain Associate
.3 Membership number
-0011-08-000-00
4 Membership category
ordinary
.5 Membership sector
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

WWF's mission is to stop the degradation of our planet's natural environment, and build a future in which humans live in harmony with nature. In order to achieve this mission, WWF focuses its efforts on two broad areas: Biodiversity and Footprint. The first, is to ensure that the earth's web of life - biodiversity - stays healthy and vibrant for generations to come. We are strategically focusing on conserving critical places and critical species that are particularly important for the conservation of our earth's rich biodiversity. The second, is to reduce the negative impacts of human activity - our ecological footprint. We are working to ensure that the natural resources required for life -land, water, air - are managed sustainably and equitably.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

WWF International is strongly committed to the RSPO as a vehicle to help transform the market for palm oil to one that is sustainable. WWF is a founding member of the RSPO and currently sits on the RSPO Board of Governors. During the reporting period, WWF has been active throughout the RSPO in order to strengthen the RSPO systems and contribute to its credibility.

WWF urges all companies in the palm oil value chain to get actively involved in producing, trading, procuring or investing in certified sustainable palm oil. In order to ensure that no companies take shelter under the RSPO without real action, WWF has worked to drive more transparency and consistency in RSPO reporting so that producer members pursue certification and buyer members provide timebound reporting of progress toward ambitious targets for CSPO. Beyond its participation in the RSPO, WWF works across the palm oil supply chain to promote sustainable palm oil to producers, traders, buyers, investors, financers, consumers and other NGOs. WWF also lobbies governments in both producing and consuming regions to introduce polices that support the sustainable production and use of palm oil. WWF employs a broad range of strategies to enable its success, including one-on-one corporate engagement with companies, engagement with business platforms, promoting better management practices, encouraging sustainable land use planning, working with producer and buyer country governments, and developing and promoting investment screens.

Among others, WWF undertook the following projects in 2016:

- * WWF Singapore's followed on its campaign We Breathe What We Buy (which educated consumers on the causes of the transboundary haze and rallied them to show companies that consumers do care about where the palm oil in their products comes from, reaching over 20 million people) with the establishment of the Singapore Alliance for Sustainable Palm Oil. WWF hosted the 1st Singapore Sustainable Palm Oil Dialogue in March 2016, which led to WWF-Singapore and a group of founding members coming together to form the Singapore Alliance for Sustainable Palm Oil. The vision of the Alliance is to make CSPO the norm to stop the haze as well as deforestation and habitat loss in the region. It aims to provide a platform for companies to embark on a sustainability journey towards producing, trading and using certified sustainable palm oil.
- * WWF launched the WWF Palm Oil Buyers Scorecard 2016 (palmoilscorecard.panda.org) which assessed137 major retailers, consumer goods manufacturers and food service companies from the US, Canada, Europe, Australia, Japan and India on their committments and actions related to sustainable palm oil taken in the year 2015.
- * WWF China helped organize the China Sustainable Palm Oil Supply Chain Forum where 80 stakeholders from the palm oil supply chain together with NGOs and research institutes gathered to discuss the challenges and opportunities in promoting sustainable palm oil in China.
- *The Regional Sustainable palm oil strategy for Central Africa region initiated by WWF was completed at the end of 2016 and validated by representatives of 11 countries in March 2017. This regional palm oil strategy recognizes and integrates the RSPO P&C as the relevant BMP for sustainable and responsible palm oil production in Central Africa.
- *The Global Forest Watch (GFW), CIRAD and WWF signed a tripartite agreement in August 2016 aiming integrating of the regional spatial mapping of "go and no go zones" developed by WWF in collaboration with CIRAD (French Agriculture Research Center) into the new Congo Basin forest atlas (http://cod.forest-atlas.org/). Integration of these "go and no go zones" spatial maps into the new Congo Basin Forest Atlas will offer great opportunity to WWF to share information globally and to widely influence responsible decision makers about land allocation for sustainable oil palm expansions in the five Congo Basin countries (Cameroon, CAR, Congo, Gabon and DRC) which are considered as the main palm oil producer countries and also to use these maps as tool for decision making in line with national and/or regional land use planning for sustainable oil palm development in the Region. Also, WWF organized (in collaboration with WRI and CIRAD) three national workshops in Kinshasa (DRC), Brazzaville (RoC) and Yaounde (Cameroon) to present results of the modelling spatial maps to stakeholders (Government agencies, private sectors, technical and financial partners, local CSOs/NGOs and research centers) from each country. Key outcome from the workshops is the real interest of Government agencies to use the maps in the national land use planning process.
- *The TFA 2020 Africa Palm Oil Initiative (TFA 2020 APOI) is a public-private partnership the principal goal to reduce tropical deforestation across the globe. The Africa Palm Oil Initiative is a regional project focused on decoupling deforestation from palm oil supply chain by building partnerships and creating platforms to promote more responsible practices. WWF's role as regional facilitator is to work with the government of the five countries (Cameroon, CAR, DRC, Gabon and RoC), private sector and other partners involved in the palm oil sector to help animate and facilitate the TFA 2020 process, to share information, to improve communication, and to support the country teams to plan and to deliver TFA activities.
- * WWF organized in May 2016 a south-south field visit to Malaysia for government delegates from central Africa, visiting sites where large oil palm development has occurred. The exchange field visit offered opportunity to the two government delegates to interact with stakeholders (conservation experts, plantations and mill managers, government officials and RSPO officials) and to discuss with one each other during the week about sustainable palm oil production.
- * The RSPO publicly awarded (November 2016) Olam International with a certificate recognizing that the Awale plantation in Gabon has successfully met its standard for environmental and socially responsible palm oil production. WWF provided technical assistance to Olam throughout the certification process, including its implementation of the RSPO's New Planting Procedure (NPP).
- * WWF submitted the final version of Gabon RSPO P&C national interpretation document to RSPO Secretariat for endorsement in November 2016 with the aim that it be endorsed by the RSPO Board of Governors in March 2017.
- *WWF internally translated its sustainable palm oil brochure into Hindi and printed copies of the same for distribution at industry

WWF International

events. This brochure is the first document on sustainable palm oil of its kind that is completely in Hindi.

* In the EU, WWF has collaborated with other stakeholders to push for an EU Action Plan on reduced deforestation from commodities, including palm oil.

Representatives from WWF regularly speak at conferences, meetings and seminars to educate companies and others about sustainable palm oil. WWF communicates with external audiences through its website and other social media channels, highlighting the issues associated with unsustainable palm oil production and provides information about CSPO and the RSPO and other solutions.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

1%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

According to the WWF Annual Review 2015, WWF's income comes from the following sources: Individuals, 58%; Public Sector, 19%; Corporations, 9%; Trusts and Foundations, 7%; Earned Income, 5%; and Other, 2%.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2004

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2004

Actions for Next Reporting Period

- 3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain
- * WWF will launch a regional Palm Oil Buyers Scorecard for Singapore and Malaysia in 2017.
- *WWF China will continue to support the Sustainable Consumption Week which now includes palm oil.
- *WWF India has planned an initiative to link palm oil buyers with more sustainable producers, using the SPOTT tool as a basis.
- * WWF India will launch a comprehensive analytical report on the PO sector and the roadblocks to sustainability along with potential solutions/approaches. The report is a culmination of over three years of market research and analysis as well as lessons learned from industry engagement, making it a unique proposition to the target audience, which are industry members and civil society organizations.

*With support from GFW, World Wildlife Fund–US will pilot a new tool, the Jurisdictional Risk Assessment, to enable companies and governments to leverage this wealth of data to prioritize their own efforts to reduce and end deforestation, particularly as they relate to addressing illegal deforestation.

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

https://www.wwf.org.uk/environmental-reporting

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?	
Yes	
Uploaded files:	
No files were uploaded	
Link to Website https://www.wwf.org.uk/environmental-reporting	
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors	
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:	
☐ Energy and carbon footprints	
☑ Land Use Rights Related link: http://d2ouvy59p0dg6k.cloudfront.net/downloads/poverty_policy_wwf.pdf	
Ethical Conduct Related link: http://d2ouvy59p0dg6k.cloudfront.net/downloads/wwf_international_code_of_conduct_	.2015_pub
Labour rights Related link: http://d2ouvy59p0dg6k.cloudfront.net/downloads/cihrframeworkfeb2010.pdf	
Stakeholder engagement Related link: http://d2ouvy59p0dg6k.cloudfront.net/downloads/wwf_code_of_ethics.pdf	
☐ None of the above	
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in? The WWF Palm Oil Buyers Scorecard 2016 provides an overview of WWF's recommendations for the sustainable sourcing of palm oil. The Global Forest Watch (GFW), CIRAD and WWF signed a tripartite agreement in August 2016 aiming integrating of the regional spago zone" developed by WWF in collaboration with CIRAD (French Agriculture Research Center) into the new Congo Basin forest atlas Integration of these "go and no go zone" spatial maps into the new Congo Basin Forest Atlas will offer great opportunity to WWF to she to widely influence responsible decision makers about land allocation for sustainable oil palm expansions in the five Congo Basin coun Congo, Gabon and DRC) which are considered as the main palm oil producer countries and also to use these maps as tool for decision national and/or regional land use planning for sustainable oil palm development in the Region. Also, WWF organized (in collaboration voluments) in Kinshasa (DRC), Brazzaville (RoC) and Yaounde (Cameroon) to present results of the modelling spatial maps to agencies, private sectors, technical and financial partners, local CSOs/NGOs and research centers) from each country. Key outcome fine real interest of Government agencies to use the maps in the national land use planning process. WWF India translated its brochure on sustainable palm oil into Hindi. Uploaded files: No files were uploaded	atial mappi (http://cod are informa ntries (Cam in making i with WRI a o stakeholo
Link to Website palmoilscorecard.panda.org	

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

The greatest challenge WWF has faced in the past year promoting the RSPO and CSPO is scepticism about the strength of the P&Cs, the quality of auditing and the robustness of the RSPO systems for handling complaints and encouraging members to progress. Also the RSPO is increasingly facing challenges from other initiatives and systems such as ISPO, MSPO, ISCC, SAN and POIG as well as from company own initiatives such as SPOM. This has lead to uncertainty and confusion and a loss of 'leadership' from the RSPO in sustainability in the industry. In addition, a lack of strong governance "on the ground" in producer countries has caused an undermining of the industry's efforts to make sustainable palm oil the norm. See http://palmoilscorecard.panda.org/role-of-governance

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Primarily through support to the RSPO and through promoting the RSPO and CSPO with stakeholders along the palm oil value chain. In particular we have engaged with various platforms and groupings such as the CGF, BEI and various national platforms in Europe, India and China.

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

WWF Malaysia

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization
WWF Malaysia
1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?
☐ Oil Palm Growers
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers
Retailers
☐ Banks and Investors
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
☐ Affiliate Members
☐ Supply Chain Associate
1.3 Membership number
6-0004-04-000-00
1.4 Membership category
Ordinary
1.5 Membership sector
Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

WWF-Malaysia is a scientific field organisation focusing on marine, forest, sustainable wood products, sustainable seafood, species, protected areas, sustainable palm oil and freshwater. The mission is to to minimize the degradation of our planet's natural environment, and build a future in which humans live in harmony with nature. We are strategically focusing on conservation of Earth's rich biodiversity by reducing negative impacts of human activity through public awareness campaigns, industry engagement, market transformation initiatives, scientific studies, environmental publications and public advocacy. As part of its effort to reduce the negative impacts of human activities, WWF-Malaysia works to shift the commodities towards sustainability and creating a significant demand for such products. It is believed that by doing so, large-scale environmental outcomes can be delivered.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

- 1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.
- 1) Non-RSPO production companies to adopt practices that minimizes impacts on biodiversity and to avoid expansion into forested areas.
- 2) Support our WWF network colleague in Singapore to encourage manufacturers operating within the region to enhance their uptake of CSPO.
- 3) Facilitated certification process for smallholders to achieve RSPO smallholder group certification.
- 4)Linking independent/group smallholders with international buyers.
- 5) Introduce and promote Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) toolkit to financial institutions and bankers to reconsider their lending policy on risk management.
- 6) Creating awareness on RSPO and certifications to schools, private colleges and the general public.
- 7) Engagement with palm oil related companies to adopt sustainability in their purchasing and also in their businesses.
- 1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

10%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

WWF-Malaysia General Funds - funded by donors and sponsors

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2006

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2004

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3 1	Outline actions	that you will ta	ke in the comina	vear to promote	sustainable na	Im oil along the	sunnly chain
J. I	Outilitie actions	tiiat you wiii ta	te ili tile collilla	vear to promote	Sustamable ba	iiii oii aionu uit	Supply Chain

- 1. Engage with buyer companies to uptake certified sustainable palm oil.
- 2. Linking buyer companies with smallholders supply chain
- 3. Introduce and promote Environmental, Social and Governance toolkit to banks and financial institutions.
- 4. Producing WWF Malaysia -Singapore Palm Oil Buyers Scorecards 2017.
- 5. Communicate the benefits and importance of sustainable palm oil and certifications to consumers and public

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

No

Please explain why

No We have a carbon portal that evaluates our organisation's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by measuring, understanding and reducing our carbon footprint.

Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors

5.1	Do y	ou have	organizational	policies	that are	in line	with the	e RSPO	P&C,	such	as
-----	------	---------	----------------	----------	----------	---------	----------	--------	------	------	----

☐ Energy and carbon footprints
☐ Land Use Rights
☐ Ethical Conduct
☐ Labour rights
☐ Stakeholder engagement
✓ None of the above

5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?

- 1. Best Management Practices Guidelines for palm oil
- 2. WWF Palm Oil Buyers Scorecards 2016

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

http://palmoilscorecard.panda.org/

- 1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?
- 1. The uptake and acceptance of RSPO certified palm oil is low from a consumer and product manufacture perspective WWF -Malaysia is working on promoting CSPO to consumers with a consumer target campaign this coming year. 2. Acceptance of CSPO in Malaysia in low due to low buy-in from governmental stakeholders WWF Malaysia working to engage with governmental stakeholders to enhance CSPO acceptance 3. Evidence of environmental impacts RSPO has on the conservation WWF Malaysia is commissioning studies to investigate these impacts
- 2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)
- 1. Engagement with buyers to commit and transform their business towards sourcing certified sustainable palm oil. 2. Bridging supply chain with buyers to traceable independent smallholders to be RSPO group certified 3. Educating and communicating on the topic of sustainable palm oil to all relevant stakeholders 4. Sustainable consumption outreach with the youth and students
- 3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)
 - No files were uploaded

Link: http://www.wwf.sg/get_involved/the_haze/palm_oil_scorecard_survey.cfm

WWF Switzerland

Particulars

About Your Organisation

.1 Name of your organization
/WF Switzerland
.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization?
☐ Oil Palm Growers
☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders
☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers
☐ Retailers
☐ Banks and Investors
☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)
☐ Affiliate Members
☐ Supply Chain Associate
.3 Membership number
-0001-04-000-00
.4 Membership category
ordinary
.5 Membership sector
nvironmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Conservation, reduction of the ecological footprint, consumer awareness

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

No

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

Participation in the 2016 WWF Palm Oil Buyers Scorecard, various interviews with media and/or academics, article in the WWF membership magazine.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

5%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

Yes

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

Yes

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Public membership donations

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2015

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2004

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

Continue the ongoing dialogue with the Swiss public and companies about use and procurement of sustainable palm oil. Continued participation in the RSPO Complaints panel and the Palm Oil Innovation Group

GHG Emissions

4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?

Yes

Uploaded files:

No files were uploaded

Link to Website

 $assets.wwf.ch/downloads/nachhaltigkeit_2015_16.pdf$

4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?
Yes
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded
Link to Website assets.wwf.ch/downloads/nachhaltigkeit_2015_16.pdf
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
Energy and carbon footprints Related link: assets.wwf.ch/downloads/nachhaltigkeit_2015_16.pdf
☐ Land Use Rights
✓ Labour rights
✓ Stakeholder engagement
□ None of the above
5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consum certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in?
Various presentations, predominantly in German, some in English
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded
Link to Website www.wwf.ch/de/hintergrundwissen/wald/bedrohung/palmoelsoja/palmol/

1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?

Continued criticism of the RSPO due to complaints against members breaking the rules. This is making it challenging to defend the RSPO. Failure of the RSPO to swiftly and effectively address emerging topics such as deforestation (high carbon stock) or labor. We are adressing these amongst other measures by supporting POIG. A growing negative perception of palm oil, compared to other oil crops. We speak out in the public in favor of responsible palm oil.

2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Funding directed at development of responsible palm oil, work on improving auditing and verification practices

3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)

• No files were uploaded

Link: www.wwf.ch/de/hintergrundwissen/wald/bedrohung/palmoelsoja/palmol/

Particulars

About Your Organisation

1.1 Name of your organization ZOOLOGICAL PARKS BOARD OF NSW 1.2 What is/are the primary activity(ies) or product(s) of your organization? ☐ Oil Palm Growers ☐ Palm Oil Processors and/or Traders ☐ Consumer Goods Manufacturers ☐ Retailers ☐ Banks and Investors ☐ Social or Development Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☑ Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations) ☐ Affiliate Members ☐ Supply Chain Associate 1.3 Membership number 6-0039-15-000-00 1.4 Membership category Ordinary 1.5 Membership sector Environmental or Nature Conservation Organisations (Non Governmental Organisations)

Environmental and Conservation NGOs

Operational Profile

1.1 What are the main activities of your organization?

Taronga Conservation Society Australia (Taronga) is a not-for-profit organisation, acting to conserve wildlife. Operating Taronga Zoo in Sydney, New South Wales (NSW) and Taronga Western Plains Zoo in Dubbo, NSW, Taronga cares for wildlife and creates transformational experiences that inspire guests to become champions for wildlife.

Taronga participates in regional and global conservation breeding programs to establish insurance populations for species threatened in the wild, and carries out world-class research whilst focussing on increasing education and awareness about the threats facing wildlife.

1.2 Does your organization use and/or sell any palm oil?

Yes, in products for sale in our catering outlets.

1.3 Activities undertaken to publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members during the year.

In August 2016, Taronga led the establishment of the Australasian Responsible Palm Oil Network, representing seventeen leading Zoo-based conservation and wildlife organisations across Australia and New Zealand. It is our vision that 100% of all products in Australia and New Zealand are deforestation free. Using palm oil as a flagship crop we aim to halt and reverse deforestation globally, and encourage the restoration of forest cover at least to the levels seen in 2010, and protect the world's last intact rainforests.

The Responsible Palm Oil Network's mission is to drive the transition to Certified Sustainable Palm Oil by encouraging companies to use only CSPO in all the products they make and sell.

Taronga also promoted uptake of RSPO Certified Sustainable Palm Oil through information on the zoo website.

1.4 What percentage of your organizations overall activities focus on palm oil?

2%

1.5 Did members of your staff participate in RSPO working groups/taskforces in the reporting period?

No

1.6 Do you have any collaborations with the industry players/private sector to support them in the market transformation towards RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products?

No

1.7 How is your work on palm oil funded?

Taronga's public education program on palm oil is funded within the internal conservation program.

Time-Bound Plan

2.1 Date started or expected to start participating in RSPO working groups/taskforces

2017

Comment:

Taronga remains open to future opportunities to serve as a member of a working group for which our skills are well suited.

2.2 Date expected to undertake and publicise programmes to support RSPO, RSPO certification, uptake of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products and/or good standing RSPO members.

2017

Actions for Next Reporting Period

3.1 Outline actions that you will take in the coming year to promote sustainable palm oil along the supply chain

As a part of the role of a modern Zoo in providing public education, Taronga will be implementing a new program to educate consumers about Certified Sustainable Palm Oil (CSPO). This will be facilitated through the new Sumatran Tiger experience, via interpretation and a digital supermarket.

By educating, empowering and helping consumers to make better choices, and those involved in the supply chain, Taronga will be supporting the transition towards a truly responsible palm oil industry.

Taronga will work with Australian companies to encourage them to commit to transition to RSPO Certified Sustainable Palm Oil (100% Segregated). The performance of manufacturers and retailers who use palm oil will be rated using public information against a variety of indicators including performance against Taronga's policy statement and other rating systems used by Zoos and other NGOs, including the Palm Oil Scorecard by the World Wildlife Fund (WWF), who have been measuring sustainability and leading market transformation on palm oil in Australia.

market transformation on palm oil in Australia.
GHG Emissions
4.1 Are you currently assessing the GHG emissions from your operations?
Yes
Uploaded files: ENGO-GHG_assessment.pdf
4.2 Do you publicly report the GHG emissions of your operations?
Yes
Uploaded files:
No files were uploaded
Application of Principles & Criteria for all members sectors
Application of Finisiples & Officina for all members sectors
5.1 Do you have organizational policies that are in line with the RSPO P&C, such as:
☑Energy and carbon footprints
Uploaded file: EN-Policies-to-PNC-energyandcarbonfootprints.pdf
☐ Land Use Rights
☐ Ethical Conduct
☐ Labour rights
☐ Stakeholder engagement
□ None of the above
 5.2 What best practice guidelines or information has your organization provided in the past year to facilitate production and consumption of RSPO certified sustainable palm oil and oil palm products? What languages are these guidelines available in? Responsible Palm Oil Network Joint Position Statement - English Taronga Zoo website, Raise your Palm - English
- raionga 200 website, Naise your Faim - English
Uploaded files: ENGO-Best-Practice-GL.pdf

Challenges

- 1 What significant economic, social or environmental obstacles have you encountered in the production, procurement, use and/or promotion of CSPO and what efforts did you make to mitigate or resolve them?
- No legal requirement to label palm oil within Australia and New Zealand, so consumers find it difficult to shop for products that are made with CSPO. This makes it difficult to promote CSPO as it is hard to give our zoo visitors clear actions to follow in regards to consumer choices. In order to overcome this, Taronga has focussed on market transformation rather than consumer choice to promote CSPO. A strong pro-boycott attitude still remains in Australia, with active campaigns by some groups to stop using palm oil, rather than promoting CSPO. Taronga has undertaken message testing with several partners to inform educational material for Zoo guests.
- 2 How has your organization supported the vision of RSPO to transform markets? (e.g. Funding; Engagement with key stakeholders; Business to business education/outreach)

Taronga also supports the transition to CSPO through formal education programs delivered to schools across NSW.

- 3 Other information on palm oil (sustainability reports, policies, other public information)
 - No files were uploaded

The RSPO is an international non-profit organization formed in 2004 with the objective to promote the growth and use of sustainable oil palm products through credible global standards and engagement of stakeholders

www.rspo.org

RSPO SECRETARIAT SDN BHD (787510-K)

Unit A-37-1, Level 37, Tower A, Menara UOA Bangsar No. 5 Jalan Bangsar Utama 1, 59000 Kuala Lumpur

T +603 2302 15 00

E acop@rspo.org

F +603 2302 1542



